"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Snow, warmer to-day; rain or snow Thursday; north to east winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,974. *** NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1910.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

H. P. WHITNEY BUYS FATHER'S MANSION

Pays Nearly $3,000,000 for the Place with All Its Sumptuous Furnishings.

SENTIMENT IN THE DEAL

His Purchase Stops the Published Plans for an Auction Sale of the House and Contents.

The magnificent mansion built and furnished at lavish expense by the late William C. Whitney on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street was purchased yesterday by his son, Harry Payne Whitney, at a price said to be a trifle under $3,000,000. He obtains the mansion with all of its costly fittings practically intact as left by his father on his death seven years ago.

In 1904 the house was sold by the Whitney estate to the late James Henry Smith. The new owner seldom occupied the great house, but after his marriage in 1906 to Mrs. Rhinelander Stewart New York society looked forward to brilliant social entertainments in the house. This, however, never came to pass because of the death of Mr. Smith in Japan in March, 1907, while on his honeymoon trip around the world.

In Mr. Smith's will his Fifth Avenue home was left to his nephew, George Grant Mason, who lives at Tuxedo. It has not been occupied since, although a corps of servants has been kept in the place, and the entire residence is in perfect readiness for immediate occupancy. Mr. Mason never lived there, and a few months ago he announced his intention of selling the house and all of its furnishings at auction.

Plans for the auction had progressed so far that the sale had been publicly announced by Thomas E. Kirby of the American Art Galleries, to begin on Jan. 18 and continue for five days. A catalogue de luxe of the paintings, tapestries, carved mantels, and elegant old furniture has just been issued, and the rooms were to have been thrown open for inspection by prospective purchasers next week.

That the impending dispersal of the old world furnishings which the late Mr. Whitney, assisted by Stanford White, spent many years in collecting has strongly influenced young Mr. Whitney in coming to a decision to purchase his father's mansion is widely believed. The sale was made by the brokerage firm of Henry D. Winans & May. In verifying the sale yesterday, Mr. May said that negotiations had been in progress for some time.

The Whitney estate fixed the price for the house at $2,500,000, but at that time Mr. Whitney, who has been more of a man of business than a society man, hardly felt like taking the place. He and his wife, who was Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, had a fine home well suited to their needs and social aspirations in the old Whitney mansion on the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. Sentiment has undoubtedly played a large part in determining Mr. Whitney to ad dto the family holdings this largest and finest of the many residences Mr. Whitney owned.

The sale is notable as being the largest private house sale in respect to price that has ever been recorded in the city. What the furnishings are valued at is problematical, but it has been stated that had the forthcoming auction been held they would probably have brought more than $1,000,000.

The sale of the house to Harry Payne Whitney means a great deal to the residential character, not only of that section of upper Fifth Avenue, but of the entire neighborhood extending eastward as far as Park Avenue. The Lenox Avenue block to the north is being developed into a residential section, and, with the future Whitney home firmly established in that locality, the efforts of the residents in the immediate neighborhood to restrict that quarter to private dwellings received a big impetus.

No information was forthcoming as to what Mr. Whitney intends to do with his present home at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, but his removal from the old home, as now seems likely at an early date may mean the passing away of one more residential stronghold in Fifth Avenue below Fifty-ninth Street.

Business interests for the last few years have been invading the old-time exclusive section of the avenue, and only a few days ago the Harriman and Sloane interests consented to remove the restrictions on the old Langham Hotel site at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street and placed the plot in the hands of brokers for business purposes. When the old Whitney home ceases to be a private residence the commercial transformation of the avenue will take a long step forward.

The new Whitney mansion, as it was familiarly called after its purchase by William C. Whitney, was originally the home of the late Robert L. Stuart. Mr. Whitney bought it in 1895, in addition to some adjoining property in Sixty-eighth Street, and the house was enlarged and rebuilt from designs by Stanford White. The latter had entire charge of the decorations and furnishings, and it has been called his masterpiece.

No house in the country, perhaps, has been more sumptuously and artistically furnished. Practically everything in the house except the floors and framework came from old chateaus and antique shops of Europe, and in its wealth of antiques it is the equal of many of the most famous palaces of Europe.

More than five years were spent in completing the mansion. Mr. Whitney went there to live in the Winter of 1900, but not until Jan. 4, 1901, was it formally opened by a ball, which was one of the most brilliant social affairs ever given in New York.

With the exception of the grand ballroom, the entire house is a perfect example of the Italian Renaissance, being closely modeled on the plan of the finest Venetion or Florentine palaces of the days of Leonardo da Vinci or Michael Angelo. The chimney pieces are elaborate works in marble from old Italian palaces. The ceilings in most of the rooms have been transported bodily from famous European dwellings, the portières and other draperies are of old figured velvet, and the great bronze fire dogs in the dining room are the finest in America.

The grand ballroom is in the style of Louis XIV. Its most gorgeous furnishings are the marvelous tapestries by Boucher and Dechaise, which in texture, design, and coloring are admitted to be among the most wonderful decorative tapestries in the world.

The walls are inlaid with rare woods in quaint designs and adorned with paneling in high relief, which was formerly in the château of Phoebus d'Albert, near Bordeaux. All the ballroom furniture is of the Louis XIV. period, and in the adjoining conservatory are many specimens of costly marbles from Italian gardens.

In addition to these furnishings, Mr. Whitney had some of the finest old masters in America, including a portrait of Charles I. by Van Dyck, acknowledged to be a finer example than the famous Van Dyck equestrian portrait of the same monarch in the National Gallery in London. He also had another Van Dyck, a portrait of the Duke of Villiers, Viscount Grandisson, for which Mr. Whitney paid a large price.

The ballroom is 55 by 75 feet. The dining room is 40 feet square, while, besides the grand library, salon, billiard room, and music room, the house contains fourteen masters' bedrooms and twenty-two servants' rooms.

Adjoining the house in Fifth Avenue is the residence of Mrs. Joseph Stickney and on the corner at Sixty-ninth Street, is the residence projected by the late Edward H. Harriman, which is being completed by Mrs. Harriman. Opposite the house is the Yerkes mansion, and on the Sixty-seventh Street corner is the new home of George Gould.

Mr. Whitney will take possession of his new home on Jan. 20.

HELD UP BY MASKED ROBBERS.

Newark Coal Merchant Beaten and Robbed in His Office.

Two men, each wearing a black mask and one armed with a pistol and the other with a blackjack, robbed William Kilpatrick, 63 years old, in the office of his coal yard, at 188 Washington Street, Newark, N. J., adjoining the Morris Canal, between 5:30 and 6 o'clock last night.

Mr. Kilpatrick failed to obey the command of the men to hold up his hands, and one man struck him a heavy blow on the head with a blackjack. He fell almost unconscious, and while the gun man kept the pistol to his head the other went through his pockets and took a gold watch worth $100, and between $40 and $50 in cash. Then the robbers fled.

When Mr. Kilpatrick recovered a few minutes later he was bleeding profusely from several cuts on the head. He called for help, and John Warner, who was in a stable in the coalyard, came to his aid. He got a revolver and made a hurried but unsuccessful search of the neighborhood for the robbers.

Mr. Kilpatrick was taken to the office of Dr. Sydney C. Kellner, at 168 Washington Street, and after his injuries had been dressed he was taken to his home, at 257 Mulberry Street. The police were notified, and a score of detectives were put on the case.

Two other hold-ups of a similar nature have taken place in Newark in the last few weeks. Early in December three armed men went into a hall at 81 West Street, just at the close of a pay night meeting of the Thirteenth Ward Building and Loan Association. They fired several shots, slightly injuring one man, and one of the trio grabbed for a bag containing $7,000. Treasurer Daniel Mugler seized it, tossed it into a safe, and slammed the door. The robber then grabbed at a small pile of money on a table, but several men attacked him and took his pistol away and he threw them off and fled, his companions following.

On Dec. 21 two masked, armed men entered the office of a chocolate company in North Fifth Street, Roseville, and at the point of their pistols took a box containing about $600 from Supt. Samuel Newman.

SOLDIERS KILLED MME. GOUIN.

Traced by Bloody Ticket, They Confess to Murder on Train.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—The imprint of a bloody finger on a military ticket taken up on the train on which Mme. Gouin, widow of Jules Edouard Gouin, a former Governor of the Bank of France, was traveling on Dec. 16 has led to the solution of the mystery of her death. Mme. Gouin's body was found under a train near Paris on that date. The door of the compartment which she had occupied as a passenger was almost torn from its hinges, and there was a pool of blood on the floor. Subsequent investigation showed that she had been robbed.

Two soldiers, named Graby and Michel, confessed to-day to having murdered her. The police followed up the first clue of the finger marks, and succeeded in locating a former comrade of the two soldiers, who declared that he saw them board this train at Melun, which is 27 miles from Paris. When confronted with this witness the two suspects broke down and made a full confession.

They meditated robbing a passenger, the soldiers said, and took seats in the coach next to that in which Mme. Gouin was traveling. They passed into her compartment by the corridor, and as soon as the train started sprang upon her and beat her on the head with the heel of a shoe. They then took her jewels and money, and, finding no signs of life, decided to throw the body on the tracks.

Graby opened the door, but because of the motion of the car it closed suddenly, catching his hand. In order to release himself he broke down the door and went to the lavatory to wash his injured finger, while his companion threw the body out of the compartment.

The police found the missing jewelry in the possession of the two men.

DRAYTON WEDDING DELAYED.

William Phillips Must Stay in London During Ambassador's Absence.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The marriage of William Phillips, the new First Secretary of the American Embassy here, to Miss Caroline A. Drayton, daughter of J. Coleman Drayton of New York, which was fixed to take place in New York on Jan. 15, will be postponed as a result of the decision of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid to sail for New York tomorrow to attend the funeral of D. Ogden Mills.

Mr. Phillips was to have sailed Saturday on the Lusitania. As it is, he must stay in London during the absence of Ambassador Reid, so that the marriage arrangements are all up in the air at this moment.

"It's hard luck," said Mr. Phillips to the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES to-night, "but the wedding will have to be postponed, for I must stay here at present. I cannot say anything more."

MOTHER EARTH STILL YOUNG.

Not 100,000,000 Years Old, but Only 60,000,000, Says Prof. Davis.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 4.—"We are now able to tell almost exactly the age of this earth," said Prof. William Morris Davis of Harvard in a lecture at the Lowell Institute. "It has existed 60,000,000 years, not 100,000,000 years. We are able to tell this by an examination of the cliffs in Arizona and Utah, where the time taken to lay down deposits can be easily computed.

"The Grand Canyon of the Colorado is another excellent place for these estimates. The time taken for the river to cut the canyon, multiplied by the figure representing the ratio of the age of the canyon to the country about it, gives the age of the earth almost accurately.

"A fair way of estimating the age of the earth is by comparing the underground temperatures of to-day with those of years ago, and comparing the condition of the sun's life to-day and years ago."

FLORIDA—QUICKEST AND BEST SERVICE via Penna. and Atlantic Coast Line, "N. Y. & Florida Special." Leaves 1:35 P. M. Superior roadway, equipment, and service. 1,218 B'way.—Adv.

INSURGENTS TO FEEL TAFT'S DISPLEASURE

Those Who Oppose the Administration May Have Their Patronage Cut Off.

APPOINTMENTS ARE HELD UP

Hitchcock Admits the Reason and Bitter Fight Is Expected—President Urged Not to Help Opponents.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Evidence tending to show that President Taft will take a position of decided opposition to the Republican insurgents in Congress came to light to-day. Present indications are that the Administration will adopt severe measures in dealing with these men as its foes. The method to be pursued, according to the best information obtainable, is that the Senators and Congressmen who have taken a stand against the Administration and who continue to align themselves with the opposition to the President's policies are to receive no consideration in matters of patronage.

Utterances such as that made by Senator Cummins at a recent dinner in Des Moines, by Senator Bristow in previous speeches, anti-Taft articles in Senator La Follette's magazine, and a recent interview by Senator Clapp on the price of foodstuffs are said to have stirred the President to action. It had been reported further that some of the Republican insurgents in the House have tried to obtain the appointment of men more or less openly out of harmony with the Taft régime.

Mr. Taft's closest friends advised him that it would be impolitic for him to afford sinews of war to those who might even co-operate with the Democrats in Congress against the Taft legislative programme, and oppose him in the country at large by attempting to create anti-Taft sentiment in advance of the 1912 convention. It is stated to-night that the President has listened to such advice and has decided to follow it.

No politician who would discuss the situation at all to-night dared hazard an opinion as to the political outcome of the contest. Some insisted that it would arouse bitter opposition to President Taft, while others declared that the effect would be to make all Republicans line up for or against the President and "smoke out" those who have carefully kept a neutral position.

Representative Miller of the Eighth Minnesota District was the man chiefly instrumental in precipitating the conflict to-day. He did it by a statement to the effect that Postmaster General Hitchcock had informed him yesterday that his (Miller's) recommendations for Presidential postmasterships were being held up because of his insurgent activities in the House. He quoted the Postmaster General as saying in substance:

"A great deal of pressure is being brought to bear upon me to withhold from the insurgent Republican Congressmen the patronage in their districts. I am very loath to do this, and the matter is still under consideration."

Representatives Cooper and Lenroot of Wisconsin are also said to have filed recommendations for patronage upon which no action has been taken. Their position is similar to that of Representative Miller.

Another feature of the attitude of the party leaders toward insurgent members of the House was hinted at in disclosures to-day. It was currently reported that the "rebellious" Republican members of Congress were soon to feel the hand of the National party organization against them in their home districts. The plan, according to the statement of one of the insurgents, is for the organization at Washington to stimulate opposition to renomination of these Congressmen. Rival Republican aspirants for their places are to be encouraged, it was said, and if the opposition is unsuccessful at the primaries, the fight is to be carried even to the polls.

Congressman Hayes of California, who presided over the only meeting of the House insurgents held this year, declared that he was "in the fight to stay."

"If no one else will call a meeting of the insurgents to mark out a plan of battle I will do it," he said, "and if there are others who are backward in this battle I will go it alone. I am an insurgent until it is over."

Speaker Cannon to-night remarked that if he were to express his own views on the situation they would sound "chestnutty." He denied knowledge of any specific determination to crush the insurgents. But he turned to a copy of a speech which he delivered in Kansas City on Dec. 7 last, and quoted from it the following paragraph as expressive of his opinion of the course that ought to be pursued against the insurgents. The paragraph read:

"When Lincoln found an army marching on the National capital from the South and a body of sympathizers in the North encouraging that army, he said it was difficult to determine which was the most threatening to the welfare of the Nation. History repeats itself, and when Senators Cummins, La Follette, Bristow, and their so-called 'progressive' following join hands with Mr. Bryan in waging war upon the Republican members of Congress who passed the Tariff bill, and upon President Taft, who signed it, in that contest I know of but one way to treat them, and that is fight them just as we fight Mr. Bryan and his followers."

MUDDLE IN DE JANON CASE.

Detectives Withdraw, Saying Friends of Girl's Father Make Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—A new phase to the abduction of Miss Roberta De Janon came to-day, when it was made known that detectives who questioned Ferdinand De Janon, father of the girl, had found him so reticent concerning the girl that he was told that he would not be welcome at the City Hall again with his partial reports.

Supt. Bearce of the Pinkerton Agency said to-day that his force had also withdrawn from the case because it had been muddled. They are satisfied to work in conjunction with the organized bureaus of Philadelphia, New York, and other cities, but object strongly to De Janon and some friends breaking in on their investigations.

"We are not in the habit of associating ourselves with failures," said Mr. Bearce. "If this fellow Cohen gets away from them it will not be because the public and private police had not started their work properly. People who are not detectives insist on interfering because they are friends and have permission from De Janon or some one of a half dozen others."

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

GERMAN THEATRE FOR TIMES SQUARE

$500,000 Office Building in 43d Street, West of Broadway, with Concert Hall and Roof Garden.

TO BE BUILT BY SYNDICATE

Theatre to be Devoted to High-Class German Plays and Building to be Made Home for German Life.

Plans for still another Times Square theatre, to cost $500,000, were filed yesterday with the Building Department, and it is promised that the playhouse will be ready by next November. The theatre is to be located just West of the rear of the Lyric Theatre, in West Forty-third Street, about 100 feet from Broadway. It will be contained in a twelve-story office building, which will also have club rooms, a concert hall, and a roof garden. Back of the scheme is a syndicate of prominent Germans, whose names were not divulged last night. The architect is Carl Ambrosius of 5 East Fourteenth Street. Mr. Ambrosius said that he is managing the details of the construction and that he is interested in the building, but he would not tell who else was in the enterprise. None of the people is connected with the theatre, however, he said, and at the Irving Place German Theatre last night the management disclaimed any material interest in the new building.

The plans call for a building of the rococo style, with a front of Corinthian columns and allegorical figures ornamenting the arch work. The first and second floors will be taken up by the theatre and the third floor will be fitted out as a concert hall. The rest of the building will be devoted to offices and clubrooms. There will be three entrances, one for the theatre, one for the concert hall, and the other for the offices. A roof garden is planned for the top, where Summer entertainment can be given. The building will be of iron and steel framework, with stone facing up to the third floor, where terra cotta and fancy brick facing will begin.

It is planned to give the theatre a handsome foyer and interior decorations and a thoroughly modern equipment. It will seat 1,200, and the concert hall will seat as many more.

Mr. Ambrosius said last night that it was the purpose of the promoters to make this theatre the home of high-class German plays, probably with a manager from abroad. The entire uses of the building will be German, he said, and it was hoped to make it a real home for German life generally. The cost of the plots of ground was stated to be $180,000, and the probable cost of the building $500,000 more.

The erection of this theatre will make six new houses in the Times Square district north of Forty-second Street, planned within the last six months. All of them probably will be ready for opening by the first of the next year. The others are the George M. Cohan Theatre, at Forty-third Street and Broadway, excavations for which are now under way; the new Shubert Theatre, on Forty-third Street, west of Broadway and almost opposite the site of the new German playhouse; W. A. Brady's theatre, on Forty-eighth Street, near Broadway, and another Shubert theatre on the same street, and the theatre that is to be a part of the building to be erected on the site of the American Horse Exchange, on Broadway between Fiftieth and Fifty-first Streets. The other new playhouses in this neighborhood are the Columbia, opened last Monday night, and the Globe, to be opened next Monday.

THREW ACID OVER A GIRL.

Former Suitor Injured Telephone Operator and Escaped.

Policeman Merkle of the East 104th Street Police Station and several others who heard the screams of a girl in the entrance to the elevated railroad stairs at the station at Third Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street yesterday afternoon, found Miss May Quigley, the young telephone operator in the railroad yards at Ninety-ninth Street, lying on the sidewalk, her face and hands terribly burned by acid. To Merkle, who carried her to a drug store near by, the young girl said that a former admirer of hers to whom she had been engaged once, had thrown the acid. She gave the policeman the name of this man, who lives in Brooklyn, and last night an alarm was sent out for him.

Dr. Touart came from the Harlem Hospital and found that the girl's eyes had been saved from the acid by her quick movement in throwing up her muff in front of her face as the man tossed toward her the contents of a bottle. The bottle was found later, and proved to have held sulphuric acid. Miss Quigley said that she was on her way to work, being the night operator in the yards, when she encountered her former fiancé on the elevated steps. With scarcely a word to her, he drew the bottle from his pocket, she said, and threw the contents over her.

At her home in Brooklyn, 263 Third Avenue, Miss Quigley said last night that she had known her assailant since his school days, and that she had always liked him. She refused to say why she had broken off her engagement to him, but a brother of the girl started to say something about the man being unable to support her, when the girl cut him off.

Miss Quigley said that her former admirer had threatened to kill her once, and at one time had displayed a revolver while calling at her home and had threatened to shoot her if she continued to refuse to marry him. Her brother disarmed the man on that occasion, said Miss Quigley, and because of her affection for him she never had him arrested.

Last night she said at first that she would not prosecute now, but later decided that to protect herself she had better do so.

New, stylish eyeglasses called "Tilkit," with Bi-sight or Toric Pebbles. Spencer's, 21 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

ORIGINAL COOK DATA DON'T CHANGE RESULT

They Reach Copenhagen and University Head Says They Do Not Change His Opinion.

COOK TO ISSUE STATEMENT

Said to be in Touch with Friends in Danish Capital—Wack Not Surprised at Developments.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 4.—Dr. Cook's original journals have arrived here and have been handed to the commission which recently passed on his typewritten data. The note books were supposedly sent by Mrs. Cook to Walter Lounsdale, the explorer's secretary.

Prof. Salomonsen, Rector of the university, who has already inspected the originals, said to-night that they will be examined by the commission, but will not alter its judgment. He is still convinced that Cook's claims to the discovery of the north pole are unfounded.

While Prof. Stroemgren, head of the commission, is less outspoken, his opinion may be inferred from the statement made by him to-day that nothing had happened to change the situation.

I learn on good authority that Dr. Cook is in touch with certain friends here and that he is likely to issue a statement in the near future.

H. Wellington Wack, former counsel to Dr. Frederick A. Cook, expressed no surprise last night when informed that Rector Salomonsen of the University of Copenhagen had declared the original notebooks of the explorer to be of no avail in substantiating his assertion that he discovered the north pole.

"I am at a loss to understand how the diary got there," said Mr. Wack. "I thought, from all I had heard, that Mrs. Cook had two of Dr. Cook's diaries with her and that she was to turn them over to her husband. My understanding was that she would not let them go until she had found Dr. Cook. It may be that Mrs. Cook went to Europe in search of the doctor, and that, not finding him, she gave the diary referred to in the dispatch to Secretary Lounsdale, who in turn handed it over to the university.

"I saw one of the diaries at the Waldorf-Astoria just before Dr. Cook left on his lecture trip through the West. I found that it contained matter written in an extremely fine hand. I asked him how he could write in such an even hand with the thermometer way below zero and when he was wearing two pairs of mittens, as he had told me he did. Dr. Cook replied that when he wrote he had an alcohol lamp directly beneath his hand, which kept it from getting stiff from the cold. I was just the least bit skeptical of that.

"I found nothing in the book but memoranda of temperature, descriptions of ice conditions, and such things."

Mr. Wack has been trying to get into touch with Dr. Cook by cable, and said last night that he had utterly failed to get any trace of him. He was informed yesterday, he said, that Secretary Lounsdale had sent a cablegram to one of the explorer's friends in this city within a day or so asking if he had any clue to the doctor's whereabouts.

WASHINGTON TO GET DATA.

Cook Documents Sent from Copenhagen Are Expected Soon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Dr. Cook's polar data, as first submitted at Copenhagen, are on the way to Washington to be examined by the National Geographic Society. According to information sent to Prof. J. H. Gore, the documents should reach here about the end of this week. Prof. Gore, Rear Admiral Pillsbury, and Dr. Hayes of the Geological Survey will examine the papers and make a report early this month.

Yesterday President Willis L. Moore of the National Geographic Society let it be known that he would not be a candidate for re-election. He expressed the hope that a successor would be chosen before the polar fight became an influence in the politics of the society. Prof. Moore said to-day that he desired to correct the impression that any differences existed between himself and the members of the society regarding the polar controversy. He declared that, although there were several supporters of Cook in the society, until the Copenhagen decision was rendered, the board's action was so uniformly fair that it was approved in every instance by unanimous vote.

URGES COOK BE DROPPED.

Council of Associate Members Asks Brooklyn Institute to Act.

The Council of Associate Members of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, for the first time in the history of that institution, has voted to recommend to the Trustees that a name be dropped from the list of associate members. The man against whom this action has been taken is Dr. Frederick A. Cook.

The decision was reached at the January meeting, held on Monday afternoon, and was made public yesterday. The Rev. James M. Farrar presided at the meeting. The vote was taken without discussion. Final action in the matter will probably be taken at the next meeting of the Trustees of the institute.

Dr. Cook is a member of the Executive Committee of the department of geography of the institution. Under the auspices of the institute, he lectured in the Academy of Music on Oct. 2 last.

Boston Traveller Is Sold.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The Boston Traveller announces to-day that the control of the majority stock and bonds of the Boston Traveller Company has been acquired and will hereafter be held by John H. Fahey, B. H. Baker of The Cleveland Plain Dealer, and Frank S. Baker, for the last eight years business manager of that newspaper. Mr. Fahey continues as editor of The Traveller, and Mr. Baker becomes business manager. There will be no change in the politics of the paper, which will continue to be independent.

THROUGH CARS TO FLORIDA RESORTS. Seaboard Florida Ltd. is the handsomest, quickest, and only club car train to Florida. Inq. Seaboard Air Line, 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

THE MICHIGAN IN SERVICE.

New Battleship Will Sail Soon to Join the Atlantic Fleet.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—While the band played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the crew stood at attention, the new battleship Michigan was to-day placed in commission at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. After the orders of the Navy Department were read placing the big warship in service the flag was broken out from the stern.

The battleship is commanded by Capt. N. R. Usher and will sail about the middle of the month to join the Atlantic Fleet.

NEW RECORD BY WIRELESS.

Several Messages Are Transmitted Between Baltimore and Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—The following wireless message was received at 2 o'clock this morning from Baltimore:

Baltimore, Jan. 4.

Chicago Tribune, Chicago:

The Baltimore American greets the Chicago Tribune by wireless direct from the top of The American building, breaking all records for wireless communication overland and wishing that the New Year may break all records for prosperity.

FELIX AGNUS,
Editor of The American.

Numerous messages between the two cities were exchanged yesterday and last evening. The feat was equal to transmitting a message from across the ocean. One thousand miles overland is equal to three times that distance over salt water, according to wireless operators.

FOUR DIE OF PTOMAINES.

Six of the Ten Who Ate Canned Pears Critically Ill.

SAWTELL, Col., Jan. 4.—Four persons are dead here and six are critically ill of ptomaine poisoning. They ate canned pears on Sunday at the home of Mrs. D. G. Valdez. The dead are Mrs. A. Fernandez and her two-year-old daughter, Mrs. D. G. Valdez, mother of Mrs. Fernandez, and Frank Garcia, the eight-year-old grandson of Mrs. Valdez.

The pears were canned by Mrs. Valdez. The police took part of the contents of a can and an investigation is being made.

THINK OUR SHIPS BEST.

Russian Admiralty Will Send Group of Officers to Study Construction.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 4.—The Admiralty is planning to send a group of officers to America to study battleship construction.

The battleships of the United States are considered here to represent the most advanced types in the world.

ROOSEVELT TO VISIT NORWAY.

Will Deliver Nobel Lecture in Christiania After Berlin Address.

CHRISTIANIA, Jan. 4.—Herbert H. D. Pierce, the American Minister to Norway, has informed the Nobel Prize Committee that ex-President Roosevelt, after his visit to Berlin, will come to Christiania to deliver his Nobel lecture.

NECKLACE LOST AND FOUND.

Cleveland Detectives Say They Were About to Make an Arrest.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Harry W. King, wife of one of the heads of the King Bridge Company, lost a $5,000 pearl necklace Saturday night in a mysterious manner at the Colonial Club on Euclid Avenue, and to-day recovered it in just as strange a manner.

The Kings gave a coming out party for their daughter, Miss Margery King, that night. More than 500 guests were present. When the affair was over Mrs. King missed her necklace, which she had bought in Paris. It was composed of matched gems gathered in various parts of Europe. Detectives were called in. They say they were about to make an arrest when the necklace was found to-day under the ballroom canvas by a decorator. The detectives say the thief, fearing discovery, put it there.

AT 100, DANCES A JIG.

"Uncle Billy" Celebrates His Birthday by Showing Nimble Feet.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 4.—William Redmond, Oakhurst's oldest resident, danced a jig to-day on his one hundredth birthday. He comes from Revolutionary stock and was born at Tuckahoe, N. Y., on Jan. 4, 1810.

Until last September he was under the impression that he was only 98, but the discovery of a long-lost family Bible revealed his true age.

In honor of his birthday Miss Mary E. Gugel, at whose home Mr. Redmond lives, had planned a birthday party, and the whole neighborhood, including the village parson, was invited.

"Uncle Billy," as he is known, made a trip to Brooklyn alone last June and visited relatives. He refused to ride in the "gasoline waggins," and walked the Brooklyn Bridge. He used tobacco and liquor until he was 80.

"I chewed my last plug of tobacco about twenty-odd years ago," he said today. "Tobacco never did me any good, only making me nervous. I did hate to give up drinking an occasional sip of whisky, but I have got along just as well without it, and am happy."

AMEBICANS COWARDS IN ART.

Alfred East Declares That They Take the Opinions of Others.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—That Americans are courageous in action but cowards in judging art is the opinion of Alfred East, President of the Royal Society of British Artists, who is in Chicago during an exhibition of his and other paintings at the Art Institute.

"Americans are the most courageous and the most cowardly people on earth," said Mr. East. "American women are, in themselves, splendid and much more interesting than American men.

"Americans are courageous enough when it comes to action, but they are cowardly in judging art. They accept the opinions of others. This country must develop an art of its own, meeting the problem of this development as it is meeting many other problems. An exotic art is bad art, because it does not conform to new conditions. With a little teaching from the artists of the old world you will be able to do what is best suited to the conditions surrounding you."

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DEALT WITH KAHN TO UNITE OPERAS

Detailed Story of Negotiations in Embryo for a Merger from Arthur Hammerstein.

E. H. GARY FOR INTERMEDIARY

But He Never Acted—Finale a Lee Shubert Proposal to Buy Out Manhattan—Then Father Did Rage.

Following an official denial from the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company, after their weekly meeting yesterday, that "no negotiations have been or are now pending between Mr. Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera Company and the Metropolitan," Arthur Hammerstein, son of the Manhattan impresario, issued a statement last night in which he said that Otto H. Kahn, one of the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company, had proposed a merging of the two companies to him at various times; that Judge Gary of the United States Steel Corporation had been selected at one stage in the negotiations to act as an intermediary between the two companies, and that finally Lee Shubert, supposedly as a representative of the Metropolitan Opera Company, had offered to buy out Mr. Hammerstein at his own figure.

Mr. Shubert said last night that Arthur Hammerstein's statements in regard to the Metropolitan Opera Company's interest in the matter were "exaggerated," but he admitted that he had planned to buy a half interest in the Manhattan Opera Company, and through his relationship with the Directors of The New Theatre to arrange a working basis between the two companies.

The earlier statement made after the board meeting of the Metropolitan Opera Company yesterday afternoon read as follows:

The Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company states that no negotiations have been pending or are now pending between Mr. Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera Company and the Metropolitan Opera Company.

The Directors at the meeting, from which this was issued, were W. K. Vanderbilt, Otto H. Kahn, Clarence H. Mackay, H. R. Winthrop, R. L. Cottenet, E. L. Baylies, George J. Gould, T. de Witt Cuyler, Frank G. Griswold, and Elliott Gregory.

The statement was given out at 6 o'clock last evening at the Metropolitan Opera House. Two hours later Arthur Hammerstein was ready with the following:

The Hammerstein Version.

"During former seasons, one of the most frequent visitors at the Manhattan Opera House was Mr. Otto H. Kahn. It was on one of his many visits to this house that I was introduced to him. Such became the friendly personal relations between him, my father, and myself that it was not infrequent for him to come behind the scenes to discuss operatic questions with my father. One evening early in December, 1908, when the Gatti-Casazza and Dippel fight was raging, I suggested to Mr. Kahn that I would like to have a talk with him, my purpose being to endeavor to arrange a 'gentleman's understanding' between the two opera houses to prevent an extravagant increase of salaries and the constant trouble caused by artists in both companies threatening to join the opposition forces unless unreasonable demands were granted.

"Mr. Kahn set the date for me to call at his residence, which I did. At this meeting with Mr. Kahn, at which nobody else was present but Mr. Kahn and myself, Mr. Kahn agreed with my ideas, and said he would suggest at the next board meeting of the Metropolitan that steps be taken by which opera could be given under the sole head and direction of Mr. Oscar Hammerstein, without the interference of any Board of Directors, admitting that conditions at the Metropolitan at that time, with the fight between Gatti-Casazza and Dippel, could not continue to exist. He conceded that Mr. Oscar Hammerstein was the only real impresario in the field.

"After about the third interview Mr. Kahn requested that I arrange a meeting between himself, Oscar Hammerstein, and myself. This meeting took place at Mr. Kahn's residence, 8 East Sixty-eighth Street, one Sunday afternoon. The proposition was then put up to my father, which Mr. Kahn and I had discussed. My father was agreeable to the proposition, and Mr. Kahn then suggested that he would put it up to the Board of Directors. He did so, the only one raising any objection being W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr. After the meeting of the board I had another interview with Mr. Kahn. At that interview he stated that it was only a question of time when W. K. Vanderbilt would see the matter in the same light as the rest of the Directors.

Friendly Loan of a Tenor.

"Our friendly feelings continued, and the very best evidence of the 'entente cordiale' was that on Thursday of the last week of our engagement in Boston Mr. Dippel rang me up at the Hotel Touraine and requested that I ask my father to come to the telephone. My father went to the telephone, and Mr. Dippel requested him to loan him Mr. Zenatello, as without him the Metropolitan could not give their season of opera in Chicago. My father, without a moment's hesitation, consented, and has in his possession a letter of thanks from Mr. Dippel in which the latter expressed his readiness to reciprocate in like manner on any future occasion. The Metropolitan, I may state, carried out its promise of reciprocation by making a contract with the Auditorium in Chicago which absolutely excluded my father from giving opera in that house, the only one suitable for opera in that city.

"On Nov. 23, 1909, at 11 o'clock in the morning, I rang up Mr. Kahn in his office for an appointment at his convenience; he gave me an appointment for that evening at 5:30 at his city residence. My purpose in requesting this interview was merely to prevent the artists that we have under contract with us from leaving us and obtaining engagements at the Metropolitan, and to learn whether it was true, as several of our artists had represented to us, that the Metropolitan Opera Company had offered them inducements to leave my father and go with the Metropolitan company, and to discover whether Mr. Kahn, as head of the Board of Directors, approved of such methods of transacting business.

"Mr. Kahn assured me that he knew nothing of such attempts to induce my father's artists to leave him. Then Mr. Kahn said to me that he was sorry that my father made the statement in Philadelphia that the Metropolitan people were 'entefulivian lemons,' because it hampered him in his efforts to bring about a working agreement between the two houses. I told him that I was sorry if 'lemons' caused so much dissatisfaction, but that, nevertheless, it was absolutely necessary for the two houses to get together owing to the existing conditions in operatic affairs.

A Holding Company Suggested.

Mr. Kahn then asked me if I had any suggestion to make. I replied that I had, but did not see how it was possible to come to any understanding now because

one of the Metropolitan Directors had told a very good friend of my father's that he would spend his last dollar to put my father out of business. Mr. Kahn admitted that this person is very unfriendly to my father, but thought that feeling would wear off. I then asked Mr. Kahn if he had anything to suggest. He replied: "My plan would be this: That we form a holding company to take over the stocks of the Manhattan Company and the Metropolitan Company, which would then be directed as one operatic enterprise.

"I said it would be a splendid idea, adding, 'but how would you go about it?' He asked if I could suggest some man who was friendly with the Metropolitan Board of Directors and with my father. I said, 'Ask me something easier.' He then said, 'I have the man; Judge E. H. Gary; he is a boxholder at the Metropolitan and the Manhattan. I will see him to-morrow and let you know.' The next day I rang up Mr. Kahn and asked him if he had seen Judge Gary, and he replied: 'No, but I will see him in a day or two.'

"On Wednesday night, which was the next night after my interview, Judge Gary was in his box at the Manhattan. I went to him and laid the plan before him, telling him it was the intention of Mr. Kahn to see him, and requested him to work in co-operation with Mr. Kahn and myself in this matter. Judge Gary said he would be only too glad to do so. On Dec. 9 Mr. Kahn telephoned that he had a talk with Judge Gary, but he found that there was no use in going further in the matter at present; that the opposition for the time being was too great, but that he advised me not to abandon the idea.

Lee Shubert's Part.

"On Dec. 15 I received a telephone call from Mr. Lee Shubert requesting me to meet him that night at 11:30 o'clock at the Knickerbocker Hotel, to which I acquiesced. In the afternoon of the same day Mr. Shubert rang me up and said he had to go out of town; he asked me to put the meeting off until the next day at his office at 11 o'clock in the morning, which I did. In his office Mr. Shubert suggested to me that he could bring about a combination between the Manhattan Opera House and the Metropolitan and asked me if I thought my father would entertain such a proposition.

"I said: 'Make it and I will see.'

"'All right,' he said; 'wait for a day or two until I see my people.'

"At 10:30 on the morning of Dec. 18, Mr. Shubert rang me up and said: 'Come right up; I have a proposition.' When I reached his office he said: 'This is it: We are ready to buy your father out at his own figure.'

"'Is that all you have to offer?' I asked.

"'Yes; at present that is the proposition, and I can settle it in twenty-four hours,' was his reply. I asked him if he had the power to make such a proposal. He replied that he was authorized by the Metropolitan Opera Company. This was in the presence of his brother, J. J. Shubert. I told him that this was the hardest proposition yet to place before my father, but so long as it had been made to me, I would present it to him.

Hammerstein Wouldn't Be Bought.

"I came directly to the Manhattan Opera House, but felt so much hesitation in putting the offer before my father that I called up my brother William to find out whether he thought I should suggest this matter to him. He said, 'Wait, and I will come right down.'

"After consultation with my brother, we decided to tell my father. I have often wished since that I hadn't, because my father said that I should have been ashamed even to entertain such a proposition for a moment. At 3 o'clock that afternoon I rang up Mr. Shubert and told him that I wished he had made the proposition to my father instead of me, and he replied: 'Not on your life.' He said, however, 'I will be down to see you at 8:30 to-night.'

"When he came Mr. Shubert said: 'I think we can come to some better understanding than that. I think myself that it is ridiculous. Let it rest for a day or two, and should you have any plan to suggest, let me know.' I told him I would and that I would consult my father. Thursday afternoon I rang up Mr. Shubert and told him that I had a suggestion to make, and he said, 'All right; put it in writing.' I said, 'I will think that over.' He added: 'Anyway, we can't do anything until W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., returns. I will let you know later.'

Lee Shubert admitted frankly last night that he had had several interviews with Arthur Hammerstein in regard to the operatic situation.

"But I'm sure that Mr. Hammerstein has misunderstood some of my propositions," he said. "I have never acted on behalf of the Metropolitan Opera Company. It has occurred to me at various times that it was unfortunate that the two companies were not joined or at least working in harmony with each other, and I had talked such matters over quite informally with Mr. Kahn, never with any other member of the Board of Directors. I had also spoken to Mr. Dippel. Neither of them made any definite statements in regard to the matter.

"However, I broached the subject to Arthur Hammerstein. My plan—and it was an idea of my own and not suggested by the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company—was to buy at least half of Mr. Hammerstein's company, and to form a stock company, which could work in harmony with the Metropolitan company. I talked with several Directors of The New Theatre about the matter after that, and it seemed to me that it would be possible to arrange something. However Mr. Hammerstein refused to sell an interest in his company, and the matter dropped from that point of view. Further negotiations were pending, and I had no idea that anything definite had been decided between us one way or the other."

"Friendly Basis" Defined.

"Exactly what was your idea, Mr. Shubert, about the friendly basis between the two companies?" a reporter asked him.

"I had no definite idea, but wanted to arrange a division of the repertoire, or a division of the different nights of the week, so that the two opera houses would not conflict with each other to so serious an extent. However, we had considered no definite details of this sort."

"In no instance, however, did my proposals come from the Metropolitan Opera Company. I had no authority to mention the name of that company and I don't remember that in any way I used the name of Mr. Vanderbilt."

Hammerstein, Lone Manager.

Oscar Hammerstein was discovered in the Victoria Theatre taking a "night off" late last evening. He chuckled when the various statements were brought to his notice.

"I have had nothing to do with the whole affair," he said. "I have told Arthur that he needn't come to me until he had some definite proposition. I have no desire to sell myself out to the Metropolitan Company nor to Mr. Shubert, nor to any one else, at present. But if I do, some one must make me a proposition first. This whole matter has been taken up by Arthur, who now and then has come to me with reports.

"I shall go on giving opera as usual. It might be worth observing that while it takes some dozen Directors, a general manager, and an administrative manager, to run the affairs of the Metropolitan Opera House, Oscar Hammerstein manages both the Manhattan Opera House and the Philadelphia Opera House."

Mr. Kahn could not be reached last night. Judge Gary said that he had no knowledge of any negotiations of the sort referred to, and no memory of having been approached by either Mr. Kahn or Mr. Hammerstein about the matter.

MacDOWELL CLUB CONCERT.

Heinrich Meyn, Baritone, Sings Under Its Auspices In the Lyceum Theatre.

A concert was given under the auspices of the MacDowell Club in the Lyceum Theatre yesterday afternoon by Mr. Heinrich Meyn, baritone. Mr. Meyn, whose appearance on the concert platform is not frequent in late years, sang a number of songs in German, French, and English. A change in the programme was made necessary by illness among the members of the chorus of the MacDowell Club, which was to co-operate in the performance of an "Ave Maria" by Gelbke. In place of this there were substituted two duets, a "Gondoliera," by Henschel, and "Amours Villageoises," by Goring Thomas, sung by Mr. Meyn and Miss Viola Waterhouse.

The other numbers on the programme were by Schumann, Rubinstein, von Fielitz, Berger, Saar, and Bruch, in German, Jane Vieu, Hahn, and Flégier, in French, and Parker, Galloway, and Elgar in English.

MAY INVESTIGATE HIGH PRICES

Representative Hull Asks Congress to Seek Causes of Cost of Living.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—With Secretary Wilson carrying on an investigation which will necessitate the collection by the Department of Agriculture of an immense volume of data relating to the value and price of fodostuffs, the House of Representatives to-day opened a campaign on its own account against the increased cost of living. Representative Albert Douglas of Ohio recounted the successive steps by which the market price of the necessaries of life has steadily gone up. Douglas is the Republican who beat Grosvenor. Representative Cordell Hull, a Democrat of Tennessee, introduced a concurrent resolution calling for a Congressional inquiry.

The Hull resolution calls attention to the fact that, whereas, in the last twelve months the prices of commodities have increased from 11 to 30 per cent. and wages have not advanced, millions of people find themselves unable to buy food and clothing which they urgently need.

He asserted in the resolution that the recent tariff legislation raised prices, and that the prices of goods on which protective duties have been placed have been raised above any others in the world. On account of the absence of competition, he said, such companies as the American Sugar Refining Company and Armour & Co. have been charging rates that give them an exorbitant profit.

The appointment of an investigating committee is provided for in the resolution, to consist of seven members of the House and five of the Senate, which shall look into the various suspected causes of the present condition, with special reference to the effect of trusts and combinations, the existing tariff schedules, the increased population, the increased volume of money, and the increasing of the public debt by the issuance of Government bonds.

In his speech Mr. Douglas presented a statistical review of the present high cost of commodities and the influences which have led to them. He asserted that the food production of the country was not keeping pace with the growth of population, and yet, he said, Congress had done practically nothing to encourage development of the soil.

When told of the day's developments in the House, Secretary Wilson said he realized that an investigation was a gigantic task, but that the game was eminently worth the candle.

CURTAIN REFUSES TO DESCEND

"Chocolate Soldier" Actors Have a Trying Time and Audience Laughs.

The audience at the Casino Theatre last night had a laugh which wasn't on the programme when, at the close of the second act, the entire cast of "The Chocolate Soldier" was left awkwardly posing for several minutes in all sorts of melodramatic attitudes on the stage while the curtain refused to go down.

The climax of "The Chocolate Soldier's" second act is one of those somewhat strained and unnatural dramatic moments when an otherwise amiable comic opera seems to be becoming unduly serious. Major Spiritoff had just accused Lieut. Bumerli of having stolen Nadina Popoff's affections. All the principals had vociferated themselves into a state of panting exhaustion, while soldiers of the Bulgarian Army, gentry, peasants, wedding guests, and villagers, in overbalanced attitudes of stage horror, were strewn all over the stage.

Upon this solemn sight the Casino's curtain is supposed to descend with slow and dignified gravity. It started to descend last night, but only got half way. Then its right side apparently got off its vertical runners. It stuck and collected in folds. On the left side of the stage it got a little lower. Then that side stuck also. Meanwhile on the stage all the threatening, supplicating actors were striving to keep their exaggerated positions.

While the curtain man in the wings yanked the balky curtain frantically up and down, the principals, fearing to spoil the climax, continued mutely to threaten each other, while the wedding guests continued, with outstretched arms, to beg them to spare each other's lives. Their positions soon became too great a strain to continue. They eyed the balky curtain with glances of most undramatic alarm. Meantime the audience, all the force of the climax lost, were in shouts of laughter.

The curtain man finally saved the cast from becoming a set of Mrs. Jarley's wax works by deserting the inner curtain and by letting down the outer asbestos one.

MORGAN AT B. & M. MEETING.

Intends to Sit with the Road's Directors in Boston Regularly.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 4.—J. Pierpont Morgan sat at the Directors' table of the Boston & Maine Railroad here to-day, coming over from New York on a special train with President C. S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, also a Director in the Boston & Maine.

Practically the entire Directorate of the company was present. The meeting lasted about an hour, after which Mr. Morgan returned to New York on a special train.

President Lucius Tuttle stated that only routine business was transacted, and that none of the so-called large public improvements, such as a new union station or a tunnel beneath the city connecting the north and south stations, was discussed.

President Mellen remained in Boston and will attend the meeting of the Directors of the Maine Central Railroad at Portland to-morrow. He said that it was Mr. Morgan's intention to attend all the meetings of the Boston & Maine board.

COL. SMITH REINSTATED.

Man Deposed by Commissioner Smith Returns to His Old Place.

Samuel Parsons, Jr., landscape architect of the Park Department, whom Mayor Gaynor has placed in charge of its affairs until he selects his Commissioner, yesterday reinstated Col. Clinton H. Smith, the Assistant Secretary of the Park Board. He was removed by Commissioner Smith the day before the latter went out of office.

Col. Smith has been in the department for thirty years. He will assist Mr. Parsons temporarily and will probably be reappointed by the new Commissioner.

At his reception on New Year's the Mayor greeted Col. Smith cordially, and turning to R. C. E. Brown of the State Civil Service Commission, who followed him in the line, said: "We'll have to do something about this man's case."

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THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

362 Fifth Ave., near 34th St.

MERCURY NEAR ZERO; BLIZZARD ON WAY

Thermometer Registered 8 Degrees Above Last Night, with Colder Weather Predicted.

ICE BLOCKS RIVER CRAFT

Street Cleaners Greatly Hampered and Icy Streets Make Walking Dangerous—Horses Have a Hard Time.

With the mercury down to 8 degrees at 10 o'clock last night, and every prospect of the zero mark being reached before daybreak, the Weather Man sent out a promise of more trouble for Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards and his force.

It is to be warmer to-day, but with the higher temperature will come a snow storm. And to-morrow New York is likely to have to wade, for the snow will turn to rain. Meantime the wind will rise, blowing from north to northeast, so that another baby blizzard of a sort is in prospect.

The preliminary cold wave struck New York early yesterday morning, dropping the temperature more than 20 degrees in less than nine hours. From 32 above zero at midnight it went steadily down to 10 above at 11 A. M., by which time the slush in the streets had been transformed into miniature fields of ice, over which horses slid in all directions.

Sun Had Little Effect.

At noon, when the sun was sending forth its warmest rays, the mercury went to 11, but was back at 10 again in the next hour, and in exposed places it ranged below 10 at 5 o'clock.

Acting Forecaster Nicholls said last night that the temperature might drop down to zero in the night. The weather would stay fair, he declared, with slowly rising temperature. Moderate to brisk north winds, veering later to the northeast, would prevail. In the gale early yesterday morning a two-story dwelling house in course of construction at Odell Street and Sterling Avenue in the Bronx was blown down and completely wrecked. Philip Kaufman, the owner, of 1,351 Odell Street, estimated his loss at $2,000.

The wind whistled along the broad avenues on the west side, sweeping loose planks and ash barrels and news stands along with it. At Columbus Avenue and Broadway there were some milk cans standing on the sidewalk in front of a restaurant. The wind came suddenly in a powerful gust and capsized them all and flooded the road with milk, which was soon converted into ice.

The ice in the Hudson River at 129th Street was so thick at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, that the Fort Lee ferryboat Edgewater, with 200 Jersey commuters on board, was over an hour making the passage to New York, which usually takes ten minutes. After she left the Jersey shore and got 100 feet out into the river the paddles of the ferryboat stopped, having become ice-jammed.

Fleet Launches Ice Bound.

The warships anchored in the North River looked as if they were bound in the Arctic Sea when viewed from certain points along the shore, and formed a picturesque Winter scene with the big masses of ice piled up against their hulls. Owing to the ice it was found impossible to run the steam launches from the warships to the shore, and wireless messages were sent from the flagship to the Brooklyn Navy Yard for tugs.

The freezing of the snow in the streets yesterday morning greatly impeded horse traffic all day. Along the East and North River fronts the roadways had not been cleaned since the last snowstorm, except what was done by the thaw on Monday. They became almost impassable for horses, while those on foot risked their necks on the glassy sidewalks. In front of the steamship piers the street was so slippery that the heavy teams laden with merchandise to be shipped abroad could not haul their loads.

The horses fell frequently and it was necessary to spread ashes on the ground before they could get to their feet. Longshoremen who worked cargo out in the open air on some of the Atlantic liners said yesterday was one of the coldest days they could remember along the water front for many years. August Bachs, an able seaman on the Umbria, slipped on a piece of ice yesterday afternoon and fell 40 feet into the forehold. He was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, where it was said that he would die.

Skating was allowed in the parks yesterday afternoon and until 10 o'clock last night. The ice in the large lake in Central Park was in good condition, and so was that on the Harlem Mere, on the east side, near 110th Street. A surgeon was in attendance at both lakes with an ambulance in case of accidents at Eighty-sixth Street and the centre of the Park. In addition to the lights provided by the new lighting system throughout Central Park Supt. John Beatty said yesterday that he would have the calcium lights out as in other years.

City Lodging House Thronged.

The intense cold last night drove hundreds of the city's homeless to the Municipal Lodging House for shelter. Early in the evening they began to drift in by twos and threes, and later they came in greater numbers. By midnight 450 persons had sought the home. Among the number were twenty-one women.

Soon after darkness had fallen a mother and her 16-year-old daughter came to the lodging house. They had been evicted and their household belongings had been dragged to the sidewalk and left there. They had no way of moving the few pieces of furniture. The woman said she was Mrs. Margaret Conlin, 40 years old, and the girl was Catharine Conlin.

Mrs. Conlin's husband died about ten months ago, and since that time she has been sewing and washing for a living for herself and daughter. Of late, she said, she had been unable to get enough work to support them. She told Supt. Newhouse that she and the girl had stayed by their furniture until they were numb from the cold, and then, on the advice of a policeman, had sought the lodging house.

WESTERN BLIZZARD COMING.

Will Hold the Atlantic Coast in its Grip by To-night.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Out of the West is coming a severe blizzard, which by to-morrow night will hold the Atlantic Coast in its grip. It is central to-night over Missouri, with exceedingly heavy snows in the Upper Mississippi Valley and snow and high winds over the lake region and the Ohio Valley.

According to reports received by the Weather Bureau, the fury of the storm may be somewhat broken in the Southern Atlantic States by the time it has traveled over the broken ridges of the Appalachian Mountain chain, the snow probably turning to rain in those States. In the Northern States, however, the outlook is for a severe cold snap by to-morrow night.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Chicago to-night was in the throes of a genuine blizzard, the wind blowing forty miles an hour driving before it sheets of blinding sleet.

In the downtown quarter, where the velocity of the wind was intensified by the walls of high buildings, traffic was seriously impeded, pedestrians were blown off their feet, and plate glass windows were shattered by the elements.

Sidewalks and streets were covered with ice and snow within a few hours, and the report late to-night from the Weather Bureau was that the storm, which came from the west, would not abate until late to-morrow. The minimum temperature was 1 degree above zero early in the day, rising gradually to 18 degrees.

In Iowa a blizzard interfered with railway and street-car traffic. The mercury is close to zero. A coal famine to-day forced the Iowa State University at Iowa City to close until next week. Only enough coal is on hand in Iowa City to heat the State Hospital for two days. Most families there are short of coal also.

In Nebraska schools are closed on account of snow blockades. The snowfall in Northern Nebraska and Southern South Dakota is reported as half a foot. The temperature ranges around 12 below zero, but there is no wind. In Central and Western Kansas the fall of snow was the heaviest in ten years, and it extended west to the Colorado line. In Western Kansas the snow is a foot deep.

The temperature in Missouri, Kansas, and North Oklahoma averages about 10 degrees above zero.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 4.—With the wind blowing from thirty-six to forty-eight miles an hour from the Northwest, the Virginia, Carolina, and Maryland coasts were swept to-day by a Winter gale with high seas which made it dangerous for all shipping caught at sea.

A number of sailing vessels put into Hampton Roads during the day for shelter.

BELOW ZERO UP THE STATE.

20 Below at Fort Plain and 16 in Watertown—30 Below in Maine.

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—The severest cold wave of the season overspreads Central and Northern New York. It came on with a gale last night and temperatures fell below zero about midnight. As the advance from the northwest of the cold wave continued the mercury in Utica dropped to 12 degrees below. In northern places the temperatures range from 25 to 30 below zero.

In Fort Plain the mercury stood at 20 below zero this morning, going by noon to 10 below. In Oswego zero temperature and below prevailed. In Watertown the mercury dropped 35 degrees in twelve hours, registering 16 below zero this morning.

Rochester had an inch of snow, a thirty-six-mile-an-hour wind, and 2 degrees above zero last night. In the section about Interlaken snow fell heavily, while the temperature was 4 degrees below zero. A high wind piled the snow in drifts. The temperature fell 28 degrees in less than that number of hours.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The cold wave came into town this morning before a stinging northwester, and it was colder at 9 A. M. than it was at sunrise.

Portland, Me., reports that this was one of the coldest days ever experienced in the State. At 10 A. M. there the mercury stood at 4 degrees below zero and at noon it was 1 degree above zero. Greenville, Me., reported 16 below zero at 10 A. M. At Oquossec, in the Rangeley Lake region, the mercury showed 30 below.

GORGES BREAK IN THE OHIO.

Going of the Ice Opens Navigation and Pittsburg Starts Coal.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 4.—Pushing their noses through fields of what is termed "slush" ice, a fleet of twelve boats started down the Ohio to-day with 2,000,000 bushels of coal in tow, the first shipment since last October. The gauge of the river here is 14.5 and rising. Fifteen feet is expected, and if the ice does not thicken, the flotilla, rivermen say, will reach its southern destination.

The ice gorge in the Ohio River at Cables Eddy, near Steubenville, Ohio, broke to-day and is rushing down the river, threatening all lower points. In one hour the river rose two feet.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 4.—The ice gorge at the mouth of the Big Miami River was blown out with dynamite to-day. All ice gorges in the vicinity of Gallipolis, Ohio, including the big jam in the Kanawha River, broke to-day. The ice is speeding southward, filling the Ohio from bank to bank and threatening river property.

At Wheeling, West Va., the river is bank full with swiftly running ice to-night, and all gorges as far as Point Pleasant are reported broken.

The breaks have opened up navigation, and much coal will be sent in the wake of the gorges.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—Three ice gorges have formed in the Mississippi River between St. Louis and Chester, Ill. One gorge, forty miles below St. Louis, is ten miles in extent. The gorge at Jefferson Barracks has backed up the water in the Mississippi River as far as the mouth of the Illinois River. The guage at St. Louis is 21.1 feet.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

30-DAY TOUR TO

OLD MEXICO

NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS

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SENATE'S SUPPORT PROMISED TO TAFT

Little Difficulty Ahead for Inter-State Commerce Recommendations, Root and Aldrich Say.

PRESIDENT CHANGES PLANS

Now Expects to Send In Combined Message on Federal Incorporation and the Railroads To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—President Taft's special message on amendments to the inter-State commerce law will go to Congress when it is sent. That is the only definite statement regarding the time of its delivery that can be safely made to-night. There were two or three switches in the programme during the day that are known about. Whether there were others has not yet appeared.

The latest information yesterday was that the Federal incorporation message would go in on Thursday, to be followed by the railroad message on Friday. This morning it was announced that on Friday the President would send to the Senate his response to the Flint resolution calling for the papers in the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, so that the railroad message would have to go over until next week. Then this afternoon Senators Aldrich and Root went to the White House and had a somewhat extended talk with the President. After they left the word came that the railroad message would go to Congress on Thursday, being combined with the Federal incorporation recommendation.

Why the Changes Were Made.

The reason assigned for the change of programme was that inasmuch as the President was anxious to get the Ballinger-Pinchot papers to the Senate as early as possible he had fixed on Friday as the day for sending them. And as it was not desirable to have so important a matter as the railroad message coupled with the Ballinger-Pinchot papers and dividing the public attention, that would be delayed. The reason for the second change, bringing the railroad message forward several days, is that the Senate probably will adjourn on Thursday until Monday. That will throw the Ballinger-Pinchot message over until then, and would further delay the railroad message. It seemed to the President inadvisable to separate the two messages bearing on the commerce law by so much time as that change would involve, and so he concluded to combine them and send them in on Thursday.

The shifting of plans has given rise to all sorts of talk here during the day, chiefly to the suspicion that something in the conference with the railroad Presidents yesterday had been responsible for the expected delay. The announcement that the message is to go in on Thursday practically puts an end to such talk, however, for it was learned authoritatively yesterday that the changes which had been agreed to by the President upon the recommendation of the railroad men would be covered in the message, and that the message would conform to the altered bill. As Attorney General Wickersham, who has the bill in preparation, has been occupied all the week and will be so to-morrow in the Tobacco cases in the Supreme Court, it is obvious that he has not much time to devote to alterations of the bill and, therefore, that the railroad men did not obtain very extended concessions from the President.

Taft Asked to Delay Message.

President Taft had been asked to delay the message by several Senators and by others who wanted to talk over the matter with him before his recommendations go to Congress. But his opinion is so clearly formed that he has not regarded it as imperative to have any more conferences before expressing his desires to Congress.

At the talk with Senators Aldrich and Root this afternoon the general legislative programme for the session was discussed, and the President was informed that there would be no great difficulty in the way of enacting the bills covering his commerce law recommendations. It is significant of the situation in the Senate that while Senators at the Capitol were talking in the most vague and uninterested fashion regarding the prospects of the Administration bills, Senator Aldrich was promising Mr. Taft that they should go through promptly. Senator Aldrich's chief lieutenants at the Capitol also said this afternoon that there would be no difficulty about passing the bills. But they added, also, that there would be no great fight over the Federal Incorporation bill, which somewhat strains credulity.

Senate Has Brief Session.

After a well-attended meeting that lasted only seven minutes, the Senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Senator McLaurin of Mississippi, and the members proceeded at once to discuss in little groups on the floor the forthcoming special messages.

The House was in session for more than an hour. Chairman Mann of the Inter-State Commerce Committee introduced his Commerce bill, embodying many of the features that will be set forth in the President's message, but pointedly omitting the commerce court on which Mr. Taft has set his heart.

The most striking phase of many private conversations held on the Senate side before and after the session was the uncertainty both in the Republican camp and on the Democratic side as to the exact significance of certain of the President's recommendations. The regulars are uncertain whether they can afford to allow the passage of those regulations, while the insurgents fear that certain features of the President's recommendations will weaken rather than strengthen existing laws. The Democrats fall back on constitutional points when asked for their policy, and say that they oppose depriving the States of their reserved powers.

This statement of the Democrats means a vague and as yet uncrystallized distrust of the Federal incorporation proposal, and that same distrust is evidenced in both Republican factions. A still stronger distrust is evinced of the plan to give the President's commerce court exclusive jurisdiction over cases affecting inter-State commerce, and in the face of Representative Mann's bill, carrying all the earmarks of the House organization, no one will predict victory for the President in his recommendations on that point.

Other Subjects Forgotten.

Except on these two points—Federal incorporation and the commerce court—the general attitude of the Senators is one of languid interest. The special message on conservation is promised for next week, but the Senators appear quite indifferent on that subject. On the two important subjects to be treated of in the commerce messages they refuse to get excited or take sides until the President's recommendations are read. The other messages on the many subjects referred to briefly by the President at the opening of the session seems to have been entirely forgotten.

Exactly where the opposition to the commerce court will come from is not known, though it will be based on the same arguments that were used in the tariff fight against the establishment of a new and special court for the trial of customs cases. It is common talk around the Capitol to-day that when the five names of the Judges of the customs court are sent in in the next few days they will be held up for a while at least, and this fact is taken to indicate the way the votes will fall when the proposed inter-State commerce court gets before the Senate.

The insurgents were the leaders in the fight against the customs court last year, but in regard to the commerce court they do not seem to be a unit. As one insurgent Senator said to-day—and he was inclined to be skeptical of the good such a court would do—time was needed to go into the subject, and until he had given it some study he would not express his opinion, even in private. He admitted, however, that among his own friends and the regulars this feeling of distrust was widespread, though he would make no venture as to the ultimate outcome of the pending fight.

As far as the insurgents are concerned, there is much more positiveness in regard to the Federal incorporation plan, though on this point the regulars seem still to be waiting for a sign. The insurgents have been hoping that recommendations on this subject would be postponed until the final settlement of the Standard Oil dissolution proceedings. As matters stand they feel that the Sherman law is effective, and that a Federal incorporation statute would give too easy a way of escape for corporations embarrassed by the operations of the Sherman law.

Provisions of Mann's Bill.

The Commerce bill, which Mr. Mann introduced to-day, was prepared by him during the Summer recess of Congress and will be the principal rival of the measure generally known as the "Administration Railroad bill," drawn by the Attorney General. Mr. Mann's bill, in lieu of a special court, to hear Inter-State commerce cases, provides for the establishment in the Department of Commerce and Labor of a Bureau of Transportation, before which complaints may be filed. If the Commissioner of this bureau believes a complaint constitutes ground for action he shall refer the papers in the case to the Attorney General. If the Attorney General reaches the same conclusion he shall file a petition with the Inter-State Commerce Commission and prosecute at the expense of the Government.

The Inter-State Commerce act is to be amended to provide that the charge of a short haul in no case shall be greater than the charge of a long haul, and that a charge for a through rate shall not exceed the aggregate of the local rates.

The bill gives power to the Inter-State Commerce Commission not only to fix rates on complaint, but also to adjust and prescribe classifications, regulations, and practices generally. The commission may suspend the taking effect of any proposed rate or change in classification until a full hearing can be had on the subject. It is empowered to establish through rates and joint rates, and the shipper is allowed to select the entire route for his shipment.

Railroads are required to furnish rates on written application. Every shipment on which a rebate is paid is made a separate offense, thus specifically covering the point raised in the $29,000,000 Standard Oil case, on which the Government was beaten.

Must Not Own Competitors.

Common carriers are prohibited by the Mann bill from owning or acquiring stock in competing carriers. It is made unlawful for a railroad company to issue any stock or bonds except for the acquisition of property, the construction of its lines, the improvement of its service, or the discharge of its obligations; and a statement must first be filed with the Commissioner of Transportation setting forth full details of the issue. Stock may be sold for not less than par and bonds for not less than the reasonable market value; and a penalty of $20,000 fine and five years' imprisonment is provided for illegal issuance of stocks and bonds. The bill makes it unlawful for a railroad to acquire the ownership of any competing line and forbids any form of ownership to acquire control of two competing lines of transportation unless permitted by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The bill was referred to the Inter-State and Foreign Commerce Committee.

William C. Brown, President of the New York Central Railroad, who attended the conference of railroad heads with President Taft at Washington on Monday, at which the President's proposed amendment to the inter-State commerce law was discussed, returned to town yesterday.

Mr. Brown said that "neither the railroads nor the investing public has anything to fear from the contemplated amendment."

Mr. Brown went on to say that he was not at liberty to go into any public discussion of the details of the proposed amendment, as it had not yet been presented to Congress.

"In a general way," he said, "the amendment increases the power of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, regulates the issuance of securities by railroads—something that is entirely new in Federal legislation—and forbids the future acquisition of competing lines by railroads.

"Having had an opportunity to study the amendment, I can say that I see nothing in it to cause any apprehension on the part of the railroads."

NAMES D. A. R. EMPLOYE.

President General Says Miss Maclay Was Responsible for Shortage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Letters mailed by Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, to every Chapter Regent of the society, name for the first time the woman employe in the Washington headquarters who is accused of being responsible for the shortage in the accounts of the office.

She is Miss Sarah B. Maclay, who has served the organization since its founding, and who was so thoroughly trusted that eight years ago, when the Corresponding Secretary suspected that her mail was being tampered with and asked for a private letter box, her request was refused by the Board of Management. The reason was that such action would reflect on Miss Maclay.

Mrs. Scott in her circular letter says the reports that the shortage would run into thousands of dollars have been exaggerated, and that while it is impossible to give a close estimate of the loss to the society, it will not approach such magnitude. She says she was delegated by the Board of Management to make the announcement in order to clear other employes of the society of any suspicion.

One woman connected with the organization is already out of her mind from worry over the affair, and two others have secluded themselves in sanitariums.

Miss Maclay has disappeared, and it is reported that she will not be prosecuted by the society.

Aspires to be Ambassador, Like Father

Count Günther von Bernstorff, son of Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, sailed yesterday for Bremen on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., to continue his studies at Darmstadt University. The young Count said that he had enjoyed his first visit to America very much. After completing his education he will go into the army to perform his military service, and will then enter the Diplomatic Service. He hopes, he said, one day to hold the same high position as his father does to-day at Washington as Ambassador to the United States.

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FIGHT ON SMITH COLLAPSES

Bennett and Two Others Leave, and He Is Named Unanimously for Assembly Clerk—Wadsworth for Speaker.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—Jotham P. Allds of Chenango was nominated for President pro tem. of the Senate, carrying with it the majority leadership in the upper house, at the Republican caucus to-night, but was able to muster only 22 affirmative votes. Two votes were cast against him, and eight other Republican Senators stayed out of the caucus. They were Senators Agnew, Brackett, Conger, Cordts, Davenport, Hinman, Newcomb, and Rose.

They declared themselves in favor of Harvey D. Hinman of Broome, but little effort was made to push his candidacy. At a late hour to-night these eight insurgents defined their position in the following statement:

> We do not deem it for the best interests of the State or of the party, or of the Senate, that Senator Allds should be made Temporary President and Republican leader and invested with the responsibilities and powers of that position. It is manifest that the selection of Senator Allds has been dictated by influences outside of the Senate, seeking to continue their hold upon the party machinery by this action, influences which have not the confidence of Republicans or of the body of the people.
>
> The record of Senator Allds has been such as to compel the conclusion that upon vital questions of public policy he is not in sympathy with the better sentiment of the State.

As a result of the caucus Senator Allds will have 25 votes, including his own, for the leadership when the Senate votes to-morrow. While 26 constitutes a majority of the Senate it was held in the case of Senator Raines, when he was made leader in 1903, that only a majority of the members present was necessary. At that time Senators Brackett, Elsberg, and E. R. Brown voted against Raines.

The fact that early in the day Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, pledged the five Kings County members for Allds greatly encouraged the friends of the Chenango man and led to the collapse of the opposition. All of the New York County members either refused to attend the caucus or voted in favor of Hinman.

Senator Conger, who failed to attend the caucus, represents the district of which J. Sloat Fassett is leader. Senator Cordts, who also refused to attend the caucus, is from the Ulster district, of which Judge G. D. B. Hasbrouck is leader. The others who were absent are Senators who are supporters of Gov. Hughes.

The selection of Senator Allds for leader will make a vacancy in the position of Chairman of the Finance Committee. For that post Senator Cobb is supported by a majority of the Republican members.

When the caucus met an hour was consumed in waiting for the absent members. Senator Davis presided. Senator George H. Cobb of Jefferson presented the name of Mr. Allds, Senator Brough of New York said he would vote for Senator Hinman, although he was not regularly nominated. Senator Grattan of the Albany District, whose leader, William Barnes, Jr., publicly urged the selection of a "Hughes Senator," voted for Allds, saying he would have voted for Hinman if the latter had been nominated. The vote was:

For Allds—Allen, Alt, Burlingame, Coats, Cobb, Davis, Emerson, Gledhill, Grattan, Hamilton, Heacock, Hill, Holden, Hubbs, Kissel, Mackenz

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MURPHY NOW CALLS TO ASK CITY FAVORS

Tammany Leader at the Mayor's Office for the First Time in Eight Years.

MORE APPOINTMENTS MADE

John C. McGuire, Richard Welling, and Alexander Keogh for the Civil Service Board.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, called on Mayor Gaynor yesterday at his office in City Hall and spent nearly three-quarters of an hour with him. It was the first time he had been in the Mayor's office in the eight years of his leadership of the organization. The visit naturally created a sensation among the hangers-on and regular visitors at the Hall.

The last time Mr. Murphy was seen at City Hall was when he was Dock Commissioner under Mayor Van Wyck, some nine years ago. It is understood that yesterday's call was made by appointment, but both Mr. Murphy and the Mayor were reticent on that subject.

Accompanied by "Phil" Donohue, Treasurer of Tammany Hall, Leader Murphy arrived at the City Hall just after 3 o'clock. William R. Willcox, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, was with the Mayor then, and Mr. Murphy was admitted to Secretary Adamson's office, where he waited until he was received.

Mr. Willcox came out of the office at 3:20, and Mr. Murphy was shown in. He remained with the Mayor until 4 o'clock. When he came out he was asked what they had conferred about.

"Let the Mayor do the talking," he replied.

"Did you discuss appointments?"

"Let the Mayor answer that."

"Did you call by appointment?"

"Ask the Mayor."

Mr. Murphy wore his usual bland smile and some one remarked: "You seem to look happy."

He's Always Happy.

"I always do," replied Mr. Murphy. He went out with Mr. Donohue, Joseph Haag, Secretary of the Board of Estimate, who ran for Borough President on the Tammany ticket, and Frank Dowling, the new Tammany leader of the Aldermen. He stopped to be photographed on the steps of City Hall and then went uptown.

When the Mayor was seen an hour later as he was leaving with City Chamberlain Hyde to walk to his home in Brooklyn, his neck carefully muffled and wearing wool mittens, he was equally reticent.

"Didn't he tell you what we talked about?" asked the Mayor in surprise. When told that Mr. Murphy had been noncommittal, he said that the leader had simply called to congratulate him, adding that Mr. Murphy was in Atlantic City at the time of the inauguration, and that this was the first opportunity he had had to call.

The Mayor admitted that they had talked over the matter of appointments, but said that Mr. Murphy had not suggested any new names. He insisted that his relations with the Tammany leader were as cordial as they have been during their acquaintance of a year and said it was probable that Mr. Murphy would call again. He said that Mr. Murphy had told him it was the first time he had been in the City Hall since he was Dock Commissioner, and added naively that it might be that he would not appear again for just as long a time. The Mayor seemed to enjoy the curiosity over Mr. Murphy's visit as much as the leader himself.

What the effect of the call will be can only be speculated on. An hour after Mr. Murphy had left the Hall, the Mayor announced the names of his three Civil Service Commissioners and a recommendation for the Trial Deputy of the Police Department, none of whom is a Tammany man.

His Letter on Influence.

Furthermore, he made public a letter which he had sent to Fire Commissioner Waldo, which would seem to put a quietus on all rumors of the efficacy of influence in obtaining preferment under the new Administration. The letter read:

Sir: I have selected you for head of the Fire Department after careful consideration and in full confidence that you will be able to carry out my intention of banishing all political and outside influence and favoritism from the department immediately and once for all. Let appointments and promotions hereafter be made without such influence.

The present method enables those who stand low on the eligible list to be appointed over the heads of those who stand higher. As soon as a list is published, clergymen, business men, political leaders, and all sorts of persons claiming to have influence, come in to advocate the selection of their friends thereon. Worse yet, some of such influence is sold and paid for.

Let there be an end of all this, and see that every one on the list be treated on his ascertained merits. To put this beyond doubt it may be necessary that appointments and promotions be made in numerical order from the eligible list. Be so good as to consider this and confer with me.

It is my intention to submit this to the heads of all of the departments, and have this rule adopted by all unless there be controlling reasons to the contrary.

And let not such influence be tolerated in the trial of charges against members of the force. It leads to lack of discipline and, carried far enough, to disrespect and insubordination to superior officers. On the first sign of any such importunity or influence being permitted by the trial deputy, let him be removed. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

New Civil Service Board.

The members of the new Municipal Civil Service Commission were announced as follows:

JOHN C. McGUIRE of Brooklyn, President; salary, $6,000.

RICHARD WELLING of Manhattan; salary, $5,000.

ALEXANDER KEOGH of Manhattan; salary, $5,000.

In making the appointments the Mayor announced that he had offered the Presidency of the commission to J. Noble Hayes, Chairman of The Law's Delay Commission, and to J. Hampden Dougherty, who was Water Commissioner under Mayor Low, and recently acted as counsel for William Jay Schieffelin, President of the Citizens' Union, in his taxpayer's action to restrain the letting of the contract for the construction of the new Municipal Building, but they had declined on account of the press of other business.

Mr. McGuire is a prominent Brooklyn lawyer, with offices at 189 Montague Street, and an old Cleveland Democrat. He was at one time Surveyor of the Port of New York.

Mr. Welling, the Republican member of the board, is also a lawyer. He is a native of Rhode Island and was a classmate of Theodore Roosevelt at Harvard. He was one of the principal members of the City Reform Club, which fought the election frauds in this city in 1882, and was later one of the organizers of the City Club.

He was Chairman of the Speakers' Committee of the People's Municipal League during the Low campaigns and the Jerome campaign of 1905. He was also one of the original members of the Civil Service Reform Association, and organized the civil service reform debates between Theodore Roosevelt, Edward Lauterbach, Edward M. Shepard, and Bourke Cockran.

He is also a Fellow of the Academy of Political Science and Secretary of the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. He is a member of the Republican district organization of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District, of which Deputy Attorney General Ezra K. Prentice is the leader.

Son of Justice Keogh.

Mr. Keogh is the son of Supreme Court Justice Martin J. Keogh of Westchester County, who is close to the counsels of Tammany Hall. The young man is 29 and has never been active in the organization. He was a Deputy Assistant District Attorney under Mr. Jerome at $3,000 a year. He lives at 142 East Fortieth Street.

One of the most interesting things in connection with the appointments was the bare chance which prevented John Martin, the Staten Island independent political writer and speaker, from being included in the list. His name was included in the announcement as given out by the Mayor.

This made four members, and the newspaper men were worrying Secretary Adamson for an explanation of the change in number when City Chamberlain Hyde came hurrying back to City Hall with instructions to behead Martin. It seems that he and the Mayor had got to talking about the appointments on the way over to Brooklyn, and Mr. Hyde had remarked that there were three Democrats on the list. "No," replied the Mayor, "Welling is a Republican."

"But there are four of them," insisted Mr. Hyde.

The Mayor stopped short and exclaimed: "I'll bet I forgot to cross out Martin's name. Get back there and straighten it out for me!" This Mr. Hyde did forthwith.

The retiring commission was composed of Frank L. Polk, President; R. Ross Appleton, the Republican member, and Arthur J. O'Keeffe. The first two resigned to Mayor McClellan, and Mr. O'Keeffe has been appointed by Fire Commissioner Waldo as the deputy of the department for Brooklyn.

Walsh for Police Deputy.

The name which the Mayor has suggested to Police Commissioner Baker for his trial deputy is that of ex-Judge John J. Walsh of Brooklyn, who was mentioned as one of the three possibilities for Park Commissioner of Brooklyn. The recommendation will undoubtedly be carried out.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Josiah A. Stover recently left the place of Third Deputy to return to the Corporation Counsel's office. He was put in the post to succeed Bert Hanson by Mayor McClellan when he made his famous shake-up of the department.

The appointment of Mr. Walsh will be strictly an organization choice. He was one of the old McLaughlin leaders in Brooklyn and fought Senator McCarren for many years. He was finally ousted from his leadership of the Second Assembly District, however. For the last twelve years he has been on the Municipal Court bench in Brooklyn and is now at peace with the organization.

In his recommendation to the Police Commissioner the Mayor praises Mr. Walsh's record on the Police Court bench and in the Municipal Court, and says that he is just the sort of man to preside over the police trials. The Third Deputyship pays $4,000 a year.

The only other place of importance filled yesterday outside of several appointments made by Controller Prendergast early in the day was that of the reappointment by City Chamberlain Hyde of Henry J. Walsh, who served under City Chamberlain Martin. He draws $5,000 a year.

His Early Callers.

Despite the cold wave, the Mayor made the trip both to and from City Hall on the trip both to and from City Hall on foot. He arrived about 9:30, and looked almost frostbitten. President Bensel of the Board of Water Supply was one of the earliest callers. He was followed into the Mayor's office by Dr. Alonzo Blauvelt, Sanitary Superintendent of the Health Department for Brooklyn; Deputy Fire Commissioner O'Keeffe, Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards, Mr. Walsh, and Henry M. C. Vedder, a well-known accountant. It is believed that he may be one of the new Commissioners of Accounts.

Other callers followed in quick order. James S. Regan, Democratic leader of the Fifth Assembly District, Brooklyn, who has also been mentioned by the Mayor as a possibility for the appointment for Park Commissioner in Brooklyn; Secretary Martin of the Public Education Society, President Cowan of the Aqueduct Commission, Congressman Coombs of Brooklyn, and Judson G. Wall, who was a member of the committee of nine which first urged the Mayor's candidacy.

One of the most interesting visitors of the morning was a well-dressed, gray-haired woman, who said: "I don't want to take up the Mayor's time or bother him, but I would just like to get a peek at him at work."

Lieut. Kennel asked the visitor who she was, and she replied: "Oh, I am Dr. Doty's mother."

"Dr. Doty, the Health Officer of the port?"

"Yes."

She was taken inside and had her "peek" through the glass door that separates the Mayor's private office from those of his secretaries.

Other callers were Congressman Olcott, Deputy Water Commissioner Marrin of the Bronx, Morgan J. O'Brien, Borough President Gresser, Police Commissioner Baker, and President Purdy of the Tax Board. Borough President McAneny brought down W. Rogers Westerfield, his new Assistant Superintendent of Buildings, and Robert B. Insley, his secretary, to be sworn in just after luncheon.

After Mr. Murphy left, the Mayor received John T. Oakley, Tammany district leader and clerk of the Aldermen; Tax Commissioners Halleran, Hastings, and McCormack, the latter the Democratic leader of Richmond; Abram I. Elkus, who came very near being the Tammany candidate for District Attorney at the recent election, and ex-Assemblyman Alfred R. Conkling.

McANENY RESTRAINS COLLINS.

Borough President Gets an Order to Stop Him from Trespassing.

Borough President McAneny continued yesterday to delve into the secrets of his office, and from his demeanor when seen late in the afternoon he appeared to be a very puzzled and busy man. Henry Bruere of the Bureau of Municipal Research was with the new Borough President nearly all day, and they spent the greater part of their time in the offices of the Commissioner of Public Works in the Park Row Building.

Mr. McAneny said he would not make any more appointments until he had thoroughly gone into the organization of the various bureaus and got the reins of the office entirely in hand. He did, however, dip into the case of the contest over the office of Superintendent of Highways between James G. Collins, recently reinstated by the courts, and George F. Scannell, Ahearn's Superintendent, by obtaining an order from Justice Newburger of the Supreme Court restraining Collins from trespassing in the office.

Collins has been sleeping there for several nights now and camping behind locked doors by day. The court said that the order against the trespass would not affect the standing of his claim. He will undoubtedly vacate to-day. The order which he obtained against the retiring Borough President and Scannell instructing them to show cause why he should not be reinstated in the office is returnable this afternoon, and his chief point was to satisfy this by having physical possession of the office in the meantime.

Scannell was at the office yesterday, but remained in the outer rooms, Thomas McNamara, Collins's faithful henchman and fellow-squatter, guarding the doors carefully. Reporters were only admitted after a thorough cross-examination.

Mr. McAneny has not yet made his appointment to the office and will doubtless not do so until the squabble has been settled by the courts. In the meantime Assistant Public Works Commissioner Frothingham is conducting the affairs of the office, although Collins consistently maintains that the clerks in turning over the official papers to him are in contempt of court.

THREE WIVES, NO DIVORCE.

New York Lawyer's Latest Marriage Annuled in Tacoma.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 4.—The Superior Court has annuelled the marriage of Charles R. George, a New York lawyer, and Mrs. Albertine Jansen, a divorcee of Seattle. Testimony was offered to show that George was married to Mrs. Jansen without having obtained a divorce from Mae Ritter George, to whom he was married in Chicago eleven years ago, and whose home is in New York, where George lived with her for years.

Ida L. Austrian, another New York woman, says she was married to George in Canada in September, 1908. Mrs. Mae Ritter George has sued Mrs. Austrian George for alienation of her husband's affections. Mrs. Austrian George has in turn sued Mrs. Jansen George, on the same grounds. George was married to Mrs. Jansen in British Columbia last April.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM Cures Coughs, Colds or Grippe. 10cts.—Adv.

PRENDERGAST WILL OUST CITY SHIRKS

His Time-Card System to be Extended to All of the Departments.

HE'LL RETAIN NO DRONES

Merrymaking with City Automobiles Also Must Stop, Says the Controller.

The hundreds of city employes who were greatly disturbed by Controller Prendergast's announcement that he would put in a system of time cards at his office, on which each clerk and accountant would have to certify the exact number of hours of work done by him each day, had hardly time to recover from their shock when they were informed yesterday that the system will shortly be installed in every one of the city departments.

Each city employe will be required to certify the time he arrives at the office in the morning, when he goes out to luncheon, when he comes back, and the hour at which he leaves at night.

The system that the Controller has worked out for the recording and checking up of these cards is a most elaborate one, and he declares that it will be almost impossible for false certifications to be put in without being discovered. It is intended to make the result of the reports a basis for increases in salary and promotion in the future.

The Controller says he has discovered that there is a provision in the budget for next year which will carry the expense of the new system. He is empowered to enforce the regulation through the provisions of the charter which allow him to pass upon all city pay rolls. The time card form reads:

I hereby certify that the following record of services performed by me this day is correct:

The card will bear not only the employe's signature but his title and a description of the work he does.

The Controller also said he would shortly institute another drastic reform in the shape of curbing mere pleasure riding in city automobiles.

"There are five autos in my department," said he. "I have given orders that none of them is to be taken out except upon departmental business, and only one went out yesterday. The Subway is good enough for me, and if it is not good enough for the rest of my fellow city officials they had better emulate the example of His Honor the Mayor and walk."

While the Controller was talking of this matter he received a bill for $400 for automobile hire for the Chief Engineer of the Water Department in Brooklyn for one month.

"That is an example of what I am talking about," he said. "The good old golden days have gone. There are more than a hundred automobiles in the various city departments, and those in my department alone cost $10,000 a year in maintenance."

The Controller announced several important appointments in his office, and said that more would follow in a few days. He also said he had found that in several of the divisions of his office there are many more men than are needed, and that just as soon as he gets settled down he will start a wholesale weeding out. His appointments yesterday were:

Deputy Collector of Assessments and Arrears for Brooklyn—WILLIAM C. W. CHILD, 1,095 Dean Street, Brooklyn; salary, $4,000.

Deputy Receiver of Taxes for Brooklyn—DAVID E. KEMLO, 845 Macon Street, Brooklyn; salary, $4,000.

Deputy Receiver of Taxes for Brooklyn—ALFRED J. BOULTON, 58 Quincy Street, Brooklyn; salary, $4,000.

Deputy Collector of City Revenue—FRED GOETZ, 338 Stratford Road, Brooklyn; salary, $2,500.

Deputy Receiver of Taxes for Queens—WILLIAM A. BEADLE, 200 Oak Street, Richmond Hill; salary, $2,500.

Clerk to the Controller—MISS ETHEL WALDRON, 832 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn; salary, $2,100.

Mr. Child is an iron manufacturer and an active member of the Republican organization of the Eleventh Assembly District, Brooklyn. He succeeds John Morrissey Gray, the Democratic leader of the Eighth District, who has been made Under Sheriff of Kings County.

Mr. Kemlo is a contractor. He is President of the Stuyvesant Heights Republican Club and active in the organization of the Seventeenth Assembly District. He succeeds Thomas J. Drennan, Democratic leader of the Fourth.

Mr. Boulton is an old Hearst man and was Register of Kings County before Mr. Prendergast. This appointment is taken to be a recognition of the Hearst end of the Fusion success.

Mr. Goetz was formerly secretary to Congressman Howe of Brooklyn and was secretary to Mr. Prendergast during his term as Register. He succeeds David O'Brien of 251 West Eighty-first Street, who has been in the department since 1894.

Mr. Beadle is a prominent Queens Republican. He is the organist of the Union Church of Richmond Hill and a member of the Royal Arcanum. He succeeds George H. Creed of 26 Delap Place, Jamaica.

Miss Waldron takes the place of N. O. Fanning, an old Brooklyn newspaper man. She was Mr. Prendergast's stenographer while he was Register, and will be transferred to the post of confidential stenographer as soon as the grade can be established.

Miss Tuckerman to Wed on Jan. 18.

The wedding of Miss Julia Tuckerman, daughter of Mrs. Charles S. Tuckerman of Boston, to Louis Chapin of London and New York will be held in Boston on Jan. 18. Mr. Chapin is a cousin of Miss Dorothy Chapin of New York. Miss Tuckerman is a cousin of Miss Joan Tuckerman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bayard Tuckerman of 118 East Thirty-seventh Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson Back from Cuba.

William Watson, the English poet, and Mrs. Watson arrived in this city yesterday morning, after a visit of several weeks' duration in Havana, Cuba. They registered at the Hotel Gotham, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. The poet and his wife denied themselves to callers during the day and took their meals in their room. They will probably remain here several days.

Ready-for-service

Evening Garments for Men

Coats, $22 to $38
Dinner Jackets, $17 to $32
Trousers, $7 to $11.50

EVENING WAISTCOATS, $3.50 TO $10

Your evening clothes, inspected by "the broad, light glare of day," may reveal to you that they have earned their rest. Should you find it so, remember this:

Evening Apparel of our creating presents as close an approach to perfection as unimpeachable taste and skillful craftsmanship permit.

Special attention is directed to the finish of all garments produced by us: the evenness of the buttonholing, the perfect "lay" of silk facings, the regularity of stitching—a thousand and one trifles which are not trifles in their bearing on the ultimate results.

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

There's An Old Saying

That "He who goes not forward goes backward," for to stand still in development, whether an individual or a manufactured article, is impossible.

In the piano business it is an age of development. The firm that does not keep alive to the many changes cannot hope to do a profitable business. Over one-half of the pianos sold to-day consist of Player Pianos and the very small grand, in the development of both of which the

PEASE PIANOS

are entitled to a high place in the front rank.

The Pease Petite Grand is but 5 feet 3 inches long and of great depth and purity of tone; price $600.00. The Pease Player Pianos are the most natural of all; prices, $550.00 to $750.00. The Pease Uprights are better to-day than ever; prices, $325.00 up. Wilbur Pianos (made by the Pease Co.) a thoroughly dependable piano, $225.00 up.

The year 1910 ushers in the 66th year of the existence of our instrument, and we shall be pleased to mail, free of charge, our new 1910 catalogue upon request. It gives full particulars of our special payment plan.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d St., near Broadway, N. Y.
Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av. | Newark Branch: 10 New St.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH

of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 FIFTH AVENUE near 41st Street.

Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.

Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.

Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

FRANKO CONCERTS DAILY, RESTAURANT, 8th FLOOR.

A Years Leader of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

With This Cold Wave Comes the News of a

BIG FUR SALE

At Reduced Prices.

Third Floor.

IN many details the sale is a clearance involving a magnificent stock of High-grade Furs, including Ermine, Sable, Mink, Chinchilla, Black Lynx, White Fox, Skunk, Baum Marten, Opossum, Chinchilla Opossum, Black Fox, and Coats of Near Seal, Hudson Seal, Russian Pony, Caracul, Squirrel, Mink, Marmot and Fur-lined Garments in all the latest models.

Third Floor.

$79 Caracul Coats.
Beautiful caracul coats, 50 inches long, beautifully matched and made into stylish garments with deep shawl collars and cuffs, Skinner's Satin lined..... $49.50

$157 Sable Squirrel Coats.
Made of fine quality Siberian Squirrel, carefully matched. A most luxurious garment, brocade satin lined, 50 inches long.. $98.00

Hudson Seal Dyed Coats.
Finest quality Hudson Seal dyed skins, made up to sell as high as $125. Brocade satin linings. "The kind that blows brown." On sale at..... $69.75

Near Seal Coats.
worth from $87.00 up to $115. These are all high class garments, 50 and 52 inches long, made of first quality foreign dyed skins; beautifully matched; all are brocade lined and wonderful values..... $62.50

$85 Russian Pony Coats.
Russian Moire Pony Coats, 50 inches long, XXX quality, beautifully marked and made with Tuxedo collar or large shawl effects. Brocade satin lined. About 25 garments in the lot..... $49.75

Coats, $37.50
Regularly Sold at $75.
Third Floor.

THESE handsome Coats are 50 inches long, with large shawl collars and cuffs, made of fine foreign-dyed skins, handsomely matched. A limited number.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Leader in High-Class Advertising

In 1909 The New York Times published 7,194,703 lines of advertising, a gain over 1908 of 1,297,371 lines.

In 1909 The New York Times carried more high-class dry-goods, financial, and transportation advertisements than any other New York newspaper, thereby demonstrating the appreciation by the business world of the merits of a newspaper appealing to the largest circle of buyers.

The daily circulation of The New York Times is in excess of 175,000 copies, and its daily city sale is greater than the combined daily city sales of at least three other New York morning newspapers popularly ranked with The Times as to character of circulation.

The New York Times
—"All the News That's Fit to Print."

DELAGRANGE KILLED IN BORDEAUX FLIGHT

Wings of Monoplane Break and Motor Falls on His Head, Crushing It.

WAS PROMINENT AVIATOR

Broke World's Speed Record Last Week—Had Had Several Accidents —Woman Aviator in Smash.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BORDEAUX, France, Jan. 4.—Léon Delagrange, who had recently been one of the most conspicuous aviators in France, breaking a world's record only last week, was instantly killed here to-day when his machine broke in mid-air and fell sixty-five feet to the ground. The monoplane he was using was almost identical with that in which Louis Blériot crossed the English Channel. It was used by Delagrange in his successful flights at Doncaster, England, last Fall.

A Gnome revolving motor, however, with which the machine was equipped for the flight to-day, had never been tried before on a monoplane, and the fact that the Blériot aeroplane is extremely light and built for a less powerful engine is thought by experts to have had something to do with the fatal accident.

A strong wind was blowing when Delagrange made his ascension to-day, and as he attempted to turn in the face of it at the end of the aerodrome one wing of the monoplane broke and the other collapsed. The machine dashed to the ground and the motor fell on the aviator's head, crushing it.

Léon Delagrange was well known as an aviator, not only as having at various times held the record for speed and distance, but also for his daring. His career was marked by several serious accidents before the fatal one, but he continued his exploits, earning the reputation of a man who would run a good deal of risk rather than disappoint the spectators who had gathered to see him fly.

Well known already as an automobilist, Delagrange took up aviation in the early stages of the sport and made his first public ascent at Bagatelle, France, on March 16, 1907, in a biplane. He was satisfied then with a flight of 30 feet, but a few days later he took a passenger up and accomplished 453 feet.

On Nov. 5, 1907, he met with his first accident at Issy, France. His machine fell and was smashed, but he escaped with a few bruises and cuts. At Issy also in the following May he had a narrow escape, as with Farman he was competing for the Armegaud prize of $2,000 for a flight of fifteen minutes. He was traveling fast near the ground and his machine swerved toward the crowd of spectators. He at once shut off power and in descending crashed into a motor car. The machine was smashed to atoms, but Delagrange escaped almost uninjured.

Again he was hurt in the next Spring in an exhibition flight at Milan before Queen Margharita of Italy, but so little was he unnerved that eleven days later he gave another exhibition before her Majesty, remaining in the air for 16 minutes 11 seconds, and covering a little over eleven miles. For this performance, a record at the time, he received a special gold medal.

At Issy on Sept. 6, 1908, Delagrange made another record. He flew 15 2-5 miles in 29:54 4-5, and came to the ground only because his petrol was exhausted. At that time this beat Wright's and Farman's records by 12 minutes. There was some talk of bringing him to America that Summer, $10,000 being named as his price, but the arrangements fell through.

In May last year Delagrange, at Juvisy, won the Lagatineri prize, making 8 6-10 miles in 10:18. At the Rheims competitions in August he used for the first time a monoplane, but achieved no great success, being placed tenth for speed and eighth for distance. On one occasion his propeller broke and he was badly bruised. He then visited Denmark and flew for 15 minutes for King Frederick at Aarhus.

His first sensational flight, however, was made on Oct. 26, 1909. At Doncaster, in England, he covered six miles in 7 minutes and 36 seconds, at a rate at times of over 50 miles an hour. He also established a speed record of 1 mile and 880 yards in 1 minute and 47 1-5 second, that is, about 54 miles an hour. His machine on this occasion was a Blériot monoplane.

Last Thursday he accomplished another world's speed record. At Juvisy in trying to win the Michelin Cup he flew 124 miles in 2 hours and 32 minutes, an average speed of 49 miles an hour.

Many honors were conferred on Delagrange for his achievements. Among them were the Order of the Legion of Honor, an enamel medal by the Academy of Sciences, Paris, and the Presidency of the Aviation Club of France for 1907.

The name of Delagrange is the fourth to be added to the roll of those killed in aeroplanes. The fatalities have occurred within fifteen months, beginning with the death of Lieut. Selfridge at Fort Myer in September, 1908. A year later E. Lefebvre, the French aviator, was killed when his aeroplane, a Wright machine, turned turtle. On Dec. 6 Antonio Fernandez, a Spaniard, was killed in France, his aeroplane having tipped over after he had made a short flight.

WOMAN AVIATOR IN SMASH.

Mme. de la Roche Hits Tree—Biplane Completely Wrecked.

CHALONS-SUR-MARNE, France, Jan. 4.—Mme. De la Roche, while making a flight in a biplane to-day, collided with a tree. She was badly bruised and the aeroplane was destroyed.

DEATH FROM SUFFRAGE RIOT.

Policeman Succumbs to Injuries Received When Women Stormed Hall.

LEEDS, England, Jan. 4.—The first fatality in England to result from a suffragette disturbance occurred to-night, when Alfredo Hudson, a policeman, died from injuries received during a riot outside the Coliseum on Aug. 10 last.

Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, was addressing a mass meeting inside the building. An attempt on the part of a large force of Suffragettes to enter precipitated a riot in which Hudson was injured internally.

FINDS AMERICA PROSPEROUS.

Lord Rothschild, in Election Speech, Denies That We Still Suffer.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Lord Rothschild, speaking at Liverpool to-day, took issue with the statement made by Chancellor Lloyd-George a few nights ago in an argument for free trade that statistics showed that in May, 1908, while there was 30 per cent. of unemployment in New York State, there was only 7 per cent. in England.

Lord Rothschild declared that nearly a million emigrants went to the United States every year, and that most of them landed at New York. Therefore, there must always be a temporary amount of unemployment in New York. The best proof, he said, that the United States had recovered from the great financial panic was the increased price of American securities. His own observation had been that when the diamond trade was brisk there was no unemployment in America, and that during the American financial crisis the South African companies were at their wits' end to sell diamonds. He was informed on unimpeachable authority that during the last six months more diamonds were sold than ever before in the memory of living man, and that the majority, if not all of them, had gone to America.

Every available prominent speaker of both parties, as well as a host of minor men, were engaged to-night in addressing political meetings in various parts of the country.

Premier Asquith, at a meeting at Brighton, from which women were excluded, and Chancellor Lloyd-George at two meetings in London, made a great play at the expense of the peers' oratorical campaign. The Premier thought that if the peers could only be induced to prolong this campaign another fortnight, at the same rate as to volume and venom, the Liberals might almost be content to hold their tongues altogether.

The Chancellor expressed the belief that the peers never worked so hard in their lives. They seemed to think that the House of Commons was an assembly of lunatics and that the peers were their keepers. The peers, he said, were walking through the Valley of Humiliation in order to find work for the unemployed. He also caused great laughter by describing his budget as simply a revised and enlarged edition of Kipling's verse, "Cook's Sons, Dukes' Sons, Sons of the Belted Earl, Pay, Pay, Pay."

Arthur J. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, speaking at Hanwell, said that 1910 would remain in the history of the empire as the year in which was fought the first round of the struggle which might last for years, perhaps generations, and become a dominant influence upon all that they as citizens held most dear. Never before had the ideals of two great State parties been so widely divergent.

This tone in Mr. Balfour's utterances on previous occasions has been commented upon as an indication that he realizes the hopelessness of a Unionist victory in the coming elections.

J. J. RICE MADE BISHOP.

Pope Appoints Him to See of Burlington, Vt.—Studied in Rome.

ROME, Jan. 4.—On the recommendation of the Consistorial Congregation the Pope to-day appointed the Rev. J. J. Rice of St. Peter's, Northbridge, Mass., Diocese of Springfield, Bishop of Burlington, Vt.

Bishop Rice is 38 years old. He was born at Leicester, Mass., where he attended the public schools and was graduated from the Leicester Academy in 1888. Three years later he was graduated from Holy Cross College at Worcester, and in 1894 he was graduated from the Grand Seminary of Theology at Montreal.

In September of the same year Father Rice was ordained by Bishop Beaven of Springfield, after which he took a postgraduate course in theology at the American College in Rome. He was graduated from that institution two years later, receiving the degree of Doctor of Divinity. Returning to this country he was assigned to parishes at Portland, Me., and Fitchburg, Pittsfield, and Oxford, Mass. He was Professor of Philosophy at St. John's Seminary at Brighton, Mass., and in 1903 he was assigned to the pastorate of St. Peter's Church, at Northbridge, Mass.

TO KEEP UP OCEAN FREIGHTS.

Steamship Lines Agree on Minimum Rates to Atlantic Ports.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 4.—Minimum tariff rates to the various ports on the Atlantic seaboard of North America will go into effect very soon as a result of prolonged negotiations between the freight managers of the steamship lines.

The principal effect of the new arrangement will be to wipe out the unremunerative rates which have come into existence in connection with the competition for the traffic to interior points.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Jan. 4.—The Board of Trade has made a protest against the proposed 25 per cent. increase in rates on outward-bound freight said to have been decided upon by the Atlantic steamship companies. Local agents of the Allan and Furness lines deny any knowledge of the reported advance, and say that in any event the new rates will probably not apply to Newfoundland.

Roosevelt Party Leaves Hoimi.

HOIMI, Uganda, Jan. 4.—The Roosevelt expedition left to-day for Butiaba, which it expects to reach to-morow. All are well.

EASIER TO BE UNDERTAKER.

Law Requiring Three Years' Apprenticeship Declared Unconstitutional.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 4.—The Court of Appeals declared unconstitutional to-day the law which requires three years' continuous service as assistant to a licensed undertaker before a person may be licensed to carry on the undertaking business.

The court contends that the statute in question is an unreasonable interference with the rights of persons to engage in business as guaranteed by the Federal and State Constitutions.

The decision was handed down in the case of William A. Binge, a New York undertaker, who practiced without a license. He was found guilty by the Court of Special Sessions, but the Appellate Division, Second Department, reversed the judgment of conviction.

WRIGHTS NOW WOULD ENJOIN PAULHAN

Papers in Injunction Suit Served on French Aviator as He Starts for Los Angeles.

BIG PATENT FIGHT EXPECTED

If the Wright Contentions Are Maintained, Aviators Assert, Flying in America Will Be Held Up.

Just as Louis Paulhan, the French aviator, was leaving the Hotel Brevoort yesterday morning for Los Angeles, to make exhibition flights in four machines he has brought to this country, he was served with an order to appear in the United States Court on Jan. 14, on an application made by Wilbur and Orville Wright for an injunction restraining him from making any flights in the United States.

Paulhan had been already served on Monday morning, as he landed, with papers alleging an infringement of the Wright patents on flexible wings by the four machines he had with him. He left for Los Angeles at noon, and merely said that he would be represented by Clarence Shearn, his counsel, when the action comes up, and that he would take such steps as he deems necessary to permit his exhibiting his machines.

Curtiss has not been heard from. He is on a train somewhere between this city and Los Angeles, and apparently has not been informed of Judge Hazel's decision, which, in case the injunction now temporary is made permanent, will forever debar him from making or flying machines in the United States. Herring's whereabouts are unknown to even his closest friends. Cortlandt Field Bishop said that he had had a telephone message from Herring while he (Bishop) was at Lenox some ten days ago, but that since then he had had no word from Curtiss's partner.

There can be no doubt, if the aviation experts in this city are correct in their statements, that these injunction suits of Wilbur and Orville Wright will, if they are successful, have a most far-reaching effect upon aeroplaning in the United States. Mr. Bishop, who is President of the Aero Club of America and Vice President of the International Aeronautical Federation, said yesterday that these suits will rank equal in importance in the world's progress with the famous litigation over the Bell telephone and the Selden automobile patents.

A close inspection and careful reading of Judge Hazel's decision in the case against Curtiss and Herring, a copy of which was received in this city yesterday, revealed the fact that absolute prohibition was placed on their making any flights until such time as final determination of the basic patent rights claimed by the Wrights had been made.

Considerable doubt was manifested all day long at the headquarters of the Aero Club as to whether the Los Angeles carnival, which was scheduled for June 10, would be held. It is believed that Judge Hazel's ruling is peremptory, and that no one would dare to make flights in face of it. Unless the aviators baited by the courts can succeed in filing bonds, pending an appeal of the preliminary injunction, there is no chance, Mr. Bishop said, for any flights in Los Angeles at this time.

Paulhan's machines consist of two Blériot No. 11 monoplanes, similar in almost every respect to the machine in which their designer flew across the English Channel, and two Farman biplanes. One of these is a very large aeroplane capable of carrying four persons. The other is a smaller machine for one passenger, and is a fac simile of the aeroplane in which Farman made the 144-mile flight that brought him the Michelin Cup for 1909.

It is claimed in the complaint filed yesterday that all four of these machines employ the Wright system of flexible plane wings. It is through this tipping of the planes that the aviator is enabled to round corners. If the Wrights have really a basic patent on these, Cortlandt Field Bishop, President of the Aero Club, said yesterday, they will be able to levy royalties from every manufacturer, seller, and user of aeroplanes embodying this feature in all the countries in which they have taken out patents.

FLIERS CRITICISE WRIGHTS.

Farman and Blériot Say They Seek to Monopolize an Idea.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—The action of the Wright brothers in obtaining an injunction against Louis Paulhan, the French aviator, restraining him from making flights in the United States, has caused a very unpleasant impression in France. Aviators here characterize it as unsportsmanlike and the courtesies shown to the Wrights when they were here are recalled by way of contrast.

Michael Clemenceau, manager of the French Wright company, says he has no intention of taking such a drastic course in this country, although he will do whatever is necessary to protect the patent rights purchased from the Wrights.

Henry Farman considers the Wrights very ill-advised in adopting their present policy. His own machine is not covered, he declares, by the Wright patents.

"The device for warping the wings of the aeroplane," said Farman, "was used by Lilienthal in his gliding flights, by Herring and Chanute in America, and by Ader in France before the Wright patents were obtained. The only exclusive feature the Wrights can claim is the simultaneous control of the torsion and the rear rudder by the same lever, and this is not possessed by our machine."

Louis Blériot expresses practically the same opinion as Farman.

"It is regrettable," he said, "that at the beginning of a science toward the development of which all the world should bend its efforts inventors should put forth such unjustifiable pretenses in an endeavor to monopolize an idea, and instead of giving loyal aid to their collaborators to seek to trammel them as much as possible."

POTASH BILL FAVORED.

Berlin Financial Interests Compare It with Roosevelt Conservation Policy.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—The Potash bill recently laid before the Federal Council by the Prussian Government, which is designed to create a trust of all the potash mines of the country under the auspices of the Imperial Government, is attracting much attention throughout Germany.

In Berlin financial circles the proposed law is favored as a measure for protecting the national resources, and from this standpoint it is compared with the conservation policy of the Roosevelt and Taft Administrations.

It seems certain that the Potash bill will meet with considerable opposition in the Reichstag. Authorities on constitutional law say it conflicts with the Constitution.

AMERICANS RESTORE CHAPEL.

Originally Built in England by Prisoners in War of 1812.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The little stone chapel of Prince Town, Devonshire, built under forced labor by the American sailors confined in the adjoining Dartmoor prison during the war of 1812, has been restored, and a window has been placed in it to the memory of those engaged in the original work.

The cost of this renovation and the window has been borne by Americans. The vicar of the church recently appealed to the American public for funds to restore the building. The response was so generous that it was found possible to purchase a window with the money left after the repairs had been completed.

KING'S MARRIAGE ATTACKED.

Brussels Paper Says That of Albert I. Was Without Sanction.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 4.—Le Soir asserts today that the marriage of King Albert and Queen Elizabeth was sanctioned neither by the late King Leopold nor by Parliament, as required by the Constitution.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—Former Premier Clemenceau will make a tour of South America next Spring and deliver lectures on Socialism at Buenos Ayres and Montevideo. He may also visit the United States.

ATHENS, Jan. 4.—The demands of the Military League affecting the Ministers at Paris, Berlin, Vienna, and Rome have been met by the Government's promise to pass a law limiting the age of diplomats, which will lead to the early recall of the four Ministers.

SANTO DOMINGO, Jan. 4.—The Mayflower, having on board Secretary of War Dickinson, Gen. Edwards, and party, who have been visiting Porto Rico, arrived here this morning. The political situation here is quiet.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Jan. 4.—The Cabinet today withdrew its resignation which was presented on Dec. 20.

KELLER BANKRUPT, WAS DEAN'S MANAGER

An Employe of $5,000,000 Bucket Shop and an Associate of Goslin, His Lawyer Says.

LIABILITIES ARE $5,807

Brokerage Concern Which He Started After Heads of Dean Concern Were Arrested Sued by Creditors.

Samuel L. Keller, who, according to his counsel, was connected with the E. S. Dean Company, a bucket shop enterprise, which was closed by the Post Office authorities in 1897 after it had fleeced a horde of victims out of something like $5,000,000, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States Court yesterday. He has been connected with a brokerage business of late under the name of the Money and Stamp Brokerage Company, at 150 Nassau Street. In his petition in bankruptcy he says that his liabilities are $5,807 and that his assets consist of $9[illegible] due him as manager of the brokerage business and 468 shares of stock of the company. Of his liabilities, Keller says, $3,115 represents accommodation indorsement of notes of the company.

The Money and Stamp Brokerage Company was incorporated Dec. 8, 1908, with $5,000 capital stock. A judgment of $1,217 was entered against the company and Keller, on Dec. 22 last, in favor of William E. Scott of Elmhurst. Among the other creditors Keller names in his bankruptcy petition are George R. Simpson, to whom he owes $900; John J. Vance, $500; Manhattan Bank Note Company, $240, and George G. Powning of New Haven, Conn., $2,904. Mr. Keller was to have been examined in supplementary proceedings in a judgment obtained by Powning recently, but his filing of the bankruptcy petition stopped the examination.

Keller set forth in his petition that he had resided in New York City for fifteen years, his present address being 3,800 Broadway. He was represented in the bankruptcy action by Col. Edwin T. Tallaferro, who informed the reporters that Keller was the same "Sam" Keller who was associated with the E. S. Dean affair. Asked what Keller had been doing siince the collapse of the Dean enterprise, Col. Tallaferro replied:

"Oh, he has been in the brokerage business and several other things."

The shut-down by the Government in 1897 of the E. S. Dean Company and subsequent investigation by the District Attorney, resulted in the disclosure of one of the greatest swindles that has ever been perpetrated. The concern, which had offices at 35 Broadway, and branches in many of the large cities, advertised a plan by which investors were promised a return of anywhere from 100 to 400 per cent. on money they put in the hands of the company. It was supposed to be a system of secret stock manipulation.

The firm's victims were found to exist everywhere throughout the country. Its advertisements had been published in papers in all the cities, and money flowed into the firm's coffers in a continuous stream. For some time the District Attorney could not learn who E. S. Dean was, and there was a suspicion that the name was fictitious. Then it was discovered that she was Ella S. Dean, a middle-aged woman, who lived for some time in West Forty-third Street. She was an associate of Alfred R. Goslin, James B. Kellogg, and others who lived by their wits.

Kellogg was believed to have been the leader in the E. S. Dean Company, and, with several others, including Myron L. Bernard, his brother-in-law, he was indicted by the Grand Jury. Kellogg was the only one of the crowd who was convicted, and he was sentenced to seven and one-half years in Sing Sing. He fought the conviction, but the sentence was upheld. If Goslin had any direct connection with the Dean swindle, it was never established. As to Keller, it was brought out at the trial that he was one of the managers of the company, and no participation in the proceeds of the gigantic swindle was fastened upon him.

The E. S. Dean Company was advertised as being incorporated with $1,000,000 of capital stock, but at the trial it was shown that no articles of incorporation were ever taken out and that in this respect, as in every phase of its operation, the company had practiced deception. While the trial of the Dean swindlers was in abeyance several of the firm went over to England, where with Goslin they started another enterprise of the same nature.

FAVOR BALLINGER INQUIRY.

Both Houses Expected to Approve Plan for Investigation of Controversy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Everything is ready for the quick passage through the Senate of Mr. Jones's resolution authorizing a sweeping investigation by a joint committee of the two houses into the charges against Secretary Ballinger and the whole Pinchot-Ballinger controversy. Senator Jones's resolution will call for the appointment of a joint committee of twelve members—six from the Senate and six from the House—and on them will be conferred full powers to subpoena witnesses and demand papers.

No opposition to the resolution is expected in either the Senate or the House.

The President will send to the Senate on Friday or Monday all the papers in regard to the controversy that are to be found in the records of the departments involved, together with the review of the case by Attorney General Wickersham. This is in response to the resolution of Senator Flint, which was adopted in the Senate just before the holiday recess.

OUR policy of satisfaction or money back is not affected by our revision of prices. Brill Clothes are our best advertisement, and we shall appreciate it as a courtesy if the dissatisfied customer will permit us to give him what we try to give every customer—satisfaction.

MEN'S OVERCOATS AND SUITS—

Formerly $40 and $35 and suits that were $45, now..... $30

Formerly $30 and $28, now..... $22

Formerly $21 and $20, now..... $17

Formerly $16 and $15, now..... $12

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' SUITS

Youths' suits (14 to 20), formerly $11.50 and $10..... $8

Boys' worsted suits, formerly $4.95, and the Dudley Suit (7 to 17), with extra pair knickers, cut very full..... $3.95

Splendid fabrics in a variety of up-to-date patterns.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT, nr. Greenwich.

B. Altman & Co.

WILL PLACE ON SALE

BEGINNING THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY)

TURKISH RUGS IN LARGE SIZES

AT $65.00, $90.00 & $125.00

SOLD FORMERLY FOR $120.00 TO $250.00

ALSO

A NUMBER OF PERSIAN RUGS

AT REDUCED PRICES

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Stern Brothers

DRESSMAKING AND
LADIES' TAILORING DEPARTMENTS

For a Limited Period Orders will be accepted

At Special Concessions from Regular Prices

Advance Styles of Tailor-made Gowns, of choice materials, at $59.00

Riding Habits of Linen, Side or Cross Saddle, " 35.00

ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO A SELECTION OF

French Lingerie, Embroidered, Lace and Linen Gowns

Imported Especially for Southern Wear

Ranging in Prices from $35.00 to 325.00

(THIRD FLOOR)

West Twenty-third Street

Greenhut and Company Dry Goods

January White Sales

Muslin Underwear, French Lingerie,
Embroideries, White Goods,
Household Linens, Corsets,
Lingerie Dresses, White Bed Spreads,
Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Furs
Special Today.

$89.50 Near-Seal Coats, $55.00
$275.00 Hudson Seal Coats, $147.50
$39.50 Fur Lined Coats, $29.50
$79.50 Ponyskin Coats, $43.50
$79.50 Caracul Coats, $47.50

Undermuslins
Special Today.

$1.25 and $1.50 Night Gowns, 98c
$1.25 and $1.50 Combinations, 98c
$1.25 and $1.50 White Petticoats, 98c
$1.00 Corset Covers at 75c
Hand-embroidered French Chemise, 69c

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company.

January Sale of Corsets

The Best Corset Buying Month of the Year.

The great success of our last January Sale warranted us in doubling preparations, so that this will be a marked sale in so far as unprecedented values are concerned.

We not only introduce the new 1910 Corset contours, the new models and late fashions that will rule the ensuing year, but the buying advantage has become so thoroughly known that hundreds of our regular customers depend annually on this sale for practically their entire season's corset supply.

$1.85 for $3 J. B. Corsets

To many thousands of women the celebrated J. B. Corset needs no introduction. It is favorably known not only because of its assured form-fitting qualities but because of its enduring worth and genuine comfort-giving qualities.

In this sale we introduce the new 1910 extremely long model —a splendid model, particularly adapted to smart dressers who recognize the advantages of a perfect corset—walohn filled: two pairs of supporters. Always a $3 Corset—while the special purchase lasts $1.85

High Grade $8.75 Corsets in the January Sale at $3.75

This corset is made of fine figured coutil and fine batiste; extremely long model expressing in a masterful manner the new 1910 corset development—a corset which you will find in our regular stock at $8.75 when this special lot is sold. Sale price $3.75

$5 & $8 C.B. a la Spirite Corsets at $2.95

The name of this Corset and the low price tell of the remarkable price lowering of this great January movement.

Made of batiste, brocade, in new 1910 models to suit every figure and every size in every style; strictly whalebone filled—while they last $2.95

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company.

Greenhut and Company, Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th Street, New York City. Store Formerly Occupied by B. Altman & Co.

JANUARY CLEARANCE
MEN'S 50c & 1.00 NECKWEAR

25c

WM. VOGEL & SON

Two Broadway Stores: at Houston Street, at 44th Street

Forsythe

Our Great January Sale
Is Now in Progress
8,000 MEN'S SHIRTS
Imported Madras
At $2.00 Each
Regular prices $3 & $3.50

Broadway John Forsythe and 18th St.

MORPHINISM

The Increasing Prevalence of Drug Addictions makes timely the repeated announcement that the

OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT

for drug addictions, successfully applied for many years, involves little of the discomfort and other unpleasant features usually attendant upon the treatment of such cases. The period of residence required of patients averages less than three weeks. A high-class sanitarium is maintained, with skilled specialists and careful nursing.

For details cut this out and call on or write

The Oppenheimer Institute

317 WEST 57TH ST., NEW YORK.
(7) Telephone, Columbus 6495.

WESTCHESTER

LIFE

Illustrated Weekly

Second Number on Sale

TO-DAY

Ten Cents a Copy

Have You Sent That Telegram?

It may mean $100 to you.

For particulars, get this week's LIFE from your newsdealer.

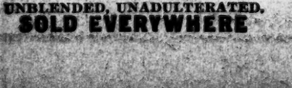
When a Grocer

gives you **Burnett's Vanilla** voluntarily, rest assured he is a high-class grocer who is looking out for your interest.

Burnett's Vanilla is as superior to ordinary vanila as rich cream is superior to skimmed milk.

Remember to ask for it and see for yourself.

Burnett's Vanilla



INDISPENSABLE

Dr. JOHN H. MEYER'S PURIFYING PLATE POWDER

Is the Ideal Purifier and Cleanser for Artificial teeth; absolutely destroys all forms of mouth bacteria and disease producing germs. A clean Plate fits better, keeps the mouth cool, sweet and wholesome and the general health is benefited.

For Sale by All Leading Druggists.

WISSNER PIANOS

WAREROOMS

96 5th Av., Cor. 15th St., New York.

538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant

We can save you money by running electric wires for heat, light and power.

Our scientific knowledge and practical skill insure work that we unhesitatingly guarantee.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

OLD CROW RYE

GUARANTEED TO BE

PURE RYE WHISKEY

UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

$3,000,000 NEW STOCK FOR GUARANTY TRUST

$2,000,000 to be Issued to Take Up Stock of Morton and Fifth Avenue Trust Companies.

PROFITS FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Stock Worth $600 Offered at Par to Extent of 50 Per Cent. of Holdings —Morgan Traction Interests.

The Guaranty Trust Company, in pursuance of the plans formulated by the Morgan interests for the merger with the Morton and Fifth Avenue Trust Companies, announced yesterday an increase in its capital from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000, the new stock to be offered at par to the present stockholders. Another meeting of the Directors of the Guaranty Trust Company will be held to-day, at which a further increase in the capital stock to $5,000,000 will be authorized. The additional $2,000,000 will be used to effect the absorption of the other two trust companies.

The terms of consolidation, which it is planned to announce after to-day's meeting of the trust company's Directors, will provide for the issuing of three shares of Guaranty Trust stock for each four shares of Morton Trust stock and one share of Guaranty Trust for each two shares of Fifth Avenue Trust. To carry out these terms will require the issue of $1,500,000 Guaranty Trust stock for the $2,000,000 capital stock of the Morton Trust Company, and $500,000 of Guaranty Trust for the $1,000,000 capital stock of the Fifth Avenue Trust.

Taking the terms of exchange into consideration, the valuation placed upon the stocks of the three institutions, which are to go to make up the enlarged Guaranty Trust Company, on the basis of the price of $600 a share paid by the Morgan interests for the Morton Trust stock are apparently $800 for Guaranty Trust stock, $600 a share for Morton Trust, and $400 a share for Fifth Avenue Trust stock. All these figures are somewhat above the last recorded bids for these stocks.

The $1,000,000 of new stock, which is to be offered to the Guaranty Trust stockholders at par, affords valuable subscription rights to those stockholders in advance of the consolidation. A special meeting of the Guaranty Trust stockholders has been called for Jan. 19 to ratify this increase, and the right to subscribe to the new stock at par to the extent of 50 per cent. of their holdings will be given to the shareholders of that date. All subscriptions will have to be made by March 1, on which date the right to subscribe will expire.

The enlarged Guaranty Trust Company, with $5,000,000 capital and over $18,500,000 surplus and undivided profits and with deposits amounting at the date of the last bank call to an aggregate of $126,000,000 for the three institutions, will be equal in the amount of deposits to any other trust company in the country and will have a combined capital and surplus larger than any other trust company.

The present plans, therefore, place the Morgan interests at the helm of the largest trust company in the United States, and, if the plans which are rumored in respect to the ultimate merger of the Guaranty Trust with the Bankers' Trust are carried out the institution will stand very far ahead of any other trust company.

One of the interesting facts associated with the present merger is that both the Guaranty Trust Company and the Morton Trust Company have been prominently identified as trustees and in other capacities with the local traction situation, in which the Morgan interests have for some time past been expected to take a place of a prominence, so soon as the time arrives for the reorganization of the local traction lines, which are now passing through receiverships.

The President of the Guaranty Trust Company has been the head of the reorganization committee of the Metropolitan Street Railway security holders, and the Guaranty Trust Company, as trustee of the general collateral trust mortgage of the Metropolitan Street Railway, instituted foreclosure proceedings against the company in February, 1908.

The Morton Trust Company is trustee of several underlying mortgages of the Metropolitan system, and was also trustee of the first consolidated mortgage of the Third Avenue Railroad, which was controlled by the Metropolitan system. The Morton Trust Company, because of what it regarded as a conflict in its duties as trustee under this mortgage and some of the other mortgages of the system, resigned last year as trustee of the Third Avenue first consolidated mortgage and was replaced by the Central Trust Company.

The intimate relationships, which thus exist between these trust companies and the affairs of the New York City traction lines, open up interesting possibilities regarding the place which the Morgan interests may occupy in the forthcoming reorganization of traction companies.

SEEKING SIMPLIFIED LAWS.

Bar Association Committee Reports Progress in the Work.

As the result of three meetings of the Bar Association considerable progress has been made by the committee of the association appointed to draw up recommendations for the simplification of the laws. This committee made fifty-two recommendations, dealing mainly with technical points of procedure, which were thoroughly discussed by the Bar Association on Dec. 14, 21, and 28.

Of these twenty-nine were accepted as the committee had drawn them up, and sixteen others were adopted after they had been amended. The others did not meet with the approval of the association.

In addition a resolution was passed by the association directing the committee to incorporate in any actual bill they may draw up the amendments suggested by the association, with such variations of words as may seem advisable. The committee was continued and was authorized in its discretion to consult with the New York State Bar Association and other associations and individuals interested in the administration of justice for purposes of assistance, criticism, and advice. The committee will make further report to the association when its work has been completed.

The association also authorized the committee to seek such legislation and such amendments of the Rules of Practice as will give effect to the report approved by the association, and the President of the association was empowered to enlarge the committee if requested to do so by the appointment of additional members of the association.

The thanks of the Bar Association were extended to the members of the committee for the excellence of its report.

BUSIEST YEAR FOR IMPORTS.

1909 Showed an Appraised Valuation of $236,000,000—Many Luxuries.

According to the report given out yesterday by George W. Wanmaker, Appraiser of the Port, 1909 was the busiest year in the history of the office. The total appraised value of imported merchandise exceeds the corresponding period of 1908 by approximately $236,000,000, the bulk of the increase apparently being in luxuries, such as diamonds and other precious stones, automobiles, works of art, and similar articles.

Mr. Wanmaker states that last year he appraised foreign goods having a value of $910,535,576, while in 1908 the value was $674,103,168. The valuations for 1907 were $855,341,270, which was the banner year. The appraised value of precious stones, cut, and pearls and uncut precious stones amounts to $40,494,356, in comparison with $12,862,896 for 1908 and $31,713,045 in 1907.

In 1909 there were imported through New York 2,028 automobiles, of the total appraised value of $4,802,304, in comparison with 1,706 cars, of the total appraised value of $3,965,468, in 1908, and 1,473, of the total appraised value of $4,829,437, in 1907.

The appraised value of passengers' and immigrants' baggage and effects for 1909 amounted to $11,463,261, compared with $6,889,567 for 1908.

E. G. Whitaker to Adjust Subway Disputes.

Under the contracts with the Bradley Contracting Company and the city for the construction of part of the Subway all differences were to be submitted to a referee to be selected by the Chamber of Commerce. Disagreements having arisen, Edward G. Whitaker has been appointed to adjust them.

EXHIBITION OF

Old Chinese Porcelains

Jade and Other Hard Stones

Plaza Hotel

Fifth Avenue & 59th Street, Suite 134-6-8, 1st Floor

by **GORER** of

170 New Bond Street, London.

On View Daily

Individual specimens may be selected.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE SHOWING ADVANCE STYLES IN TAILOR-MADE GOWNS, SUITABLE FOR WINTER RESORT AND PRESENT WEAR.

ORDERS WILL BE TAKEN AT $68.00, 75.00, 85.00 AND UP

(DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING DEPARTMENT.)

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

McGibbon & Company

INVENTORY SALE

A rare opportunity to buy Housekeeping Linen Goods, Blankets, Comfortables, Beds and Bedding at a

GUARANTEED SAVING OF TEN PER CENT.

SPECIAL:

Hemstitched Towels—Good Value $4.00 and $5.00 Per Doz.

These prices, and all other special values, subject to the **Ten Per Cent. Discount,** thus insuring a splendid saving.

BROADWAY AND 19TH STREET

Most Sensational Sale of

Men's Fur Lined Overcoats

SELECTION OF OVER 3,000 COATS

49.00 Marmot lined Coats, 52 inches long, made of fine English kersey, Persian Lamb collars..... **24.95**

75.00 Muskrat lined Coats, 52 inches long, made of imported kersey and Broadcloth, Persian Lamb and natural Otter collars..... **39.95**

100.00 Japanese Mink and Muskrat lined Coats, 52 inches, finest Persian Lamb and natural unplucked Otter shawl collar, well tailored coats, lined throughout..... **49.95**

OTHER FUR LINED COATS UP TO $350.00

LINDAU

STERLING QUALITY FURS

18 W. 23d Street, near 5th Ave.

ARCHITECT LUCE WANTED.

Order of Arrest Out Against E. H. Harriman's House Designer.

The Sheriff's office is looking for Clarence Luce, the well-known architect at 246 Fourth Avenue, with a writ of attachment, according to Wilber Norman & Kahn, lawyers of 299 Broadway, because they can't get him to pay a bill of $178 for a set of Voltaire he bought more than a year ago. They have a judgment against him now for $250.

Mr. Luce has considerable reputation in his profession. He was one of the architects who drew plans for the late E. H. Harriman's country home at Arden. He won the gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition for the New York State Building, and gets a liberal fee for acting as one of the advisors for the Committee on the new Building Code. Still he has ignored every attempt to get the $178, and so it has come to the point of an order of arrest.

More than a year ago he bought the books on contract, and according to the lawyers representing the St. Hubert Guild, which sold them to him, he has paid up not a penny. Seven or eight months ago, in the City Court, say the lawyers, judgment of $250 was awarded to the plaintiff. Mr. Luce did not pay, and so he was ordered to appear in supplementary proceedings. He did not appear. Then an order commanding him to show cause why he should not be found in contempt of court was issued. It was returnable before Judge McAvoy in June, but he did not appear. Judge McAvoy issued the attachment forthwith.

So far even that has had no effect. Mr. Reid, of Wilber, Norman & Kahn, says he has gone a dozen times with a Deputy Sheriff to Mr. Luce's handsome office, but has never yet caught sight of him.

Mr. Luce is in Albany.

Auto Tourists to Dine Peary.

A dinner for Commander Peary, U. S. N., will be given at the Union Club on Saturday by the Motor Car Touring Society. Among the guests will be Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, President of the Peary Arctic Club; Andrew Carnegie, Seth Low, Herbert L. Satterlee, and the Marquis de Beauvoir. Albert Eugene Gallatin, President of the society, will preside, and among the speakers will be Madison Grant, Chairman of the New York Zoological Society, Orme Wilson, Jr., Lawrence L. Gillespie, and Commander Peary.

LUDEMANN SEEKS DIVORCE.

Trial of Brooklyn Restaurant Man's Suit Begun Before Justice Greenbaum.

Arthur C. Ludemann, a restaurant owner, the son of a prominent Brooklyn brewer, is suing his wife, Eugene, for divorce. Trial of the issues of the action was begun before Justice Greenbaum and a jury in the Supreme Court yesterday. The courtroom was crowded with curious persons, but Justice Greenbaum forbade the making of sketches of the principals in the courtroom. John F. McIntyre is attorney for Mrs. Ludemann.

Attorney Graham in his opening address to the jury declared he would base his case on two alleged offenses by Mrs. Ludemann, both committed at a hotel in Manhattan. Mrs. Ludemann was arrested and discharged after a raid on the hotel last March 30. She explains that she took refuge in a room where she was found because she feared her husband was coming in pursuance of an alleged threat to disfigure her. An effort will be made to show animus on Ludemann's part because of alleged discoveries of his conduct by Mrs. Ludemann.

BOW KUM'S MURDER IN COURT.

Two Chinamen Accused of Killing Girl Who Deserted Her Tong.

Lau Tang and Lau Shong, who were indicted for the murder of Bow Kum, which rose out of one of the recent tong wars in Chinatown, were put on trial yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Goff. Tang has been slightly Americanized, but the other Chinaman wears a heavy queue.

On the morning of April 15 the little Chinese girl was found stabbed to death in the rooms of her lover, Chin Lem, at 17 Mott Street. She had originally been in the possession of a San Francisco member of the Four Brothers Society, to which Lau Tang and Lau Shong belong, but after spending six months in a mission she came east to live with Chin Lem, a member of the On Leong Tong. Great contention followed this desertion to a rival organization, and after many conferences Bow Kum paid heavily for her disloyalty.

Assistant District Attorney Moss has charge of the case, and Terence McManus is counsel for the defense. The entire day was spent in selecting the jury, while a crowd of Chinese witnesses filled the corridors.

O'NEILL-ADAMS CO

(Established 42 Years)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

Everybody who insists on getting Surety Stamps helps to establish an honest stamp—worth 2½ per cent of all that is purchased in these two stores.

Before noon we give double stamps—or a 5 per cent bonus.

Rugs and Carpets Come Into the January Sales

O'Neill Building—Fourth Floor.

Transported by Our Magic Carpets.

Thousands of Dollars' Worth at 10 to 25 Per Cent Off

And there's no limit to the quantity of yards or number of rugs at these prices.

$25 and $27.50 Rugs at $19.50. Body Brussels, 9x12 feet.

Smyrna Rugs in both the "Imperial" and "Royal" qualities.

	Regular	Sale Prices
9x12 feet,	$28.50	$25.65
7½x10½ feet,	$22.50	$20.25
6x9 feet,	$14.50	$13.55
4x7 feet,	$6.95	$6.30
3x6 feet,	$4.35	$3.95

$1.50 Savonnerie Carpets, $1.35

Savonnerie Axminsters, in parlor patterns, with borders to match, in unlimited quantities.

85c and $1 Carpets for 75c and 89c

The best qualities of Tapestry Brussels, made in a most satisfactory assortment of patterns.

Oriental Rugs

Every Eastern rug we have will be marked 10 to 25 per cent below regular prices this morning, when the doors open.

We Give and Redeem Surety Stamps

Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St. **O'NEILL-ADAMS CO** Sixth Ave. 20th to 22d St.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34 to 35th St.

The White Sale

The deeper we go into the respective merits of the Muslin Underwear Sales now going on in New York, the stronger is our conviction that we haven't done our values justice in the newspapers. We've been too conservative in making claims. But women are competent judges about such things. Their enthusiasm, expressed in the most practical way, admits of but one construction.

Quality for quality, prices are surely lower here than anywhere else. That fact has been proven over and over again.

We may not be very much cheaper on the lower grades. But we are a little cheaper—enough to make it worth your while to buy here.

On the finer American and the beautiful French Handmade Lingerie we save you a great deal—an average of one-quarter.

Our advice "*make comparisons*" loses none of its wisdom by repetition.

Men's Motoring Coats

Fourth Floor.

Most men who motor need no introduction to Burberry Coats from London. Burberry Garments have won distinction throughout two continents. They are as nearly perfect as Cloth Coats for automobiling can well be. Warmful and protecting without being burdensome or cumbersome. When you don a Burberry you're sure rain, or snow, or sleet, or wind can't get at you and the feeling is not impressed upon you by any sense of physical weight.

Men's Burberry Coats, made of medium weight tan Gabardine cloth, lined with light all-wool material that baffles the weather **$47.74**

At **$54.75**—Men's Burberry Coats, made of tan Gabardine, full double-breasted mode, semi-detachable vest, wool lining. At the same price—Men's Coats made of Burberry cloth, a fuzzy weave, in gray, brown and green, plaid wool lining. One of the lightest, sightliest and most comfortable garments we have.

Men's Burberry Cloth Coats, in tan and brown mixtures, finished with Persian lamb collar, lined with natural muskrat..... **$98.75**

Others lined with muskrat, sabled squirrel and raccoon, with Persian lamb, raccoon and other collars, up to **$174.00**

English Raincoats—This is a sample line of smart Raincoats from London. They are thoroughly waterproofed—light, medium and heavy. If you wish a Raincoat that combines service with good style and economy, see these, at..... **$22.74**

Men's and Boys' Storm Boots

Fifth Floor.

Thaw and rain call for *special* Footwear. To keep the feet dry and ward off the colds caused by exposure at this season of the year you must respond to the call. *We make it easy for you to do it economically.*

Men's Storm Proofed Boots, made of black and tan "Shrewsbury" leather—twelve inches high—two double soles extending through to heels—reinforced seams—full bellows tongue, strap and buckle, $5.94.

Boys' High-cut Storm Boots, damp proof—two full double soles—straps and buckles, at $2.97 and $3.96.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO **Bloomingdales**

Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street.

Bear in Mind

this is a practical store, supplying the requirements of thousands of families who find Bloomingdales' most easy of access from north, east, south or west, by auto, carriage, elevated train, surface car or afoot. With a permanent buying organization in all important commercial centres of the world, and a firmly established policy of justice and equity to all, there is no reason to wonder why Bloomingdales' is the "Store of Certain Satisfaction."

Lining Satin, yard wide, guaranteed for two seasons' wear; gray, tan, white and black; per yard..... **75c**

Black Taffeta, yard wide, superb quality; deep jet black; mellow and lustrous; per yard.... **98c**

Black Peau de Cygne, yard wide, soft, bright finish; a splendid wearing fabric; perfect shade of black; per yard..... **$1.15**

Messaline Silks, yard wide, sheer, firm and brilliant; superior quality; full range of shades and black and white; per yard..... **$1.25**

Bloomingdales', Lex. to 3rd Ave., 59th to 60th St.

Annual Shoe Sale

Reduced Prices

on over 14,500 pairs of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes

Alexander

SIXTH AVENUE AND NINETEENTH STREET

D. O. MILLS DIES SUDDENLY IN WEST

Heart Disease Unexpectedly Ends Life of the Aged Capitalist and Philanthropist.

BUILT THE MILLS HOTELS

Gained Riches in California During the Gold Rush and Later by Wide Business Activities Here.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—Darius Ogden Mills died suddenly last night at his Winter home near here. His death, which came almost without warning, was due to heart disease. Of late Mr. Mills, although somewhat feeble, had enjoyed better health than had been the case for several years previously. He was 84 years old.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, wife of the Ambassador to Great Britain, was with her father at the time of his death. His son, Ogden Mills, started for New York yesterday, believing him to be in excellent condition. Dr. Hertzstein was summoned hurriedly last night when Mr. Mills was suddenly attacked. He arrived shortly after Mr. Mills's death.

No arrangements for the funeral will be made until after the arrival here of Ogden Mills. It is expected Mr. Mills will arrived here to-morrow afternoon.

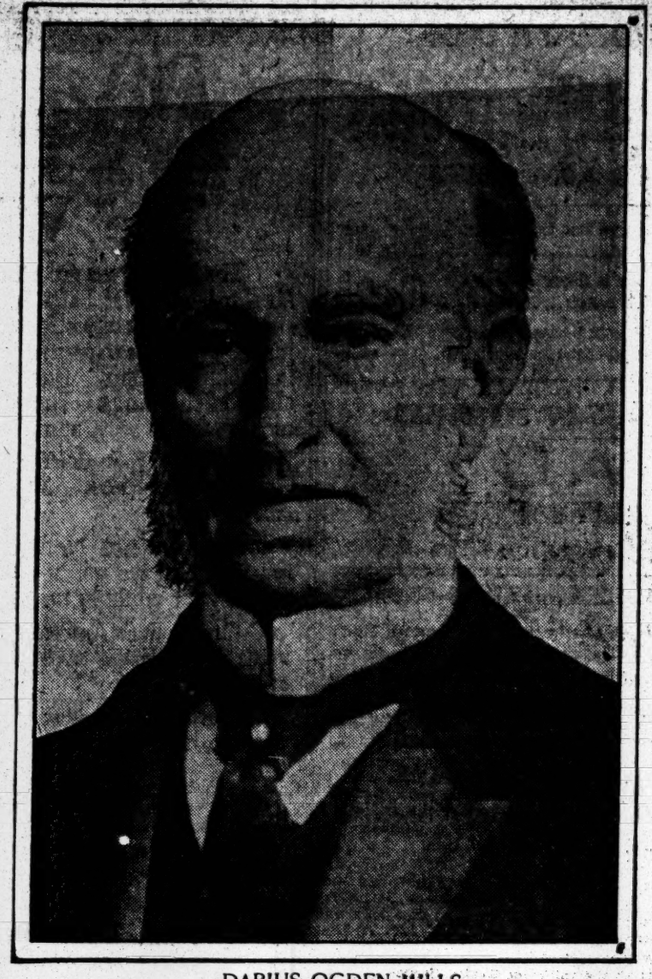
REID TO ATTEND FUNERAL.

Ambassador Will Sail for New York To-day—King Is Grieved.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—News of the death of D. Ogden Mills was received here with great regret, placing, as it does, a number of prominent families in mourning. One result is the sailing to-morrow of Whitelaw Reid, American Ambassador, by the St. Louis to attend the funeral of Mr. Mills. Mr. Reid will travel alone on his voyage to New York.

King Edward has communicated to Mr. Reid his condolences and has requested him to convey a similar message to Mrs. Reid.



DARIUS OGDEN MILLS.

Career of Mr. Mills.

Like so many other multi-millionaire New Yorkers, Mr. Mills got his first taste of business in the course of a struggle to support his family. He was born in West Salem, N. Y., and was educated at North Salem and at Mount Pleasant Academy at Sing Sing. It was a New York City mercantile house that gave him twelve years of the hardest work he ever had in his life—from his ninth year to his twenty-first. He got a post in a new bank in Buffalo as soon as he reached his majority, went to California when the gold fever ran through the country in 1847, and came back a millionaire. He earned his first riches through a general merchandising business and later through a successfully conducted bank.

Mr. Mills had none of the mental or nervous irritation which the majority of the big men of finance exhibit when they reach their declining days. He was a man of convention of habit. It was apparent in his dress, his manner, and his speech. His six feet and more of height were emphasized by the plainness of his black sack suit, the high flat-topped derby hat, the standing collar, and the black four-in-hand tie. Only a large pearl pin gave relief to the sombre dress.

Mr. Mills had modest offices in the Mills Building, in Broad Street. A good many big men have gone there to get help in time of stress. There some charities of the first magnitude have been conceived. It is just an old-fashioned suite of three rooms. One room was a general outer office, one served the purposes of a bookkeeper and clerks, and in the third Mr. Mills had his desk.

If there was no one with him, the visitor could say a word to the attendant and walk in. He would be received in a friendly enough way, and get or be refused the object of his errand with entire unconcern. Apparently the man who inhabited the place had a theory of economy worked out for his nerves, his vocal powers, and his physical movements, just as much as for his business activities. When the visitor turned to leave, Mr. Mills would look from his desk long enough to say good day, and then, as if his attention had been attracted to the buzzing of a fly, go back to his work. It was this way for the last generation that he spent his life in his quiet corner of the Mills Building.

Found Riches in the West.

But there had been livelier scenes in the years long passed. Not at Buffalo, for the life there was only for a couple of years, and young Mills had started at 23 on what capital he had acquired for the California frontier. His two brothers had gone ahead of him, and with them he established early in 1848 a general store and exchange office at Sacramento. At the end of the first year there was a profit of $40,000, which wasn't bad for three youngsters. They took this profit—not their capital—and sent it to New York by Darius Mills to invest in all sorts of things that the community seemed to need. Sacramento wasn't a very large town in 1848, and its needs were simple, but what it did need it needed badly, and was willing to pay for; so the Mills brothers turned over another and bigger profit at the end of their second year, and at the end of a few years more, by means of the same system of doubling up, Darius, the youngest, was able to take out his share and start a bank, "D. O. Mills Gold Bank."

The bank is still there. "The Gold Bank of D. O. Mills & Co." is its rearranged name. It is about as solid and conservative as its founder was, and has been through excitements that disturbed many people round about. One must not think, however, that D. O. Mills took no interest whatever in gold until it came in over his counters in exchange for his goods or his accommodation. He was in on the famous "Comstock Lode" with John W. Mackay, and had a hand in a dozen different mining enterprises that panned out big. But these represented the investment of his surplus. He made his original stake by methods far safer and in those early days with just about as high a percentage of profit.

By 1857 Mr. Mills was one of the richest men of California. He had helped to found the Bank of California, and later on to rescue it from the control of a group of speculators. In the later sixties he came to New York and established the Mills firm here. But this was only to repeat the line of conduct he had followed in California. Active speculation on the Stock Exchange, the various wars of financiers for the control of railroad and other properties, did not interest him, except they gave him profitable opportunities for investment. But real estate did have an interest for him. New York was due to have its later growth, just as California had had its early growth, and there were more profits to be made; only the initial stake must be larger. Fortunately, Mr. Mills had the stake.

So he went on to the end of his years, piling up his wealth, which he used intelligently and humanely, but without any passion for spending or for giving such as characterized many other makers and inheritors of great fortunes. Here in New York he put up the Mills Building years ago when it was bigger than most any other structure in the financial district. Out in California, where his interests still continued, he had his mining and banking concerns, which never passed out of his mind.

Built the Mills Hotels.

Here also he built the Mills Hotels 1, 2, and 3, where the worthy poor man with 15 cents or more in his clothes might find a clean, well-kept lodging, a bath, and decent surroundings for a little time at least.

Mr. Mills was not given to discussing his philanthropic enterprises or the ideas on which they had their foundation. But he did speak sometimes on these matters, and on one of the rare occasions when his views found public expression—it was the opening of the Mills Hotel No. 3—he said:

"We are too extravagant in this country. There is more waste here than in almost any other country. Persons of large means as well as persons of small ones spend a great deal more money than is necessary for their needs. The value of money is not generally appreciated, and anything in the shape of an object lesson in that direction cannot fail to have a beneficial effect.

"One of my objects in establishing cheap hotels in this city is to make men on very limited means practice economy by enabling them to live comfortably on a small outlay. The Mills Hotels were not built to help the vagabond, but to help the self-respecting man who cannot earn money enough to enjoy all the physical comforts that he ought to have."

Out on the Pacific he endowed a chair of philosophy in the University of California, where he held a trusteeship, just as he was a trustee of the Lick estate. But all this was done with the moderation and orderly procession that characterized his career from end to end. Though the newspapers have published much about the Mills Hotels, there is probably not another one of Mr. Mills's philanthropic enterprises that has been written up to the extent of a half column in ten years.

Yet they are many—not picked out for him by a Board of Trustees or advertised by a press agent. He had determined the lines of his giving just by "looking around." Thus he was "looking around" Bellevue Hospital one day and thought that the sick there ought to have better nursing. He therefore built the Training School for Male Nurses, where a young man who has passed an examination can receive from the city sufficient assistance to carry him through a two years' course. Mr. Mills didn't put up this scholarship endowment himself. It seemed proper that the city should do that much, and it was so decided. Even the city, according to his idea, ought not to get something for nothing. Under his arrangement all parties contributed, Mr. Mills the building and general endowment, the city the scholarships, and the candidates for nurses their time and best efforts. This scheme, after all, pretty well illustrated the Mills idea of the underlying economy of things.

Mr. Mills was married on Sept. 5, 1854, to Jane Temple Cunningham, daughter of James Cunningham of New York. A son and daughter were born of the marriage. His granddaughter, the former Miss Jean Reid, is now Countess Granard.

His Business Interests Wide.

At the time of his death Mr. Mills was an officer in many corporations of a business and public nature. He was Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Fordham Home for Incurables and a Trustee of the Carnegie Institute of Washington, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the American Museum of Natural History, and the American Geographical Society. Among the Directorates of which he was a member are those of the New York Central Railroad, the Bank of New York, the Morton Trust Company, the United States Trust Company, the Atlantic Coast Steamship Company, the North Atlantic Steamship Company, the City and Suburban Homes Company, the International Paper Company, and the Lackawanna Steel Company.

Mr. Mills had a prominent hand in the building of the Southern Pacific, and for many years was a member of its Directorate. When the first sign of the failing of his remarkable energy came, two years ago, he resigned from the Southern Pacific and Erie Directorates. His holdings in upward of thirty corporations, in whose affairs he once took active part, are said to total many millions of dollars. Estimates of his fortune have varied, like estimates of all the great fortunes of New York millionaires. Men who have been more or less conversant downtown with his affairs were disposed to place his fortune yesterday in the neighborhood of $60,000,000.

MRS. ELLIS'S DEATH LAID TO FASHION

Fatally Burned, Dressmakers Say, Because She Wore an Inflammable Gown.

TOUCH OF FIRE ENOUGH

They Urge Women Not to Appear in Restaurants Costumed in Filmsy Fabrics.

Dame Fashion is blamed for the death of Mrs. Florence T. Ellis, whose gown caught fire on New Year's Eve in the Café Martin, when a tiny flame touched the flimsy fabric of her skirt. Modistes say that in recent years the taste among women for gowns of light, inflammable fabrics has grown, and that the styles of late have increased the danger from death by fire such as that met by Mrs. Ellis.

Although friends of Mrs. Ellis say that celluloid formed an important part of the ornaments of Mrs. Ellis's gown, many of the dressmakers say that even had there been no celluloid ornaments in her attire it is likely that she would have had difficulty in checking the flames owing to the manner in which her gown was made. It was one of the late styles, without ruffles, made principally of chiffon, a material on which flames feed as though it were soaked in oil.

In the old days of ruffles there was not so much danger as now, the dressmakers say, for the ruffles along the lower part of the dress formed a check for any flame which touched the bottom of the skirt. The dressmakers admit that celluloid spangles add greatly to the danger from fire in a woman's attire, and for that reason alone they say that celluloid spangles have been going out of style in the last year or two. Other materials have taken the place of that highly inflammable substance.

With the exception of spangles or scales, celluloid is rarely used now on women's gowns, but thousands of well-dressed women are using hair combs of it. Imitations of tortoise shell are perhaps more popular now than ever before.

Many of the modistes say that the women of New York, who like to appear in the restaurants in gowns so light and filmy that they seem inadequate covering for a Winter's night, would do well to take heed from the experience of Mrs. Ellis and wear dresses of a heavier, less inflammable type than the one worn by the unfortunate victim.

"Gowns can be made of other materials quite as strong, and as fireproof as a man's attire, and equally as pretty as those gowns of chiffon or other filmsy stuff," said Edward Roman, head of the Mrs. Osborn Company, yesterday, in speaking of the death of Mrs. Ellis and of the general trend in women's attire. "There is little protection against fire for the woman wearing a lightweight chiffon gown at any time, either in restaurants or elsewhere. The least spark which reaches the chiffon is sufficient for the gown to go up in a puff of flame.

"Then, too, aside from the danger from fire to the woman who insists upon appearing in restaurants gowned so inappropriately, there is the wear and tear to such a gown in a public place. I do not know what part celluloid could have played in the gown of Mrs. Ellis, for the scale gowns, in which the fish-scale effect is made of small celluloid cubes, have been out of style for about two years. Rhinestones, silver-lined bugles, and silver-lined beads have taken the place of the celluloid in Europe, where the best material for gowns is made. Not long ago celluloid as a large factor in the making of scale gowns gave place to a kind of glue, out of which the scales, or beads, were made. It will melt instead of burn under strong heat, and is far safer than celluloid."

One of the modistes who blames fashion for the increasing danger from fire is the manager at Miss Alice Maynard's, at 381 Fifth Avenue.

"The chiffons which are popular with well-dressed women now have no wool in them and are made in one piece, which affords no check to any chance flame which comes in contact with the skirt," said the manager. "It is not like in other years, when the dresses were made with ruffles. For where there are ruffles there is a break to check the flames; but in the one-piece chiffons there is no break, and the gown goes up in a puff. Celluloid is dangerous, and is now only used for spangles in black-spangled gowns. Several years ago, when there was a craze for spangles, there did not seem to be a great many accidents, for the women knew how dangerous it was to have their spangled gowns come in contact with fire."

Other modistes said that a few more accidents like that in the Café Martin would bring about a decided decline in the demand for gowns on which any celluloid ornaments appear.

DEFENDS MRS. ELLIS'S MEMORY.

Friend of Dead Woman Denies Stories of Warren Marriage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In defense of the good name of my deceased client, Mrs. Florence T. Ellis, who died yesterday afternoon through her injuries received on New Year's Eve at Cafe Martin, I ask you to publish this denial of the outrageous and unfounded statements contained in certain of this morning's newspapers, to the effect that she is the wife of a Dr. J. G. Warren.

I have known Mrs. Ellis and her husband, Charles E. Ellis, for many years. I have frequently visited them at their home and dined with them and met many of their friends who knew them both for the past twenty years. I have represented both parties in many business transactions, especially during the past three years, and therefore I am in a position to speak authoritatively and with personal knowledge when I positively deny the false and untrue statements contained in the newspapers, whereby it is attempted to smirch Mrs. Ellis's reputation and disgrace her honorable name, which never before has been attempted.

The facts stated in the two newspapers in question must be known to both to be false, because their representatives were informed last night by Mr. Graves, the manager of the Hotel Frederick, (Mr. and Mrs. Ellis's home,) that Mrs. Ellis has not during the past five months been absent one night from her home in this city, and therefore she could not be the alleged wife of Dr. J. G. Warren, who, it is stated by the Pittsburg police, "was with him when he was arrested four weeks ago at Fort Pitt Hotel, Pittsburg," and likewise Mrs. Ellis could not be the doctor's wife, who, it is stated, "left for New York a week ago."

I was with Mr. Ellis last night from 6 to 12 o'clock, when he retired, and it is untrue, as it is stated in one paper, that when he was "told last night of the claim of the Pittsburg man, he refused to discuss it, saying he knew no Dr. Warren," and it is equally false, as stated in the other, "this message was communicated to Mr. Ellis last evening. He said he would not discuss such a report, that he knew nothing of such a person as Dr. Warren." No newspaper reporters saw Mr. Ellis last night, and he never heard the name of Dr. Warren until his attention was called to one of these newspaper articles this morning.

It is a contemptible and cowardly act when a newspaper will print such damaging stories of a lady after she is dead and when it is known she is not here to defend herself, especially when the newspaper representatives have been told facts which, if only investigated to a slight extent, would contradict the stories and prove same, so far as Mrs. Ellis is concerned, to be without any foundation.

Knowing that many of the friends of both Mr. and Mrs. Ellis are readers of your paper, I ask you to contradict these slanderous statements above referred to regarding Mrs. Ellis.

JOHN J. VAUSE.

New York, Jan. 4, 1910.

IN CONVICT DRESS, MORSE MEETS WIFE

"Oh, My Husband!" She Cries and Rushes Into His Arms—They Talk Two Hours.

TO WORK IN TAILOR SHOP

Later the ex-Banker Will Be Put on a Construction Gang—Gives Mrs. Morse Business Directions.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 4.—In his convict garb Charles W. Morse met his wife today as Mrs. Morse entered the room at the Federal Prison where convicts are allowed to receive visitors. When she saw Morse waiting to receive her in his prison dress she cried:

"Oh, my husband."

She rushed into his arms sobbing. Morse was deeply moved, but he restrained his emotion and soothed her.

As soon as Mrs. Morse recovered her composure W. P. Reid of Boston, who accompanied her to the prison, was admited to the room, and the three remained in conference for nearly two hours discussing plans as to the fight for Morse's freedom. Morse also gave his wife instructions in regard to his business affairs.

As Morse embraced his wife on leaving tears were streaming down his cheeks.

"This has been the hardest day of my life," said Mrs. Morse when she returned to the Piedmont Hotel with Mr. Reid. "I know that my husband is being unjustly punished, and it was torture for me to see him in such a place."

Both Mrs. Morse and Mr. Reid said the fight to release Morse would be kept up. Mrs. Morse is being urged to present a petition to Taft for pardon. She has assurances that such a petition would receive thousands of signatures all over the United States. Mrs. Morse will remain here several days before returning to New York. She will not take up a permanent residence near the prison until she has exhausted every effort to release her husband.

Morse entered to-day on the routine of prison life. He was vaccinated this morning and measured. He has been assigned to work in the tailor shop, but at times will be put on a construction gang so that he may have the benefit of exercise in the open air. He bore up well to-day. He seems to believe that he will be released.

This is the second visit of Mrs. Morse to Atlanta. Her first was of only two days' duration at the time her first husband, Charles F. Dodge, was manager of the Aragon Hotel. Soon after that visit she secured a divorce from Dodge and married Morse.

Mrs. Morse arrived in the city at noon. She was met at the station by Mr. Reid. Mrs. Morse will not be permitted to see her husband again for fifteen days. Mr. Reid, however, because of the business interests of his friend and the fact that others might suffer from neglect of them, will be permitted to see the prisoner oftener.

Third edition

SPARROWS

The Story of an Unprotected Girl

by HORACE W. C. NEWTE

IN England this book has had a wonderful success, being now in its sixth edition. It is an admirable story, and from the first page to the last there is the unmistakable stamp of truth. A remarkable novel.

—*Pittsburg Leader.*

MITCHELL KENNERLEY

Publisher NEW YORK

JERICHO IS AT THE AUTO SHOW IT

LONG SANG TI

293 5th Ave.,

Near 31st St., New York.

CHINESE CURIO COMPANY

Beg to announce that they have just received from Peking, China, a collection CONSISTING OF

Chinese Jade Ornaments, Porcelain and Pottery; Oriental Jewelry and Fine Silk Embroidery. Send for booklet T.

Interiors of Derby Desks

are divided to meet the needs demanded by the most methodical and exacting users of desks and office furniture.

Derby Desk Co

City Investing Bldg. 165 Broadway New York

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Important to Advertisers

To secure desirable positions, advertisements for next Sunday's New York Times should be in the Times Building not later than noon Friday, January 7th.

Smith Gray

REORGANIZATION

The lack of time is wholly responsible for this last drastic cut in the Smith Gray Reorganization prices.

The lowest prices which Smith Gray & Co. have ever known have prevailed for the past 15 days.

But the reductions since have placed the prices now far, far below anything we have ever offered.

Men's & Young Men's Suits	Men's & Young Men's Overcoats
$12.50—Reduced from $18, 20 & 22	$12.50—Reduced from $18, 20 & 22
$16.00—Reduced from $25, 28 & 30	$16.00—Reduced from $25, 28 & 30
$21.00—Reduced from . . $32 & 35	$21.00—Reduced from . . $32 & 35
$26.00—Reduced from . . $38 & 40	$32.00—Reduced from . . $42 & 45
$32.00—Reduced from . . $42 & 45	$37.00—Reduced from $48, 50 & 55

Furnishing Goods Reductions

$1.50, 2 & 2.50 Fancy Shirts $1.15 Plain and Pleated Bosoms.	50c, 75c & $1 Neckwear .... 35c 3 for $1.00
$1.50 Full Dress Shirts $1.15	$1.25 Cape Gloves 95c
$2 & 2.50 Full Dress Shirts $1.65	50c. Imported Lisle Hose .. 25c
$8, 9 & 10 Blanket Bath Robes $5.75	75c. & $1 Silk Suspenders ... 55c

$3 to 5 Soft and Stiff Hats $1.75
English Derbies, seconds and regular stock

Smith Gray & Co.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren Street
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton Street at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK

IRVING National Exchange Bank

REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

TO OUR STOCKHOLDERS.

For the year 1909 our net operating profits amounted to		$404,781.39
From which we have charged balance Furniture and Fixtures	$30,000.00	
Premiums on U. S. Bonds.. (Reducing their book value to par.)	28,525.00	
Other items, including $16,250 on sale Real Estate taken over in the merger	$17,837.55	
		$76,362.55
Amount applicable to dividends		$328,418.84
Dividends paid 8%		160,000.00
Balance increase Profit and Loss Account, 1909		$168,418.84

Our statement December 31st, 1909, does not include any past due or doubtful items, and our Guarantee Account, created from the earnings of 1908, is still intact, with a cash value of $35,000, and is not shown among the assets of the bank.

The members of your Board of Directors have given liberally of their time to the Bank's interests, and as usual have caused its affairs to be carefully examined at different periods of the year by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell & Company, Chartered Accountants.

It is a pleasure to acknowledge our indebtedness to the active kindness of so many friends to whose courtesy and assistance is due a large portion of our growth and success, resulting during the past year in the opening of new accounts with initial deposits of $8,400,000.

Respectfully yours,
LEWIS E. PIERSON, President.

MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO.,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Bank Audit Department

NEW YORK, December 28th, 1909.

Messrs. D. W. Whitmore, Chairman,
Theodore F. Whitmarsh,
William Halls, Jr.,
M. M. Belding, Jr.,
John G. Luke,
Examination Committee.

Irving National Exchange Bank
NEW YORK CITY

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your instructions we have made an examination of your Bank as at the close of business on November 30, 1909.

WE HEREBY CERTIFY That the Statement of Condition which we submitted as of that date is in accordance with the books of the Bank and, in our opinion, exhibits a full and true account of the resources and liabilities of the bank.

In submitting this certificate we would say that we have, so far as we can do as accountants, carefully verified the correctness of all figures included in the statement of resources and liabilities as of November 30, 1909, and also examined the securities. The investments appear to be carried at a conservative valuation and the loans and discounts to be high-grade. The available reserve shows that the Bank is strong in liquid assets.

Very truly yours,
MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO.

STATEMENT
DEC. 31, 1909

ASSETS

IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE.		
Cash in Vault and Checks for Clearings	$8,404,573.21	
Due from Correspondents and Demand Loans	5,483,386.04	
		$13,887,959.25
AVAILABLE WITHIN 30 DAYS		
Loans Due in 30 Days.	4,790,404.34	
U. S. and other Bonds.	1,268,923.21	
Other Investments..	79,608.33	
		$6,138,935.88
OTHER LOANS AND DISCOUNTS		
Due within 4 Months	7,423,721.47	
Due after 4 Months.	4,104,289.68	
		11,528,011.15
		$31,554,906.28

LIABILITIES

CAPITAL		$2,000,000.00
SURPLUS AND PROFITS		1,538,515.91
Circulation		800,000.00
Deposits { Individual	$15,037,588.44	
Deposits { Banks	12,178,801.93	
		$27,216,390.37
		$31,554,906.28

A STATEMENT SHOWING THE GROWTH OF THE IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK DURING THE PAST ELEVEN YEARS.

Date	Capital	Surplus and Profits	Deposits	Premium Account	Furniture and Fixtures	Assets
Dec. 31, 1898	$ 300,000	$ 53,400	$2,045,400	$15,655	$6,000	$2,651,700
Nov. 1, 1901	500,000	339,800	4,400,600	17,000	21,000	5,566,900
Aug. 10, 1903	1,000,000	886,300	5,859,300	28,500	69,325	8,241,900
*Jan. 17, 1907	2,000,000	1,000,000	*20,437,300	45,050		24,889,100
Dec. 31, 1909	2,000,000	1,538,500	27,216,300	Charged off	Charged off	31,554,900

*Consolidation New York National Exchange Bank.....Deposits, $11,557,140
Irving National Bank..... " 8,880,160
Total, $20,437,300

RESOURCES OVER THIRTY-ONE MILLIONS

OFFICERS

LEWIS E. PIERSON, President
JAMES E. NICHOLS, Vice-President
ROLLIN P. GRANT, Vice-President
BENJ. F. WERNER, Cashier
DAVID H. G. PENNY, Ass't Cashier
HARRY E. WARD, Ass't Cashier

WEST BROADWAY AND CHAMBERS STREET - - NEW YORK

Wm. Knabe & Company

51st Weekly

SALE OF PIANOS

To-day

OUR recent enormous output of new Knabe Pianos (purchased during the holidays) naturally caused us to accept, in part payment, a number of

Slightly USED PIANOS

Experts from our own factory have placed these instruments in thorough order. The following sharply reduced prices admit of unusual economy, for instance:

Grands

Knabe Baby Grand; mahogany; like new; was $950	$560
Knabe Mignon; smaller than Baby Grand; was $750	$550
Knabe; rose; was $850. Special at only	$510
Hardman; was $750. Special at only	$375
Chickering; was $850. Special at only	$360
Erard; was $750. Special at only	$350

Uprights

Knabe; mahogany; was $750. Special at only	$425
Knabe; mahogany; was $600. Special at	$410
Knabe; mahogany; was $500. Special at only	$250
Chickering; ebony; was $500. Special at only	$280
Hardman; mahogany; was $500. Special at only	$300
Steck; mahogany; was $500. Special at only	$290
Haines Bros.; was $450. Special at only	$260
Steinway; rose; was $600. Special at	$310
Steinway; rose; was $550. Special at	$305
Haselton; was $205. Special at only	$205
Gabler; was $450. Special at only	$175
Mollhaner; was $250. Special at only	$ 75

Player-Pianos

Knabe-Angelus; mahogany; was $1,050. Special at	$795
Ebersole; mahogany; was $750. Special at	$390
Marshall & Wendell; was $700. Special at	$350
One fine Mahogany Player-Piano. Special at only	$275

Convenient terms of payment will be arranged

New Pianos . . . $190
$5 Down and $5 Monthly

New Player-Pianos, $390

WILLIAM KNABE AND COMPANY

5th Ave. & 39th St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

HYGEIA MEDICAL INSTITUTE

4 W. 83rd STREET

FIRST HOUSE FROM CENTRAL PARK WEST

Has been a blessing to many since its inauguration.

The treatment by electrical and mechanical Therapy has been employed successfully in Europe for the last few years, and suffering people welcomed an establishment of this kind in New York, where they can be treated at moderate cost without interference with their business.

Dr. Julius Rosenberg is the Physician-in-Charge. In his private and hospital practice Dr. Rosenberg has employed this treatment with great success for many years.

Diseases long considered incurable have readily yielded to these treatments.

The cases in which these treatments have been most successful are:

Acute and Chronic Rheumatism.
Disorders of the Heart and Circulation.
Diseases of the Nervous System.
Constipation, Lumbago, Sciatica, Obesity.
Chronic Disorders of Digestion and Metabolism, such as Gout and Diabetes.

Investigate these new treatments. Visit the Institute—go through it—examine our apparatus—see what the treatments are like, or give your name, so that we can send you instructive literature.

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

WIFE DEAD OF POISON, HUSBAND A PRISONER

Morris Lustig Arrested Here Following Exhuming of Woman's Body in Milroy, Penn.

HE HAD INSURED HER LIFE

But One Company Refused to Pay—Doctors Suspicious—Closely Resembles a Rogues' Gallery Picture.

Detectives from the Homicide Bureau at Police Headquarters and from the District Attorney's office worked hard yesterday trying to establish that Morris Lustig, sometimes known as Maurice Lustic, had poisoned his wife, Rhoda, with strychnine last October for the purpose of collecting life insurance policies aggregating $3,000.

Lustig was arrested early yesterday morning at his boarding house, 141 East Fifteenth Street, by Detective Frank Miller of the Central Office. He denied that he was concerned in any way in the death of his wife, but he was committed to the Tombs without bail to await the Coroner's inquest next Tuesday.

Lustig is 31 years of age, and has had a roving career. Although the evidence against him is principally circumstantial, Capt. Carey of the Homicide Bureau and Assistant District Attorney Turnbull, who have been investigating the case for several weeks, are convinced that the prisoner will have a hard time explaining many damaging facts.

Lustig several years ago worked as an ambulance driver at the New York Hospital, and while there he picked up a superficial knowledge of medicine and surgery. He was discharged and went to Pittsburg. While traveling through small Pennsylvania towns he met Rhoda Irene Mills of Milroy, and married her, according to a marriage certificate found in his room, in the Orphans' Court, in Pittsburg. The couple moved from Pittsburg to Reedsville, and thence to Philadelphia. Two years ago they came to New York.

Insured His Wife's Life.

In August last year Lustig had his wife's life insured in three companies for $3,000. One policy was on the New York Life for $2,000, one for $500 on the Metropolitan, and one for a similar amount on the Prudential. On Oct. 25, 1909, Mrs. Lustig was taken ill. Dr. I. I. Plotz of 1,722 Madison Avenue was called in, and treated her for ptomaine poisoning. Not liking the husband's actions, Dr. Plotz gave up the case. Dr. Charles Phillips of 4 West 115th Street was then called in. Mrs. Lustig died on Oct. 28.

Although he was suspicious of the husband's actions, Dr. Phillips signed a certificate giving cerebro-spinal meningitis as the cause of death. The body was sent to Milroy, Penn., for burial.

Shortly after the burial the District Attorney's office received two anonymous letters saying that Lustig had tried to buy strychnine from drug stores in his neighborhood. Detective Frank Miller was put on the case. The authorities at Milroy, Penn., were asked to exhume the body, and an examination was made by Dr. E. E. Smith, the toxicologist, of 28 East Twenty-ninth Street. Dr. Smith reported that he had found traces of strychnine in the dead woman's viscera.

When Lustig was taken to Police Headquarters yesterday it was discovered that he bore a striking resemblance to a Rogues' Gallery photograph of one George M. Davenport, who was arrested as a sneak thief in 1900. He was discharged in court the next day because of lack of evidence. Lustig denied that he was Davenport. Even when it was shown that a scar on his forehead, the color of his eyes and hair, his birthplace, age, &c., tallied with the record on the photograph, Lustig defiantly asserted that a mistake had been made. A "third degree" session failed to weaken him.

Defies the Police.

"Look here, Chief," said Lustig in answer to Carey's questions, "let me tell you something. You will get no more information from me, and that goes. I know my rights and I am not going to say a word more to you or anybody else."

When Lustig was arrested he had a badge pinned to his coat on which was engraved, "Detective, New York." There was also a uniform in his trunk which slightly resembled an ordinary police uniform. Lustig said he had started a concern known as the Lustig Night Patrol. He had a partner in the venture, and they offered to guard dwellings in Harlem and the Bronx, where there had been frequent robberies. Burglaries and robberies there did not cease, however, and, according to Capt. Carey, it was not discovered that the night patrol consisted of more than Lustig and his partner.

Besides getting the names of several concerns where Lustig tried to buy poison just before the death of his wife, the police discovered that Lustig had tried hard to get $2,000 more life insurance on his wife. He was not successful. Neither was he able to collect the $2,000 policy on his wife in the New York Life, although he threatened to bring suit. Both Dr. Plotz and Dr. Phillips willingly told the detectives yesterday what they knew of the case.

"My first suspicions," said Dr. Plotz, "were aroused by the actions of Lustig. I was first called in to attend the young woman by her husband three days before her death. She had all the symptoms of poisoning. I didn't think then of drugs, but diagnosed her case as ptomaine poisoning, followed by auto-intoxication."

Tried to Buy Strychnine.

The day after the woman died, Dr. Plotz said, a clerk in a drug store at Madison Avenue and 116th Street told him that Lustig had tried to buy some strychnine, but he refused to sell without a prescription. The clerk told him, the doctor said, that one day he missed some strychnine from the store. It was then that the physician communicated with the police.

Dr. Phillips said he had attended Mrs. Lustig at the request of her husband six times. She had convulsions typical of strychnine poisoning, he said, but when he asked her if she had taken drugs of any kind she denied it. His suspicions being lulled, he diagnosed her trouble as cerebro-spinal meningitis.

It was said at the 116th Street house of the Lustigs that the two had quarreled frequently.

When Lustig was taken to Coroner Feinberg's office, a young girl was waiting for him. She refused to give her name, but it was said that she was his sweetheart and that the two were engaged to be married. Detective Miller is investigating a report that Lustig had been married previous to his marriage to Miss Mills.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 4.—Morris Lustig and Rhoda Irene Mills were married in the Court House here on Nov. 23, 1904, by Justice of the Peace George Campbell. In the application for a marriage license, Lustig gave his age as 26, business as a traveling salesman, birthplace as England, and his address in this city at 23 Logan Street. Miss Mills's age was given as 22 and her residence at Milroy, Penn.

CHILD MARRIAGE ANNULLED.

Bride and Her Elder Sister Took 17-Year-Old to City Hall.

Another child marriage was dissolved yesterday by Justice Dowling, in the Supreme Court, on application of Morris H. Hyman, father and guardian of Charles Hyman, who was married in November, 1906, two months after his seventeenth birthday. From the testimony it appeared that his wife, Ada, two years his senior, had done the proposing, and her elder sister had escorted the pair to the City Hall.

"These annulment cases are becoming very frequent," observed Justice Dowling, "and demand close scrutiny."

DIES ON BROADWAY CAR.

Woman Watches Albert C. Lawrence's Body for an Hour in a Cigar Store.

Just when the throng of homeseekers was at its height last night, Albert C. Lawrence, an agent of the Travelers Insurance Company, who also did a general insurance business at 7 East Forty-second Street, fell forward in his seat in a Broadway car, and, without uttering a word, died from an acute attack of heart disease. The car was packed to the doors, and the minute the passengers realized the situation there was a wild scramble to get out.

A traffic policeman entered the car and found Mr. Lawrence dead upon the floor. Over him bent a well-dressed, middle-aged woman, while a young man, on his hands and knees, strove to ascertain if some spark of life remained. With the aid of several bystanders the body was taken to a cigar store on the corner of Forty-second Street and Broadway.

As the little procession moved across the pavement, many men removed their hats, and for a moment the bustling tide of traffic paused. The body was laid on the floor of the cigar store with an overcoat thrown over the face.

Flower Hospital was called by telephone, and soon Dr. Watson arrived and prouounced Mr. Lawrence dead from heart disease. A long wait followed while permission was secured from the Coroner to remove the body. The lady and her escort stood by the body in deep agitation. She seemed greatly distressed at the curious crowds that gaped in from the doorways, and at the constant stream of customers who filed in and out, with scant courtesy for the silent form upon the floor.

When inquiries were made about Mr. Lawrence, the woman said that he was on his way from business to his home at 2,016 Seventh Avenue, when seized with the heart attack. He had been subject, she said, to these heart attacks for several years. Asked as to her relation to the dead man, she said that she and the young man were friends, who were accompanying Mr. Lawrence home.

ROCKEFELLER, JR., TAKES HOLD

Begins Active Work In the Grand Jury Investigation of White Slavery.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., foreman of the Grand Jury which is to investigate the recent charges that an organized "white-slave" traffic exists in this city, has thrown himself eagerly into the work assigned to him. His first impulse was to balk, when he was informed that Judge O'Sullivan had selected him for so important a task.

Early yesterday morning he was on hand for a conference with Judge O'Sullivan and later with Assistant District Attorney Appleton, who is to represent Mr. Whitman. Both Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Appleton seem inspired less with a conviction that the charges are justifiable than with a determination to get at the truth and clear the air if such a thing can be done.

"If the charges are true," said Mr. Rockefeller, "then we must prepare the way for punishment, but if they are simply sensational slanders against this city of ours, they must be silenced once for all."

Mr. Appleton will begin to present evidence before the Grand Jury on Monday, and meanwhile he wants to communicate with every one who seems to know anything about the alleged conditions. A flood of letters offering advice and information came in all day. Subpoenas will be issued for George Kibbe Turner, whose article last Fall first stirred up the question, and for various people in this city who contributed to the consequent discussion. Probation officers stationed at the different courts will be asked to testify, and later on in the investigation Congressman William S. Bennet, Chairman of the Immigration Commission, will come before the Grand Jury with data.

"We have been trying for two days to get hold of Mr. Turner," said Mr. Whitman last night. "I rather think he should come to us. If he has no proof to back his article he ought to say so now. Throughout what he wrote there was at least the suggestion that he could furnish names and places. I have just written to Prof. Jenks of Cornell University and feel that his assistance will be of value."

FARM LECTURES AT COLUMBIA.

Course to be Given for Those Interested in Agriculture.

A course of practical lectures on economic agriculture, open to the public, is to be given at Columbia University, beginning Tuesday, Jan. 18.

The first lecture of the course will deal with "The Relation of Agriculture to the Prosperity of a Nation," and the lecturer, it was announced, will be George T. Powell, President of the Agricultural Experts' Association. Other lecturers in the course are George D. Leavens, agricultural chemist; Prof. William D. Hurd, Amherst Agricultural College; Leonard Barron, managing editor of Garden Magazine, and Charles W. Burkett, editor of American Agriculturist.

This course of lectures on agriculture marks the entrance of Columbia University into a new field of instruction. Given under the Faculty of Applied Science, this course on economic agriculture is not a set of free lectures, but is designed for regularly enrolled students who register for the work. The fee for the course is $10.

MUST USE THE SIDE DOORS.

Utilities Board Orders Interborough to Open Them At All Times.

The Public Service Commission issued an order yesterday directing the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to use the side doors on all cars so equipped at all times when these care were in operation, instead of in the rush hours only, as has been the practice of the Interborough since the side-door care were put on.

An exception was made, however, of the elevated lines which serve as extensions of the Broadway and Bronx Division of the Subway, in the months of January, February, and March, when, according to the testimony of Interborough officials, the opening of the side doors would make it impossible to keep the cars at a proper temperature.

WIDOW MURDERED; HER SON ARRESTED

Tell-Tale Powder Burns on His Hand and the Revolver Is Said to be His.

BOY DISCOVERS THE CRIME

Police Find the Body, Shot in the Back, Upright in a Chair—Suspect Feigns Sleep.

Mrs. Antonia La Gusta, a Sicilian widow, was found murdered in the kitchen of a little flat at 153 Bleecker Street yesterday morning, and Francisco La Gusta, her twenty-nine-year-old son, with whom she lived, was arrested and locked up on suspicion of having committed the crime. The woman was shot through the back. The police found what they say were powder burns on the son's left hand, which is the hand he would have had to fire with, as a part of his right hand, including the index finger, is gone.

Louis Frank, a little boy who lives in the same house, told the police of the murder. He said he was playing in the hallway a little before 10 o'clock yesterday morning when he heard a shot in the La Gusta apartment. He ran into the kitchen and saw Francisco La Gusta holding his mother in a chair. The boy says that the woman was dead. He ran out into the street and told Policeman Prendergast of the Mercer Street Station, who was on post. Prendergast sent in a call for the reserves, and then went to the flat, where he found the situation just as the boy had described it, with the exception that Francisco, the son, was in bed in another room.

The news that a murder had been committed in the La Gusta flat spread rapidly, and by the time that Capt. Henry of the Mercer Street Station and his detectives got to the place a crowd of a thousand excited Italians was in the street. In the flat were Francisco, still in bed, and two or three neighbors. The body of the dead woman was seated in a half-reclining position in a chair. Near by was a little black dog named Joe that was snapping at everybody, and an old black and white cat.

The Frank boy told Capt. Henry that he saw no one leave the flat after he heard the shot. The suspicions of the police were immediately directed toward the son. Capt. Henry says Francisco was feigning sleep. The Captain made him get up, and asked him what he knew about the death of his mother. The man answered that he had heard a shot and that he ran into the kitchen and found his mother dying on the floor. Then, Francisco added, he picked the body up and placed it in the chair and went back to bed.

The son stoutly denied that he had done the shooting, and was just as firm in his declaration that he did not know who it was that fired the shot.

Francisco was taken to Police Headquarters and locked up. His wife was detained as a witness. The Frank boy was sent to the Children's Society.

TETRAZZINI CONCERT TOUR.

To Begin on Jan. 21—"Griselidis" Is Postponed Until Jan. 19.

Oscar Hammerstein announced last evening that Mme. Tetrazzini's appearance to-night in "Lucia" would be one of the few occasions on which this soprano will be heard in New York during the next few weeks, as he has arranged a concert tour for her through the Middle West, beginning Jan. 21 and ending Feb. 8. Mme. Tetrazzini will sing in Toronto, Cleveland, Detroit, Columbus, St. Louis, Kansas City, Milwaukee, Buffalo, and Montreal.

"Griselidis" will not be produced at the Manhattan Opera House on Friday evening, as had been announced. The first performance of this opera has been postponed until Wednesday evening, Jan. 19. In its place on Friday evening "Faust" will be given, with Miss Garden as Marguerite, Mr. Dalmorès as Faust, Mr. Dufranne as Valentine, Mr. Huberdeau as Mephistopheles, Mme. Tatay-Lango as Siebel, Mme. Duchene as Martha, and Mr. Villa as Wagner.

Next Monday evening "Aida" will be given, with Mme. Mazarin, who later is to create the rôle of Elektra, in the title part. Others in the cast will be Mme. Doria and Messrs. Zerola, Sammarco, and Vallier.

On Wednesday evening Mme. Mazarin will sing "Carmen" for the first time here. The cast will include Mmes. Walter-Villa, Trentini, and Duchene, and Messrs. Lucas, Laskin, Nicolay, and Daddi.

On Friday evening Mme. Carmen-Melis will appear as Mimi in "La Bohème." Miss Trentini will be the Musetta, Mr. Duffault the Rodolpho, Mr. Polese the Marcel, Mr. Huderdeau the Colline, Mr. Fossetta the Schanuard, and Mr. Daddi the landlord.

"Les Contes d'Hoffmann," with Mmes. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, and Duchene, and Messrs. Dalmorès, Renaud, Gilibert, de Grazia, Fossetta, Daddi, and Venturini, will be sung Saturday afternoon.

The bill for the popular Saturday night performance will be "Cavalleria Rusticana," with Mmes. Carmen-Melis and Gentle, and Messrs. Lucas and Crabbe, and "Pagliacci," with Messrs. Zerola, Sammarco, Crabbe, and Mme. Walter-Villa.

Miller to Give "Faith Healer" at Harvard.

By invitation of the Department of English of Harvard University Henry Miller will give a performance there on Jan. 21 of William Vaughn Moody's play, "The Faith Healer," Mr. Miller appearing in the title rôle. The performance will be given in Sanders' Theatre, belonging to the university. This will be the first time Mr. Miller has appeared at Harvard, and the invitation comes to him personally. Rehearsals of the play are under way, and the complete production will be taken from New York to the university. Mr. Moody, the author, who is now in California, will come East for the performance.

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LAUGHS LIKE A LOON

JERICHO AT THE AUTO SHOW

CARUSO GETS GOLD MEDAL.

Presented at Performance of "La Boheme" for Italian Hospital.

A special performance of "La Boheme" was given at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening for the benefit of the Italing Benevolent Institute and Hospital. The house as is usual on occasions of this sort was filled with enthusiasts of the Italian opera and benevolently inclined persons. The auditorium had been decorated with Italian flags, and between the acts the audience was regaled with the Italian national anthem and "The Star-Spangled Banner."

After the third act Enrico Caruso, who sang the part of Rodolpno for the first time this season on this occasion, was presented with a gold medal, on which was the inscription: "To Enrico Caruso—In arts and charity unequaled—the Italian Hospital."

Others who appeared in the cast were Mme. Ciaparelli, who sang for the first time at the Metropolitan; Mme. Noria, who sang Musetta for the first time here, and Messrs. Scotti, Didur, Pini-Corsi, de Segurola, Gianoli-Galletti, Bada, Missiano, and Tecchi. Mr. Podesti conducted.

PLAN ORCHESTRA MERGER?

Damrosch Refuses to Discuss Report That There Is to be a Consolidation.

Walter Damrosch, conductor of the New York Symphony Orchestra, which closed an engagement at Carnegie Hall last night, declined to discuss the report that there was soon to be a consolidation of orchestral interests in the United States.

It was reported that Andrew Wheeler, representing the Philadelphia Orchestra, and several other representatives of the chief orchestras in the United States had met on Monday at Mr. Damrosch's house and talked over the possibility of unifying the various orchestral interests.

"While it is true," said Mr. Damrosch, "that I had a consultation with Mr. Wheeler, I am not privileged to make known at this time what the subject was we talked about. I will not talk about the matter in any way. I am leaving in the morning for a tour of two weeks, and when I return I may have something to say."

Maude Adams Greets Yale Actors.

Maude Adams, who is an honorary member of the Yale Dramatic Association and the only member not a graduate of the university, attended the performance of "London Assurance" at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon. This was the first time she had seen the members of the associatiton act since she was voted a member of the organization last Spring, in recognition of her performance of "What Every Woman Knows" given in New Haven in aid of the association's building fund. After the performance yesterday she held a short reception, which consisted principally in shaking hands with the chief actors in the play.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Bessie Tannehill has been engaged for one of the principal roles in "The King of Cadonia," formerly played by Zelda Sears. The play will open at Daly's Theatre next Monday evening.

Beginning next week Burton Holmes will inaugurate his seventeenth season in New York at Carnegie Hall, on Jan. 16. On Monday and Tuesday afternoons he will appear at the Lyceum Theatre. The subject of his first lecture will be "Ceylon."

Charles A. Bigelow, who left the "Miss Innocence" company in Chicago a few days ago, on account of a difference with F. Ziegfeld, Jr., will return to the company again to-night at the Colonial Theatre, Chicago. The differences have been made up.

The opening performance of "The Prince of Bohemia," in which Andrew Mack is starring, will be given at the Hackett Theatre on Thursday evening, Jan. 13. Mr. Mack is supported by Christie MacDonald and a company of seventy.

Charles Frohman has purchased from Francis Wilson the rights to produce "The Bachelor's Baby" in London and on the Continent. The play will be given by the Duke of York's Comedy Company in London, with no person starred.

A. H. Woods's production of "The Girl in the Taxi" will open in New Haven next Wednesday night, and will go to Chicago on Jan. 16 for an indefinite run.

Martin Beck, general manager of the Orpheum Vaudeville Circuit, left New York yesterday to make his annual tour of inspection of his Western houses. He will go through to the Pacific Coast.

Grace Elliston made her first appearance in the role of Paula March in "The Fires of Fate" at the Hudson Theatre last night, replacing Hedwig Reicher, who resigned from the cast because she felt herself unsuited for the part.

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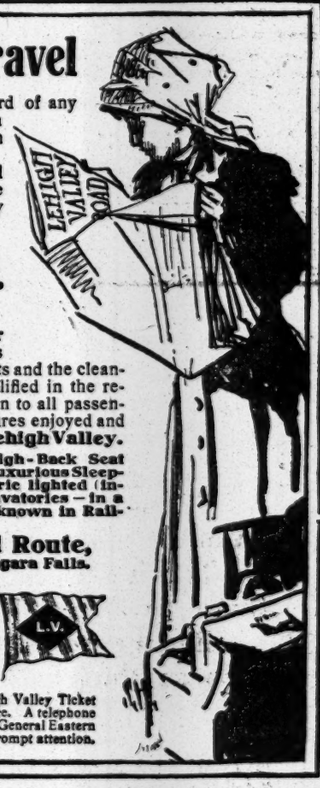

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Caracul	from $250	now $150
Caracul	from $500	now $300
Broadtail	from $1000	now $600
Mink	from $1200	now $750
Hudson Bay Sable	from $1500	now $1000
Russian Sable	from $3000	now $3000

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GRAND JURY WORKING ON A LETTER THEFT

Federal Authorities Busy Over the Note Telling of Root's Visit to Wickersham.

BURGLARY IN THE CASE, TOO

Belief That It May Be Connected with the Robbery of Secretary of State Knox's House.

The Federal Grand Jury here has begun the investigation of the theft of a letter written by Attorney General Wickersham to United States Attorney Wise from the office of the latter some time last Summer. The letter related to the fight made by the Directors of the American Sugar Refining Company to escape indictment under the Sherman law for conspiracy to put the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company (Adolph Segal's concern) out of commission by means of a $1,200,000 loan made to the Pennsylvania Company through Gustav Kissel of this city.

At that time strenuous efforts were put forth by the various persons concerned in the prosecution, and the letter Mr. Wickersham wrote to Mr. Wise mentioned a visit from Senator Root transmitting briefs by John M. Bowers, William D. Guthrie, and John G. Milburn, as counsel for various of the prospective defendants. The indictments were subsequently found, but the letter disappeared one day from Mr. Wise's office following the visit of a representative of a newspaper, and later appeared in The Cosmopolitan Magazine.

The Government has been bending all energies lately to run down the theft of the letter, and it is understood that the discoveries made by the investigators here and in Washington tend toward the conclusion that a connection existed between the theft of this letter and the burglary of the residence of Secretary of State Knox about Thanksgiving. Whether evidence relating to the latter matter will be presented to the Grand Jury here as a part of a general conspiracy, or will be presented in Washington, is not known.

The Federal Grand Jury also examined two witnesses named Britton and McGrew yesterday in connection with the sugar fraud cases. These are believed to have been the witnesses from whom confessions were obtained by Special Prosecutors Stimson and Danison, tending to clear up further the fraudulent practices on the Havemeyer & Elder piers at Williamsburg.

The case against the members of the print-paper combination, presented to United States Attorney Wise by John Norris as representative of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, will be presented to the Grand Jury as soon as a way can be cleared for it.

THE REGULAR ARMY SWORD

Can Get Into the Scabbard the Wrong Way, Capt. Paine Finds.

Capt. George B. Paine, U. S. A., of the Twenty-eighth Infantry, stationed at Governors Island, who was stationed at the Philippines for five or six years, enjoys a joke, even such a joke as one handed him in the Paterson Armory last night.

Capt. Paine is busy this week inspecting the companies of the Fifth New Jersey Regiment. Last night he inspected Company G of Hackensack. On Monday he looked over two companies in the Paterson Armory. Out of the full quota of members in the two companies he found one man with the sabre wrongly inserted in the scabbard.

"How do you account for this?" asked Capt. Paine of Capt. Chiswold.

"It's a strange thing," said the home Captain, "but that man is a graduate of the regular army and has only been with us two months."

And Capt. Paine winced and passed on.

NEGROES QUICKLY DOOMED.

Two Sentenced to Death at Kansas City for Assault on a Woman.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 4.—George Reynolds and John Williams, negroes, tonight were found guilty of assaulting Mrs. W. F. Jackson and sentenced to death. The jury was out only five minutes. Only two days were occupied in getting a jury, hearing the evidence, and returning a verdict.

The public was not admitted to the trial for fear of an attack on the prisoners. Mrs. Jackson swooned to-day while testifying about the attack.

CONTEST OVER $2,000,000.

Relatives of Matthew J. Dolphin Say He Was Unduly Influenced.

A contest over the will of the late Matthew J. Dolphin, who died at his home, 276 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, leaving an estate said to be worth nearly $2,000,000 to his wife, Anna E. Dolphin, was begun yesterday before Surrogate Ketcham, that borough.

Ex-Judge D Cady Herrick appeared as counsel for two grandnieces of the testator, Frances and Genevieve McGuire, and Mary and Fanny Dolphin, who contend that one-fourth of the estate should go to them and not to the widow. The will is dated April 2, 1892. It is alleged by the contestants that the will is invalid because at the time it was made Mr. Dolphin was mentally incapacitated. They further allege that he was unduly influenced. Surrogate Ketcham reserved decision.

STARVING WITH $22,000.

Old Man's Wealth Discovered When He Is Taken from His Shanty.

Special to The New York Times.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 4.—Marshall McMurran, an old man living in a shack near this city, was brought here by a constable, who found him suffering from exposure and nearly starved to death. When he was found in the shanty he was unconscious, but was revived by the use of stimulants. He was taken to a hospital and when his ragged clothing was removed $20,000 in greenbacks and $2,000 in gold certificates was found hidden in the pockets and in the lining of his clothes.

The money was turned over to a bank. Efforts will be made to have McMurran declared insane. Little is known of his history. He has been a recluse during his residence in this county.

Prinzess Irene Crippled at Sea.

Officials of the North German Lloyd Line yesterday received a wireless telegram from the Captain of the company's steamship Prinzess Irene, which sailed from New York on Dec. 30, for Bremen, stating that the liner had lost her rudder and that he was continuing his voyage to Bremen steering the vessel with her propellers. The Captain said that all were well on board.

Drops Dead as He Talks to Mother.

Henry G. Asten, 52 years old, a retired broker, of the Inverness Apartments at 200 West Fifty-seventh Street, collapsed in his chair while talking with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Asten, last night and died before a doctor could arrive. He was formerly connected with the brokerage firm of W. D. Moore & Co., retiring seven years ago.

If you want a desirable Furnished Room see Page 19.

NOT RECOGNIZED AT BALL.

Haitian Minister Sannon, Wife, and Secretary Ignored by Washington Society.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Society in Washington is to-day discussing somebody's blunder at last night's charity ball, which resulted in bringing to the red ballroom of the Willard three negroes in evening dress. The latter were the new Minister from Haiti, Paulens Sannon; his wife, and Price-Mars, Secretary of the legation.

As the name of Mme. Sannon appeared in some of the local papers as one of the patronesses of the charity, which is one of the most fashionable in Washington, it is supposed her presence was requested, which makes the treatment accorded to these strangers from the South Seas all the more regrettable.

The Minister and his party sat in a corner of the ballroom for more than an hour, conversing with each other, but receiving no recognition from any one else. They did not dance, and left the hotel without entering the supper room.

Mr. and Mrs. Sannon attended the New Year's reception at the White House, the diplomatic reception of this evening, and will be the guests of the President and Mrs. Taft at dinner next Tuesday evening.

SEEK CRANK IN WASHINGTON.

Has Made Threats Against the Vice President and Senator La Follette.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—A young man who has been known here for more than a year as Gilbert Ringer of Two Rivers, Wis., is being sought by the police because of threats he has made against Vice President Sherman and Senator La Follette and suggestions that it might be necessary for him to go to the White House to get satisfaction.

He became a frequent caller at the office of Senator La Follette a year ago, and sought the aid of the Wisconsin Senator in "getting his rights." Not receiving the attention he thought he deserved, the young man called at the office of the Vice President and complained of Senator La Follette's indifference. Remarks alleged to have been made by the young man after leaving the Vice President's room led the police to be informed.

A year ago the young man claimed to be the President. Then he appeared at the Capitol at the beginning of this session of Congress and said to Mr. La Follette: "You would not pay any attention to me as President, but I guess you will notice me now, for I am Christ."

$6,344,500 FOR NAVY REPAIRS.

Heavy Sums Included in the Estimates of Secretary Meyer.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—An aggregate of $6,344,500 for repairs to naval vessels is provided for in estimates which the Secretary of the Navy to-day submitted to the House. Recent legislation required recommendations for authorization where the repairs are to exceed $200,000.

"Probably the department will not authorize any expenditures on such vessels as the Boston, Detroit, Annapolis, and Ingalls," says Secretary Meyer, "and the expenditures on the others may be considerably reduced, but the estimates contemplate authority so as "to meet any emergency or unforeseen necessity to render the expenditures necessary."

The repairs recommended include $810,000 each for the New Jersey and the Rhode Island, $680,000 each for the Colorado and the Pennsylvania, $630,000 each for the Maryland and the West Virginia, $540,000 for the Charleston, $351,000 for the Detroit, $256,000 for the Boston, $205,000 for the Iris, and smaller amounts for other vessels.

TO BROADEN SUGAR INQUIRY.

Inquiry Into Customs Matters at Other Ports Is Planned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Following that which resulted in the discovery of under-weighing of sugar at the Port of New York, inquiries are to be made at other ports where sugar is brought in.

Large quantities of sugar come into the United States at San Francisco and at Boston, and smaller amounts at various other ports. The effort to determine whether there has been under-weighing at other places than New York will be begun as soon as arrangements can be made.

EDNA LOFTUS IN COURT.

Arrested as Vagrant at Instance of Distiller's Mother, Case Is Postponed.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 4.—Miss Edna Loftus of New York and the woman arrested with her yesterday at the instance of the mother of Harry Rheinstom were brought into police court to-day to answer charges of vagrancy. At the instance of the Prosecuting Attorney, the cases were continued until to-morrow.

The warrants were served on the women at the conclusion of a hearing in which Miss Loftus sought the release from a sanitarium on a writ of habeas corpus of Rheinstom, whose infatuation for her caused his relatives to take him from her.

RELICS OF THE SEA'S DEAD.

Sailors' Unclaimed Luggage Sold—60 Cents for a Bag with $8 in It.

By order of the United States Circuit Court 385 bags belonging to seamen who had died or deserted their ships in the port of New York in the last seven years were sold at public auction yesterday morning in his office at the Barge Office by United States Shipping Commissioner Phillip Elting.

The bags had to be bought as they stood without being opened, and one lucky bidder found $8 in a bag that he paid 60 cents for and a trunk for which $6 was paid was found to contain a sextant worth $50.

The proceeds of the sale are turned over to the custody of the court and remain there for six years, after which if unclaimed by relatives they go to the maintenance of the Marine Hospital at Washington.

AUTOMOBILES.

MICHELIN

First Produced Away Back in 1895

Their acknowledged superiority is the logical result of largest manufacturing experience.

Exhibiting at Automobile Show

TIRES

AUCTION—AUTOMOBILE.

To-day at 11 A. M. Fifty high-grade automobiles, Touring cars, Runabouts, and Gasoline wagons; Packards, Stearns, Flats, Thomases, Cadillacs, Fords, &c., will be sold at public auction, account of owners, at 1,004 Broadway, near 49th. Exhibit open for inspection.

THEIR DREAM ENDED IN BRAZILIAN JAIL

Two of Nine Filibusters Return After a Disastrous Attempt to Start Revolution.

TRIED TO CAPTURE A TOWN

Mounted Police Were Waiting for Them, Though, and Gathered in the Band—Leader Now Insane.

After attempting to capture a Brazilian town and serving a term in jail there, Samuel R. Parker and Hubert G. Kincaid, two young men out of the nine who went to Brazil to start a revolution for Magalli, the filibusterer, in November, 1907, returned yesterday on the Lamport & Holt liner Verdi. The men looked as if they had slept little and eaten less.

Their clothes hung about them, and their faces were drawn and sallow from the hardships they had gone through since they left New York. There was no one to welcome them at the Lamport & Holt pier in Brooklyn except the Immigration Inspector from Ellis Island, who said:

"I hear that you two men were tried for manslaughter down under," as sailors call the southern seas.

"Yes," replied Parker, as he and his companion, Kincaid, shivered in the cold wind under the lee of the companion leading to the second cabin, "and for every other crime in the criminal code in Brazil. If there is one Judge we did not meet there in our stay I should like to know it."

Both men said they wished to go to Moose Jaw in the Canadian Northwest and they were permitted to land.

In October, 1907, Parker, who lived in Murray Hill, and Kincaid, who was in Moose Jaw, saw the advertisements which had been put in various papers saying that good shots who could ride well and were not afraid of roughing it should apply to the address given in the newspaper. They had an interview with Magalli, and with seven other young men sailed for Bahia, Brazil, Nov. 4, 1907, on the steamship Byron. The leader of the enterprise had agreed to pay each man $2 per day with rations and give each man 1,000 acres of rich land if the plan to defeat the Government succeeded. All the adventurers received were hard knocks, bullets, and bad food.

While in Brazil, the revolutionists fed on parrots which they stewed for days to make them tender, monkeys, and wild plantains, which they baked in the ashes for bread. There was not much romance in the filibustering business, they said. The nine who sailed from New York were not the only revolutionists, according to Magalli. There were thousands of strong men, fully armed and prepared to die for the cause, the leader told them. Parker and Kincaid, with their seven comrades never saw this army.

Clad in khaki uniforms, armed with Mauser rifles, and mounted on sturdy ponies bred in the Andes, which were waiting for them on the arrival of the Byron at Bahia, the nine men charged down on the public square of the town of Athens and were captured by the mounted police after one man had fallen on each side. In describing their adventures yesterday, Parker said:

"We lost one man, George Gordon, in the attack on the town square, and then we had to retreat up the railroad tracks, cutting the telegraph wires as we went so that the police could not head us off. There were 300 of the mounted police, and their steady firing caused us to retire. It was a dignified retreat, but not too slow. We covered sixty miles in two days.

"Tired out and hungry, we were captured and clapped into jail. We had to share a room with thirty other prisoners that was only 26 feet by 20, and there we stayed until last November.

"The Barzilian Government charged us with all sorts of crimes, but what they wanted to know most of all was the name of those who had brought us down there. That we did not divulge. Gordon, the one of the nine who was wounded in the brief action at Athens, died before his trial. He had served through the Boer war in the Seaforth Highlanders. George Vice is the only one now left in jail in Brazil."

Asked what had become of the leader, Magalli, in the course of the defeat of the revolutionists, Parker said: "He's down there somewhere in a madhouse, and may have been crazy before he started."

He added that the State Department had done a good deal to get them released and that the Englishmen in Brazil had also been very kind to them.

Launey Wins on Roller Skates.

A. Launey of East Orange captured the one-mile handicap roller skating race last night at the Metropolitan Rink, Fifty-third Street and Broadway. There were twelve starters on various marks around the rink, with W. Burke of Brooklyn, who finished fourth, on scratch.

Launey, who started from the thirty-yard mark, jumped to the front at the half-mile and set a fast clip, passing several of the slower men, but within a few laps of the end he took a sudden spill on one of the curves, which looked as though it would put him out of the race. However, he managed to regain the rollers and with the large lead he had secured held his place. Ed. Neal of Brooklyn, who was the next in line to Launey, also took a spill shortly after the latter, which put him out of the race, and J. Burton of Brooklyn, on the ten-yard mark, finished second, and J. J. Tinney of Newark, with thirty yards, was third. Launey's time was 3:22 2-5.

SCHEDULE PROBLEM UP.

American and National Leagues at Odds as to Number of Games.

The leading topic among baseball men yesterday was the probable influence which President Ban Johnson of the American League would have on the National League in adopting a schedule of 168 games next season. It is very likely that when the National Commission meets in Cincinnati to-day that this question will be brought up. The American League adopted a schedule of 154 games, which has been more than sufficient for the public. With the National League trying to play 168 games, baseball men believe that complications will arise that will hamper both leagues.

Mr. Johnson's position in the matter is plain. He does not favor a long schedule and believes a playing schedule of 154 games is long enough. Chairman Ebbets of the National League Schedule Committee has made out a schedule of 168 games, which necessitates only five double-headers during the season. This would bring the world's series to a date after Oct. 16, and past performances have shown that the weather after this date is not favorable to baseball. The motive behind the National League magnates is believed to be something more than to give the public additional games. Toward the end of the season, when the pennant winner is practically decided, the patronage at the games falls off, and many baseball men believe that this offsets the argument of the National League men that the public demands more games.

The understanding between the American and National Leagues is that they shall adopt a schedule which, as far as possible, does not conflict with each other. The American League men do not believe that the National League owners lived strictly up to this agreement when they adopted a resolution to make a schedule which is fourteen games longer than the American League schedule.

Baseball men believe that at to-day's meeting of the National Commission in Cincinnati Ban Johnson will make the American League's position in the matter plain. This, of course, will only be preliminary to the meeting of the Joint Schedule Committee of the two leagues, which will be held in Pittsburg next month, when the schedule of both leagues will be adopted. One thing, however, is certain, and that is that the American League will request that the number of National League games be restricted to the former number of 154 games.

DOOIN SIGNS AS MANAGER.

"Phillies'" Catcher Succeeds Billy Murray, Who Has Been Deposed.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—President Fogel of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club announced to-night that he had signed Charles Dooin, the catcher, to manage the club for one year, in place of William Murray, who has been deposed. Dooin and the club officials were in consultation until late in the afternoon before they could agree on the salary which was to go with the position.

Senators Re-elect Officers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 4.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Washington Baseball Club was held to-day in the office of Secretary Benjamin S. Minor. The meeting was productive of nothing startling, for the same officers who have handled the club were re-elected. This put a crimp in the rumors in circulation last Summer that President Tom Noyes would retire. Mr. Noyes is at present en route for Cuba on a vacation, and Vice President E. J. Walsh presided to-day. The officers re-elected are:

President—T. C. Noyes; Vice President—E. J. Walsh; Secretary—Benjamin S. Minor; Treasurer—Harry Rapley. Rudolph Kaufmann, Henry P. Blair, and Thomas L. Hume, with the officers, constitute the Board of Directors.

Waiver Requests to be Confidential.

Before starting for Cincinnati yesterday to attend a meeting of the National Commission, President Lynch of the National League announced that the club owners of his organization by a mail vote had decided that hereafter National League waiver requests should be treated as strictly confidential business. Club Presidents and managers were notified to this effect.

National League Releases.

Thomas J. Lynch, President of the National League, last night made public the following releases: By Boston, to Indianapolis A. A., John L. Coffey; by Brooklyn, to Milwaukee A. A., W. R. Marshall; by Cincinnati, to Wilkesbarre T.-B. L., Frank J. Egan; by New York, to Kansas City A. A., John Cocnell; by Pittsburg, to Omaha, W. L., William H. Fox; by St. Louis, to New York, N. L., A. S. Shaw; by St. Louis to Toronto, E. L., Joseph Delehanty.

Paris Manager for Ketchel.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 4.—Determined to secure the management of Stanley Ketchel, Robert Shoeman of Paris arrived in the city to-day, and had a long conference with the champion middleweight. The papers will be signed in a few days, as Ketchel is anxious to secure foreign bookings. Shoeman is the representative of an amusement resort near Paris, and has made flattering offers to the Michigan man.

No Racing at Los Angeles.

LOS ANGLES, Cal., Jan. 4.—Thomas H. Williams, President of the New California Jockey Club, has set at rest speculation as to whether a race meet will be attempted at Santa Anita Park this season in a telegram, saying: "I do not think there is any chance for racing at Santa Anita this Winter or Spring."

World's Chess Match in Vienna.

Play in the world's chess championship match between Dr. E. Lasker and Carl Schlechter of Vienna will begin in Vienna to-morrow, where five games will be contested. Thereafter the scene of the match will shift to Berlin, where a further series of five games will be contested. The two principals have agreed to play ten games only, instead of fifteen.

Cornell Beats Yale at Hockey.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 4.—Cornell won the final game of the hockey series between Yale and Cornell. Score: Cornell, 3; Yale, 1.

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ARE NOW DISPLAYING

The Exclusive Shirt Fabrics

FOR

The Forthcoming Season

AT FIFTH AVE. AND 32D ST.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES

ARE THE BEST BECAUSE OF KNOWN VALUE.

Cheapness in price is evidence of INFERIOR quality and poor service. The NEW HOME is built upon honor, made in a manner to insure PERFECT SERVICE for a lifetime. Have you seen our latest achievement in COMBINATION WOODWORK?

See our No. 1013 Automatic Lift Drop Head.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

NO OTHER LIKE IT. NO OTHER AS GOOD

For half a century this machine has made good for all claims of supremacy. Those who used it forty years ago are now using it.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

Sold on easy monthly payments or liberal discount for cash. Instructions free in your home. Call for our demonstration or write a postal to-day for illustrated Catalog No. 71.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.'s

BIG TURF STAKES DRAW FINE ENTRIES

Brooklyn, Suburban, and Brighton Handicaps Attract Fine Fields.

KEENE, WHITNEY, HILDRETH

Three Leading Stables Well Represented—Four Horses That Raced in England Entered.

With many of the mails still to be heard from, the various stakes of the Coney Island Jockey Club, Brooklyn Jockey Club, and Brighton Beach Racing Association, that close at midnight Monday, show a liberal response from the horsemen.

For the Brooklyn Handicap Secretary Rehberger reported thirty-six entries up to 4 P. M. Secretary Smith reported thirty-three for the Suburban Handicap, and Secretary Jackson announced that the Brighton Handicap had received twenty-four. Last season, when the stakes of the Coney Island Jockey Club and the Brooklyn Jockey Club had a later closing, the Suburban received a total of twenty-two, while only nineteen were received for the Brooklyn Handicap. The lists follow:

Brooklyn Handicap—Ballot, Hilarious, Helmet, Masketre, Affliction, Sweep, Grasmere, Dinna Ken, Fitz Herbert, King James, Restigouche, Firestone, Joe Madden, Fayette, Dalmatian, Priscillian, Fashion Plate, Waldo, Prince Imperial, Czar, Olambala, Candleberry, Maitble, Effendi, High Private, Patsy, Glucose, Plate Glass, Everett, Sandrian, The Squire, St. Regis, Pretend, Stanley Fay, G. M. Miller, Superstition.

Suburban Handicap—Ballot, Hilarious, Helmet, Maskette, Affliction, Sweep, Grasmere, Dinna Ken, Fitz Herbert, King James, Restigouche, Firestone, Joe Madden, Fayette, Dalmatian, Priscillian, Fashion Plate, Waldo, Prince Imperial, Czar, Olambala, Candleberry, Maitble, Effendi, High Private, Patsy, Glucose, Plate Glass, Everett, Sandrian, Medallion, Bob R., Fighting Bob.

Brighton Handicap—Fitz Herbert, Joe Madden, King James, Firestone, Restigouche, Fayette, Dalmatian, Maskette, Hilarious, Sweep, Affliction, Patsy, Prince Imperial, Boca Grande, Olambala, Wise Mason, Glucose, Dinna Ken, Czar, Maitble, Fighting Bob, Eye White, Everett, Sandrian.

It will be seen in the lists that four entries named are horses that raced last season in England. They are James R. Keene's Ballot and Helmet, August Belmont's Priscillian, and H. P. Whitney's Dinna Ken. They did not distinguish themselves abroad, but will not be lacking in chances to redeem that showing. Besides Ballot and Helmet, Mr. Keene is nominator of Maskette, Affliction, Sweep, Hilarious, and Grasmere. S. C. Hildreth has named an equal number with Fitz Herbert, King James, Restigouche, Firestone, Joe Madden, Fayette, and the three-year-old Dalmatian.

H. K. Knapp, who races under the name of the Oneck Stable, is the nominator of Fashion Plate, and Waldo is the representative of C. L. Harrison. Prince Imperial and The Squire are both from the stable of R. F. Little, while Olambala and Candleberry are the representatives of Richard T. Wilson, Jr., President of the Saratoga Association. Maitble, winner of the Empire City Handicap of last year, and Fighting Bob are George Reif's representatives, and Effendi is from the stable of W. T. Ryan. High Private is the four-year-old that Frederick Johnson bought from Fred Forsythe and later lost out of a selling race to C. C. Smithson.

Patsy is the best horse racing at Jacksonville at present, and he is the hope of P. S. P. Randolph in the handicaps. Glucose is from the Newcastle Stable, and Plate Glass belongs to W. J. Young. Everett and Sandrian are a pair from the Quincy Stable, and Pretend is the property of Thomas Monohan.

It is not alone in the handicaps that the clubs have shown a big increase in the entries over last year. The Coney Island Jockey Club closed eighteen stakes and received 800 nominations in all. James R. Keene is the heaviest nominator, and others that have named very freely are August Belmont, S. C. Hildreth, and Richard T. Wilson, Jr.

In the two-year-old fixtures the returns have been pleasing beyond expectation. For the Great Trial there have been 75 received, against a total of 37 in 1909. For the Double Event the present count shows 68, against a total of 44 last year. Several of the other two-year-old fixtures were converted into overnight races in the programme of 1909, and restoring them to earlier closing stakes has met with a hearty response from the horsemen. Two of the best of these are the Foam, which has received 78, and the Surf, with 69.

Among the nominators to the two-year-old stakes is John A. Drake, who is coming back to racing with a string of Ort Wells's two-year-olds. His youngsters have been engaged in everything for which they are eligible, and should they develop stake quality with the new crop of thoroughbreds they will not lack for opportunity.

In addition to the stakes to be decided during the coming racing season the Coney Island Jockey Club also closed its Futurity for 1912, and in it the same confidence of the horsemen is reflected in the number of nominations received. For the Futurity of 1911, that closed last year, the total was 380, while already, for the 1912 running, Secretary Smith has received 450, with many owners and breeders still to be heard from.

One marked change will be found in the 1912 list. James B. Haggin, for years the heaviest nominator, has been dethroned, and John E. Madden now leads with 58 named. James R. Keene, Henry T. Oxnard, August Belmont, and Mrs. T. J. Carson all lead Mr. Haggin, who has only named 35.

For the Brighton Stakes W. H. Fizer, the Western horseman, is a liberal nominator, and he has sent in 21 from Tampa, where he is interested in the Winter meeting in progress there. His best is probably Boca Grande, a three-year-old that is owned in partnership with Catesby Woodford. In this colt Mr. Fizer thinks he has a champion, and he has freely expressed a desire to make a match with Waldo, Prince Imperial, or any of the other good ones of the past season.

James Butler, who will make his first appearance on the thoroughbred turf, is another nominator that has engaged several two-year-olds at all three of the tracks, and the Silver Brook Farm is well represented, having made 25 nominations. In addition to Dinna Ken, H. P. Whitney will be represented by Baby Wolf, Seacliff, and Sixty, all three of whom raced in England last season.

Manual Training Shooters Win.

The rifle team representing Manual Training High School yesterday defeated the Bryant High School team at the targets of the Manual School by the score of 259 to 253. The score:

MANUAL TRAINING.		BRYANT.	
Harland	33	Coffy	35
Southworth	22	Dall	33
Ishdauer	31	Kline	51
Wilson	34	Fisher	25
Wolfe	30	Hurst	34
Cooper	34	Pion	27
Young	31	Terwilligen	35
Dorrhess	35	Wagner	33
Total	259	Total	253

International Checkers by Mail.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 4.—Henry Hutzler of Cincinnati, a member of the American team of ten checker experts, which is playing a correspondence match with the Canadian Checker Club, has retired from the contest because of an injury to his head received several days ago. His place was to-day taken by John McCormick, formerly of Atlanta, Ga. The match started before Thanksgiving Day, and probably will last until Summer. Forty games are to be played, records of each move being mailed by Secretaries of the two organizations. Many days sometimes elapse between moves.

Will Appeal Football Decision.

The Hibernian football team of Philadelphia will appeal the decision of the American Football Association in placing a fine of $50 on the club for playing men of other teams. Officers of the association say the violation of the rule was so flagrant that there is but little chance of the decision being overruled. The Philadelphians admit that the players of other clubs were used in a Pennsylvania League game, and that the men were duly accepted and registered by that league, which is affiliated with the American Association. The players were George McNichol and Charles Fisher of the Scottish-Americans, and Frank Hunt of the West Hudsons, who were suspended for the rest of the season for taking part in the game.

Manhattan Basket Ball Games.

The Manhattan College basket ball team, which has shown excellent playing ability this season, has planned several holiday games. This evening the team will meet the Niagara College team at the De La Salle Gymnasium on 50th Street, and on Friday evening will play Delaware College on the same court. Then the team will make a Southern trip, playing five games in Annapolis, Georgetown, and Baltimore.

Evening Clothes for 1910

Our "Evening Clothes" department is one of the most important phases of our business. It is conducted as a separate institution and employs a specially organized body of tailor-men, who devote all of their time the year round to the production of men's evening apparel.

To this reason we attribute our wonderful success. Our reputation as leaders in this line extends throughout the length and breadth of the country. Men from every State in the Union turn to Vogel Brothers year after year to supply their evening clothes wants.

1910 Dress Suits, $30 to $55
1910 Tuxedo Coats, $14 to $30

Two items of very special note:

Our Evening Dress Suits specially priced at $30.

In every sense of the word equal to custom tailor garments at double the price. Made of an elegant black imported whipcord.

Our Tuxedo Coats specially priced at $14.

Smart, up to date, with long angular lapels finished with silk to the edge, graceful in every line. Made of a black, unfinished twill.

VOGEL BROTHERS

42 St. at 8 Ave.

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NOTE—Diamond Tires are furnished for every type of rim.

Also see Demountable Rim demonstration, Space 110 Palace Show.

The Diamond Rubber Co. of N. Y.

1876 BROADWAY

When a man makes his bow in one of our evening suits he can be absolutely sure of a successful appearance.

The fabrics are precisely those used by the best custom tailors in suits at double our prices.

The fit and style you see for yourself before you spend a dollar.

Evening dress suits, $33 to $70; dinner jackets, separately, $17 to $36.

We're frankly proud of the heavy white kid evening glove we sell at $1.50.

The reason why is found when you compare it with the best of $2 gloves.

White fabric gloves for evening street wear, $1.25.

E. & W. dress shirts suffer not at all by comparison with custom shirts.

Yet some of the best styles are only $2 each.

Made from a special linen made for E. & W.

A heavy all linen collar is a luxury usually confined to customers of most expensive haberdashers.

Yet here it is in the smartest custom shapes.

40 cents each.

In evening hats we've not only stylish blocks but the most durable qualities.

Silk hats and opera hats.

No man can in his size present an underwear problem which we will not undertake to solve satisfactorily.

Wide ranges of sizes a specialty.

We've long been famous for smart looking pumps.

As comfortable too as they are smart.

Patent leather in street and dancing weights. Gun metal.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

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Warren st.	13th st.	34th st.

"FRISCO"

made in 3 heights for particular Men

One of the newest Frisbie-Coon styles

Sets equally well on soft and stiff bosom shirts

Stays put in front

25 cents for Two

At all good Shops

AUTOMOBILE ADVICE

TO RESIDENTS OF NEW JERSEY.

Whatever automobile you decide to purchase, it is decidedly to your advantage to get it of a New Jersey dealer. All cars need little adjustments and attention on the start, to which you are entitled, and it is most important that the New Jersey agent have an interest in the car.

In addition, all contracts with manufacturers require dealers to sell only in their own territory. You want a clear title to your car.

New Jersey Automobile Trade Association

A COMPLETE LINE OF

ISOTTA CARS

INCLUDING

Polished Chassis

AND

Quinby Aluminum Bodies

Palace Automobile Show

J. M. QUINBY & CO.

OF

Newark, N. J.

The Automobile Exchange published every Sunday in The New York Times is the best medium for disposing of slightly used cars. Buyers find bargains in every list.

SOCIETY LEADERS VISIT AUTO SHOW

Increase in Price of Admission Does Not Materially Affect the Attendance.

MANY SALES ARE REPORTED

Several Novelties Appeal to Spectators —America's Most Costly Auto Exhibited.

Society Day at the Grand Central Palace Automobile Show yesterday brought out a large gathering of fashionables both in the afternoon and in the evening. In spite of the fact that double the usual admission fee was charged there was no appreciable decrease in the attendance. The extreme cold weather gave the women an opportunity to wear their furs, many of which were left in the cloak room, and the aisles of the exhibition were brilliant with women in beautiful gowns. Little partiality was shown by the many visitors in the different makes of cars. The little Brush Runabout came in for as much attention as did the most expensive imported cars.

Although there was considerable curiosity manifested by the prominent visitors it was an unusually good businesss day. Many sales were recorded, and society had a long, uninterrupted view of the latest products from the motor car manufactories. The social element showed a surprising knowledge of the mechanism of the new models, and discussed magnetos, ball bearings, and the component parts of an automobile with a technical knowledge that surprised many of the oldest salesmen in the automobile industry.

There was a continual stream of automobiles going and coming throughout the entire day and evening, and among those present were Gen. Horace Porter, Harold Vanderbilt, Dave Hennen Morris, Cortlandt Field Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. Potter Staples of Boston, Miss Dorothy Mills, Judge and Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, C. M. Gould of Port Chester, Mrs. George H. Richardson, who purchased a twenty-five horse-power Panhard; H. K. Vingut, Mrs. Frank Freeman, Miss Louise Freeman, Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., George Bourne, Miss Marjorie Bourne, Mrs. Edward R. Ladew, Miss Elise Ladew, J. H. Sears of Boston, Edward Shippen, Archibald Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Leland, Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Hollins, E. La Montagne, Lawrence Rider, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Gilbert Thebaud, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Dallas Bache Pratt, Richard Stevens, Theodore E. Steinway, Mr. and Mrs. Howland Pell, Rhinelander Waldo, Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Morrell, and Winthrop Scarrett.

One of the most interesting novelties of the show is the left-hand drive, that is to say, the steering wheel and control of some automobiles exhibited is placed to the left of the body instead of the right side. The innovation is receiving a fair trial.

Another novelty which seems to have a promising future is a revolving six-cylinder two-cycle aeronautic motor. These cylinders are placed with their heads together at the centre of the motor where a single admission port and spark plug is arranged to serve all of them successively. The hollow admission port carrying the spark plug forms the shaft or pivot around which the motor revolves, and each cylinder in turn passes the admission port, gets its new charge, and later is ignited by the spark plug to give the working stroke. Near the end of the working stroke the piston uncovers an exhaust port as in any two-cycle engine, and the spent gases escape.

The pistons are provided on their outer ends with rollers which follow a curved track eccentric with regard to the pivot around which the cylinders revolve. Thus on the working stroke the rollers travel down the track toward the point of greatest eccentricity and force the cylinders to revolve. After passing the furthest point, forming the end of stroke, the rollers follow the track back to the point of least distance, which brings the piston to the original position and compresses the new charge before it. Following this the ignition takes place and the cycle is repeated.

One of the exhibits which is attracting considerable attention is a remarkable power unit designed for taxicabs or taximeters, which appears to be a move in the right direction. Owners of big livery lines sometimes lose the use of a vehicle for several days while a balky motor is being overhauled. By the use of a removable unit the car need only be out of commission for a short time while the power plant is being replaced. Necessary repairs may then be made without hurry and with no loss of actual running time.

One of the lastest importations is the Delauney-Belleville car which can be used either as a touring or a completely inclosed car. When used as the former there is absolutely nothing about it to show that it can be converted into any other style of car. Neatly contrived uprights can be put into place in a brief time, however, which transforms it completely into a landaulet, where even the driver is inclosed. It is totally different from anything else at the show, and is one of the most admired car creations in "Foreigners' Row." It is finished in an attractive cream-gray coloring, with pale-blue trimmings, and is built on lines that are showy and harmonious.

Announcement was made yesterday of the plans of the Belmont Automobile Manufacturing Company. The product of this concern is the Belmont "30," about which there has been much speculation. The car figures in the moderate-priced class, and the output for 1910 will be limited to 300.

One of the busiest men at the automobile show yesterday was Sydney Bowman, whose exhibit of Clement-Bayards is one of the most attractive in "Foreigners' Row." Several of the very latest models which were brought to New York especially for the Grand Central Palace are on exhibition. These include a stripped chassis and two limousines, as well as one touring car. Mr. Bowman, by the way, is one of the men who has been doing business since the opening of the show, and has already reported several sales. In speaking of business, Mr. Bowman said that the demand for high-priced cars is surprisingly strong this year, and the indications were that the foreigners would find themselves in the same position in the Spring as dealers in American-made cars, and have hard work to fill their orders. This same belief seems to exist among the other importers, all of whom claim that the demand for high-priced foreign cars this year is greater than ever.

What is considered one of the most costly and elaborate automobiles ever turned out by a motor car firm on this side of the ocean forms a portion of one of the most interesting exhibits at the show. The car, a big touring affair, attracts instant attention on account of its color, a light cream. Closer inspection shows upholstering of embossed leather with panels of the same.

So many persons have arrived at the Grand Central Palace Auto Show before the usual time of opening, 10 o'clock, that Manager Alfred Reeves has determined to open the doors at 9 o'clock each morning hereafter. Out-of-town dealers and agents have been especially numerous among the early comers.

A. A. U. Sanctions Games.

At a recent meeting of the Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union several meets received official sanction, and have been announced by Chairman H. Obertubbessing as follows: Jan. 8, Xavier A. A.; Jan. 12, dual meet West Side Y. M. C. A. vs. Union Branch Y. M. C. A.; Jan. 15, Brooklyn Post Office Clerks; Jan. 19, Paulist A. C.; Jan. 19, St. Bartholomew Club; Jan. 20, Twenty-first Separate Company, Troy, N. Y.; Jan. 22, Seventy-first Regiment A. A.; Jan. 22, Fourth Regiment A. A.; Jan. 23, Helicon A. C. of Newark; Jan. 23, Kings County A. A.; Jan. 28, Pastime A. C.; Jan. 29, Twenty-ninth Company, Eighth Coast Artillery, and J. Wanamaker; Feb. 12, Knights of St. Anthony; Feb. 15, Irish-American A. C.; Feb. 21, Dominican Lyceum; Feb. 26, Fordham University; March 5, Spanish War Veterans; March 12, Columbia University; March 15, New York A. C.; March 19, Harlem Branch Y. M. C. A.

Collegians in Pastime A. C. Games.

The Pastime Athletic Club meet on Jan. 28 will bring together the star runners of the athletic clubs of this city and the colleges. Pennsylvania, Yale, Princeton, and Columbia are expected to enter teams in the relay event, with the College of the City of New York, Pratt Institute, Fordham, and New York University. Paull of Pennsylvania will undoubtedly prove an important factor in the mile event, and New Yorkers are looking forward eagerly to see him perform. There will also be an intercity relay race, one mile. Teams from New York, Brooklyn, Boston, and Philadelphia will toe the mark, and a good race is assured. Boston's relay team is one of the best in the country, and will give the New York and Brooklyn teams a keen race. A special medal will be given to any winner making a new indoor record.

ST. NICHOLAS WINS FIRST HOCKEY GAME

Home Team Triumphs in Opening of Amateur League Season at Rink.

WINNERS LEAD ALL THE WAY

Hockey Club of New York Scores Only One Goal, While St. Nicholas Makes 8—Mostly Individual Play.

Hockey took its place last night in the programme of Winter sports when the first game of the series for the Amateur Hockey League championship was played at St. Nicholas Rink, between the St. Nicholas seven and the team of the Hockey Club of New York. It was a hockey match that had in it every element of the game except close competition and good playing on the part of the vanquished, and when the array of talent retired to the side lines after the completion of the final period the score stood at 8 to 1 in favor of the St. Nicholas players. The winners led from the start, and when one of the twenty-minute periods had been finished the St. Nicholas players had scored three goals to none for their opponents.

Heavier than their opponents, the St. Nicholas men looked to have the better of the argument before the actual game commenced, the preliminary work not showing the Hockey Club players in good form. The first few minutes on the ice confirmed this opinion, for the stick work of the Hockey Club team was far below that of their opponents. As for the play of the St. Nicholas combination, it might be stated that there was nothing of exceptional quality in the work displayed, the showing of the team being much inferior to that against the Queens College men a few weeks ago, when victory rested on the St. Nicholas standards.

The play on the part of both teams was of the individual type almost entirely, with little semblance of combination play in evidence. The sallies of each team into the territory of its opponent was marred by this lack of concerted action, and while it was more in evidence in relation to the Hockey Club players, there was decidedly too much of the same style of play on the St. Nicholas side. The factor which lent itself against a much larger score against the Hockey Club was the work of the defense men, who fought gamely to stave off the tide of defeat which took on a hue of the inevitable before many minutes had passed.

The victory of St. Nicholas, while due, of course, to the work of all of the men, still showed the favoritism of luck. Shots which ordinarily would not have counted hung up tallies, and these were in several instances of the long variety, which are easily stopped. The Hockey Club players made repeated tries to get past the St. Nicholas defense, but only succeeded once, and that in the second half. The line-up:

Hockey Club.	Position.	St. Nicholas.
Ballin	Goal	Feltner
Russell	Point	Richards
Davidson	Cover point	Souther
Britton	Rover	Gordon
Keefe	Centre	Putnam
McKenzie	Left wing	Chew
Conghtry	Right wing	Larned

Goals.—First half—First for St. Nicholas by Gordon in 3:35, second for St. Nicholas by Souther in 4:48, third for St. Nicholas by Gordon in 10:32. Second half—First for St. Nicholas by Chew in 7:34, second for St. Nicholas by Gordon in 10:14, third for St. Nicholas by Gordon in 10:55, fourth for the Hockey Club by Keefe in 11:45, fifth for St. Nicholas by Chew in 15:33, sixth for St. Nicholas by Souther in 18:48. Penalties—McKenzie, 2 minutes; Keefe, 1 minute. Referee—Mr. Garron, Wanderers; assistant referee—Howard Drakeley, President of the Amateur Hockey League. Goal umpires—Mr. Murphy of Columbia and Mr. Reimund of New York A. C. Timers—R. Lake of Princeton and Mr. Tisne of Hockey Club. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Ed Ten Eyck Athletic Director.

Announcement was made yesterday at Madison, Wis., that Edward Ten Eyck, who for some time has coached the Wisconsin crews, competiting at Poughkeepsie, had been appointed athletic director of Wisconsin University. As a rowing coach, Ten Eyck is well known among oarsmen, and his popularity at Wisconsin is manifest by his appointment of athletic director, which means that he will have supervision of all branches over sports at the university.

Collins After Obermeyer's Scalp.

Long distance runners in this vicinity, and especially Tom Collins of the Irish-American Athletic Club, will try to defeat George Obermeyer at the games of the Xavier Athletic Club at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on next Saturday evening. Obermeyer beat Collins and Jim Crowley decisively recently, and is now regarded as the best of the long distance men. Collins and several other runners, however, are willing to give Obermeyer a strong run for the title on Saturday night. It will be a three-mile event, and will bring out a field of forty runners. Another event of interest will be the three-quarter-mile run, in which such men as Eagan, Walther, Kivlat, Carr, and Pilgrim will compete. There are over 500 entries to the Xavier Club's meet.

LOST HAT AND RACE, TOO.

Ice Yachtsman's Mishap Costs the Princeton a Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 4.—Capt. Henry H. Munro's new iceboat Princeton was swifter than all the other boats on the Shrewsbury River this afternoon, but did not win. The Princeton, with Capt. Asher Wardell at the tiller and Richard Duryea in the cockpit, was leading in the race for the challenge pennant, when Duryea lost his hat on the first round of the ten-mile course. He paid but little attention to his missing headgear until the second round was reached, when some one started to throw his hat to him. He "ducked" and lost his balance and rolled on the ice, injuring his hip. Capt. Wardell stopped the Princeton, took Duryea aboard, and finished only eighteen seconds behind the winner, Commodore Gibbon's Ingenue, sailed by John Bates. Benjamin F. Morris's Mildred, sailed by Robert Curtis, was third. The times—Ingenue, 23:19; Princeton, 23:37; Mildred, 24:21.

In the race for the Commodore's Cup of the Shrewsbury Iceboat and Yacht Club but two starters appeared, the Eagle, J. E. Green, and the Claret, owned by Walter Content. The Eagle won, making the fifteen-mile course in 38:03. Claret's time was 41:42.

White Defeats Smith at Billiards.

In the amateur billiard tournament for the championship of Brooklyn at the Knickerbocker Academy at Brooklyn last evening C. E. White defeated H. H. Smith. It was a handicap match in which White agreed to run up a score of 275, while Smith was to click off 213. White won easily, for while he was making a total of 275 points Smith got only 156. White's average was 5 30-40, and his high run was 29. Smith had a high run of 1 and an average of 3¼.

F. Hoppe Beats Magnus with Cue.

Frank Hoppe defeated Louis Magnus in a three-cushion billiard match last evening in the tournament now in progress at Doyle's Academy by a score of 40 to 26 in seventy-nine innings. Hoppe's high run was 4. In to-night's match Frank Hoppe will play Frank McKay in the final game of the tournament.

De Oro Loses Billiard Match.

George Moore defeated Alfred De Oro last evening in a game of three-cushion carroms in thirty-five innings, by the score of 25 to 22, at McGraw's billiard rooms.

Wrestler Roller Recovering.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Dr. B. F. Roller, the Seattle wrestler, is in no danger of blood poisoning, as was feared yesterday, and will be able to continue his tour with James J. Jeffries in a short time, according to a statement made by his physician at Mercy Hospital here today.

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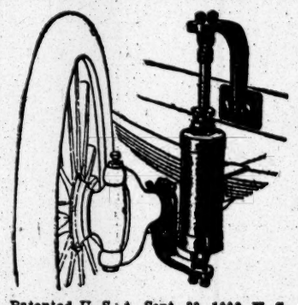

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GROUT — 45 H. P. $2,500. Garage and Machine Shop. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.

HUDSON — A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3393 Col.

ISOTTA — IMPORT COMPANY, 1,823 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.

KNOX — Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

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Marion Flyer Overland — CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. Phone 5130 Col.

MATHESON — Matheson Automobile Co., 1886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.

MOON — Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.

NATIONAL — POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1913 B'way, (64th St.) 'Phone 5933 Col.

OAKLAND — 30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.

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Peerless Pa. ronneau—4-passenger, top, glass front; ' e lamps, Prest-O-Lite tank, speedometer, unk rack, demountable rims; thoroughly overhauled, slip covers, painted. Can be seen at 224 West 57th St. K. C. Darling.

C. G. V. Town Car, '08 model Limousine, used very little; blue cloth upholstery; nicely equipped and in fine running condition; has to be seen to be appreciated. Must be sold very cheap. K. C. Darling 224 West 57th St.

We have a full line of '07 '08, and '09 Limousine and Landaulet bodies, which have been slightly used, that we must close out within the next two weeks. Can be seen at 1,760 Broadway, Fourth Floor.

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Locomobile roadster, 1910, type L, 30 h. p., detachable bucket seats; car run very little; practically brand new; great sacrifice. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 208 West 76th St.

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For Sale—6-cylinder Mora, 1909; close coupled tonneau; absolutely full equipment; excellent condition; bargain. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 208 West 76th St.

Peerless 1910 Close Couple.—Top, slip covers, glass front; run less than 500 miles; color maroon; ready for immediate delivery. Can be seen at 224 West 57th St. G. Van Gilder.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 5, 1910.

GOOD ADVICE NOT WANTED.

In his address to the Economic Association President LOWELL said:

> One useful test of investigations in any branch of learning is the extent to which persons engaged in the practice of the subject turn to them for advice. But how much do statesmen turn to professors of political science? Surely students of politics do not lead public thought so much as they ought to do.

The truth of the observation may be admitted, but a different application may be made of it. Whose fault is it if American politicians do not consult students of economics as much as they profitably might? President LOWELL himself said that New York reformers devoted themselves to reform of the primaries along lines tried and abandoned in Massachusetts. Surely it was not the fault of those who knew that their advice was not asked. Yesterday was published the message of the Governor of Ohio, recommending a method of taxation condemned by all students of taxation and by ample experience. Is it the fault of the men who know that Gov. HARMON did not ask their advice? Not long ago Congress appointed a commission to reform our confused monetary system, and the banking profession has no place upon the council. Is it the fault of the bankers and the professors of finance that they have not an influential voice in the discussion, and are allowed merely to write essays upon the subject instead of drawing up bills?

Perhaps the most conspicuous example of all is that afforded by our misfit railway legislation. Here advice was asked, and given, and rejected, not once, but twice, with results within the knowledge of all. What happened in Mr. ROOSEVELT'S time when Mr. MORGAN made an unsuccessful visit to the White House is not a pleasant reminiscence. Yesterday a second visit was paid on a similar errand, and the result lies in the future. It must be said in Mr. TAFT'S favor that, however resolute in action, he is certainly suaver in method than his predecessor. Those whom he consulted were not openly flouted, in indifference to results. It is too soon after a painful experience for the savagest of reformers to say that he does not care what happens to the railways. It has been proved that it is a mistake to overlook their employés, or even their shareholders, and there is a sense in which every American suffers with the railways. Mr. TAFT has not shown indifference to these considerations, and yet he is represented as having modified his intentions only in minor matters. In the main it is his intention to proceed with his plans of reform.

It is agreeable to admit that he means well, but there is no presumption that he will do well if it be true that he has rejected substantially the advice of those most qualified to advise. It is premature to discuss his recommendations before we have them, but the heads of his intention are public property. He hopes to recommend the new prohibitions by softening some of the applications of the existing statutes. But the things now forbidden to be permitted hereafter were necessitated by the enactments which are to be modified. Railways were forbidden to make agreements about rates, and this is to be allowed hereafter. But they are to be forbidden the device by which they alleviated the prohibition of rate arrangement, and were thus bidden to cut each other's rates and throats. In order to avert uneconomic competition they established community of interests, and in many cases of ownership, but this is now to be forbidden. The old reforms admittedly worked ill, but the new laws will work well—in the opinions of the proposers.

If it were possible to give force of law to sedative adjectives and good intentions, no apprehension would be felt. It is because we have had an experience to the contrary that we are reluctant about another venture. Some good things resulted from the old legislation, but they were not what was expected, and nobody was more surprised than the railways which profited by the legislation directed against them. On the other hand, some bad things in the laws were averted by extralegal devices, and these are now to be modified. It is hardly too much to say that nobody knows just how the new laws will work. It is equally difficult to indulge agreeable anticipations, and unnecessary to entertain disquieting apprehensions. When a wise man was once asked about a course of action in a doubtful case he replied with another question: "Can't you let it alone?"

PASSENGERS' TRIBUTE.

The statistics given out by Collector LOEB as to the amount of duties paid by the cabin passengers of incoming vessels at this port have some curious bearings. The most obvious features of the report are the increase of nearly 120 per cent. in receipts and the relatively small increase of 16 per cent. in the number of passengers.

Apart from these facts, however, it is noteworthy that of the 800,000 cabin passengers (in round numbers) less than 15,000 made declarations, or one in twenty. These paid in all a little over $1,000,000 in duties, or an average of $66 each. Taking the average rate on dutiable goods at 40 per cent., this would indicate that the total value of goods coming into the port in passengers' baggage is not more than $2,500,000, or an average of only $166 for the passengers declaring dutiable articles. The average duty on the kind of goods thus imported is probably appreciably higher than 40 per cent., and the average importation really lower than $166. Now, the total imports into New York are about $700,000,000 and the duties paid are $184,000,000. According to the Collector's figures, the imports by passengers are not more than one-third of 1 per cent. of the total, and the duties collected from passengers are less than one-half of 1 per cent. of the total. Does it not seem, in the light of common sense, a little absurd to expend so much energy, and to inflict so much annoyance on some thousands of our citizens in order to compass a business relatively so petty?

UNINSPECTED MEATS.

Dr. A. D. MELVIN, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington, tells in his annual report of a pretty state of affairs. He declares that half the meats eaten in the United States are not inspected by his bureau, but that the States and cities, which are supposed to protect their citizens from the traffic in poisonous food within their limits, neglect their duty. One of the results of the Federal inspection, the report says, is to "cause the diversion of diseased and suspicious-looking animals to the uninspected establishments, where they are slaughtered for the local market."

The Federal Government provides at packing houses doing an inter-State business a competent veterinary and sanitary inspection at the time of slaughter. Is that the policy of this city and State with respect to their vast local trade in meats? Dr. MELVIN says it is not merely a question of examining the meats offered for sale in the markets, since, in the condition of the meats at the time of sale, it is "usually impossible to detect disease."

Money invested in an adequate inspection service to guard against diseased and poisonous meats is never money wasted. The Health Department of the city should have funds for such inspection, and it is incumbent upon some legislator to examine the State food inspection laws, suggest modifications if need be, and ask for an appropriation that can be used to supplement the Federal inspection service.

ODOROUS COMPARISONS.

We cannot see any great good that is likely to come from such comment on the East and West as Prof. CHARLES ZUEBLIN, late of the Chicago University, offered at the Waldorf on Monday. There was very little that was new in it, and hardly anything that justified, or even excused, the fantastic title he gave to the lecture, "The Dynamic West." The effort to startle the minds of New York auditors by extreme statements as to the differences between the two sections is likely to be mischievous, while merely to state the differences that actually exist is, unless it be done with candor and much discrimination, quite futile.

The fact is that, while there is in the popular mind in the East and in the West a consciousness of certain broad differences, neither is sufficiently homogeneous to make comparison with the other easy or safe, except with a good deal of care and on a modest scale. Many things that this Western professor undertook to describe as peculiar to one part of the country can be found in the other, and very few of them can be predicated of either as a whole. Whatever may be his own experience or observation, men go to "informal" evening functions in the "wilds" of Michigan, and even in parts of Chicago, wearing the harmless dinner jacket, and are conscious of no "offense to organized society." And the scorn of Philadelphians on one side of Market Street for those on the other was until recently quite pale and ineffectual compared to that which the "society" of St. Paul felt for that of the neighboring town of Minneapolis, now practically one city.

Critics of the East and West, from whichever they come, are fond of insisting on the "youth" of the latter. But though the West was settled after the East, the men and women in that part of our common land are not younger than those of this, and essentially they are very much the same. For the last half century mighty and pervasive forces have been working to do away with whatever differences came from relative lateness of settlement and consequent environment. The immense and almost inconceivable progress in means of transportation and communication, the spread of varied industries, the general adoption of similar systems of education, the development of co-operation between all parts of the land, and, more than all else, the steady growth of a National spirit, of common aims, ideals, hopes, and ambitions have gradually, but at the same time very rapidly, wrought the East and the West into a fabric of common fibre and harmonious characteristics. The process is bound to go on. The lingering prepossessions and prejudices that obtain expression from time to time are becoming as insignificant, as little effective in the relations of the people, as those that survive, say, between Boston and New York, or New York and Philadelphia. Before long they will, along with the latter, find an obscure grave in the "funny" column of the newspapers or the lectures of peripatetic lecturers.

YALE'S HILLHOUSE CAMPUS.

President TIMOTHY DWIGHT, who preceded President HADLEY of Yale, used to tell the Freshmen in his "library lectures" that during the half century of his service to the institution in various official capacities he had seen a number of "ancient" and "inviolable" Yale customs and traditions spring up, flourish, and die. His lectures were delivered in Osborn Hall, the establishment of which on the corner of College and Chapel Streets had necessitated tearing down that most impregnable of Yale institutions, the "Fence." To the Yale men of that day this was a greater sacrilege than the invasion of their ancestors' tombs by "foreign devil" railway men would be to devout Chinamen. But within four years, President DWIGHT told the listening Freshmen, another immemorial tradition had become established of having the "Fence" inside the campus, far removed from its former exposed location. Osborn Hall was erected according to the wish of its givers, and is now the recitation hall of the college.

Such, we think, will be the case with the establishment of the new Hillhouse campus at New Haven contrary to the hopes and ideals of Yale College and its Faculty. Their protests and their struggle with the Yale Corporation lasted until the day before the announcement of Mrs. SAGE'S munificent gift that freed the new campus of its incumbrances. Prof. BUMSTEAD'S statement that not only the new Sloane University laboratory, but "even buildings exclusively for college use," must soon be placed on the distant Hillhouse property, will call forth expressions of ire from sundry alumni and undergraduates: we shall hear much about its inevitable effect of destroying Yale College as a college, and its dissolution into a university without solidarity of spirit and traditions. But Mr. ANSON PHELPS STOKES, Jr., Secretary of the Yale Corporation, has declared:

> This is a university question as distinct from a purely departmental one. It cannot therefore be finally settled by a vote of the professors of any department. Their views are entitled to the most careful consideration, but in the end the corporation, having the needs of the whole institution in mind, must decide, and there must be a clear-cut university policy to which all departments should give loyal assent.

Secretary STOKES also gave the professors this to think about:

> The great needs of the university today are increase of salaries for the teaching force, a few additional men of high scholarship in professorships, and the encouragement of research. These are possibilities now in a way that they could not have been, had so large a sum of money been put into new land.

Room for expansion has been provided. The next best way to strengthen Yale College is to make its teaching force better paid and more efficient. Doubtless the college will be comforted by this reflection, and will strive cheerfully to adapt itself to the new conditions.

D. O. MILLS.

Like JOHN S. KENNEDY and CHARLES STEWART SMITH, D. O. MILLS belonged to the older generation of men of large affairs and great fortunes in this city. For it was with this city, even more than with San Francisco, that during the last third of his life the name and the activities of Mr. MILLS were associated.

It was in San Francisco, however, that he did his most conspicuous, creative, constructive work. Of the great numbers who made up the coastward migration he was among the earliest. He began his active and successful career there, laid there the foundation of his fortune, and there established his reputation and made his name known to all the country. In building up the great D. O. Mills Bank, and the Bank of California, and in restoring the latter institution to solvency and prosperity after its collapse, he not only furnished to San Francisco and the Pacific Coast the financial facilities of trade, but set an example of sound and successful banking that was invaluable to that rich and growing part of the Nation.

Mr. MILLS'S activities in New York took many forms. He was known as a banker, a large owner of real estate, as a philanthropist, and as a generous promoter of advancement in science and the arts. His benefactions were numerous and well directed. The Mills Hotels, which furnish food and lodging at little more than tenement house cost, yet in conditions of cleanliness and comfort that make them acceptable homes, have been a conspicuous example of the wise use the banker made of his fortune. His active interest in the Zoological Garden, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the American Museum of Natural History testified to his desire to aid in building up institutions worthy of the great city and its civilization. Mr. MILLS was a successful man of the old-fashioned type. By old-fashioned methods, and by his career, his qualities, his benefactions, and his high character he won and preserved the respect, the esteem, and the gratitude of the communities in which his life was spent.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Answer to the Dairymen.

Having much the better case, the Secretary of the American Meat Packers' Association was able to make a much better showing in the letter we printed yesterday than did Mr. URNER, the representative of the dairy interests, with the statistics of the oleomargarine trade. That was because Mr. MCCARTHY could use all the figures and go back far enough to reveal what a dreadful blow to the production of a cheap and wholesome food it was when the dairymen were able to persuade or compel Congress to impose what was expected would be a prohibitive tax on oleomargarine prepared in what was supposed to be the only salable way.

After this law was passed sales fell from over 126,000,000 pounds a year bringing to the Government a revenue of nearly $3,000,000, to 48,000,000 pounds, paying a tax of only $180,000. Of that, naturally, Mr. URNER said nothing, not caring to call attention to the double loss, that of the Government and that of the people, through the "protection" so kindly granted to the makers of and dealers in butter. Instead, he told—O, quite accurately!—how, in spite of the big tax on colored oleomargarine, the manufacturers of it had managed to keep alive and slowly to increase their sales until last year they amounted to 62,000,000 pounds, which is a rather magnificent total—if only one does not know, or neglects to remember, that this was 34,000,000 pounds less than was sold seven years before, and that, to enrich a single small group of farmers and middlemen, the general public had been deprived during each of those years of the much larger amounts to which the trade in this excellent food would undoubtedly have grown had it not been for the unjustifiable restriction placed upon it.

That is always the way with "protection"—what it directly accomplishes is as nothing to what it does indirectly, and the tax returns are but a minute part of the taxes imposed and paid. Indeed, revenue and impost are usually in inverse ratio, a prohibitive tax yielding nothing and costing enormously.

To the dairyman's plea that colored oleomargarine would be sold as butter, and not as a substitute for it, Mr. MCCARTHY makes the adequate answer that such fraud is as easy now as it would be with the special tax removed, and he might have added that the temptation to indulge in it would be considerably decreased, since it would be considerably less profitable if the price of butter were not artificially raised by freedom from the competition of a cheaper equivalent. To all intents and purposes butter and oleomargarine are the same thing, except that oleomargarine is better than all but the best butter, and there is no more excuse for taxing the one than the other.

American Ideas Resented.

In Cuba the race question is complicated by the fact that the negroes played an active and really important part in the war with Spain, supplying in its later years not only a majority of the men fighting in the ranks of the rebel army, but not a few of its ablest officers. It is not unnatural or without reason, therefore, that the black Cubans and those of mixed blood should be particularly sensitive to any denial of complete equality, social as well as political, with their white neighbors, and that they should bitterly resent any attempt to establish in the island racial distinctions of the kind which exist in this country. As a Government organ in Havana puts it, "the Americans must be taught by the strong arm of the law that they will not be permitted to introduce into Cuba the anti-negro sentiments prevailing in the United States," and the same paper insists that black and white stand on the same plane in Cuba.

That is very noble, from some points of view, but the Cubans might as well realize that there will be certain disadvantages connected with the acceptance of this announcement as true by the outside world. Such acceptance would be more apt to lower the white Cubans in general esteem than to raise the black ones, and it would also tend to confirm the unkind but rather widespread notion that the white Cubans lack some of the qualities requisite for successful self-government.

The dilemma in which the Cubans find themselves is therefore a peculiarly difficult one, and there is a very serious side to the riot caused this week in Havana by the refusal at a hotel kept by and for Americans to sell drinks to two negro Congressmen. The incident ended for the moment in the infliction of a ten-dollar fine on the barkeeper who had thus affronted the black statesmen, but as their friends are going in droves now to order—and get—drinks at the same place, that hotel is not likely long to serve the purpose of its existence. The Havana shopkeepers would not be happy if the city were to become one in which the free-spending American tourist cannot be comfortable, and it looks as if the island would have to decide some day whether it is to be a black or a white republic. Unfortunately for its convenience, a mixture is not half way between the two, but out-and-out black, as strangers will view it.

Tree Planting Quickly Profitable.

In his address before the City Club the State Commissioner of Forestry only repeated warnings that have been uttered many times before, but he presented them forcefully and with authority, and until warnings have been heeded it cannot be said that they have been too often given. The American public has, indeed, been made a little uneasy about the rapid disappearance of the woods, and here and there somebody is really setting out a few acres of seedlings that will be big trees in forty or fifty years, but the real work either of forest preservation or of forest replacement cannot be said to be yet in more than contemplation. Each year, according to Commissioner WHIPPLE, the amount of wood cut is five times as much as natural growth will replace, and the hastening famine of lumber, serious as that is, does not compare in importance with other and equally certain results of deforestation. That means the drying up of rivers during a large part of the year and the actual removal of vast areas of arable land through the unimpeded wash of rains and torrents. Tree planting would be more popular than it is if people could only be taught that it will bring in returns long before the trees are large enough to cut. As a matter of fact, the profit begins at once in the many ways that Mr. WHIPPLE explained, and the last one, that from salable timber, is probably the smallest of them all.

REAR CAR BUFFERS.

These Would Protect Passengers in Rear-End Collisions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The recent railroad disaster, in which a New York banker was crushed to death while occupying an apartment at the rear end of a Montreal express train, recalls other tragedies of a similar nature. Many will remember that the President of the Southern Railroad and his traveling companion were killed in a precisely similar manner while sleeping in the President's private car, which was the rear car on a Southern train. This train had come to a standstill, and was plowed into from the rear by a heavy freight.

It is well known that when a railroad train stops at an unusual point, the lives of the passengers who occupy the rear car are really protected only by the conscientious fulfillment of duty on the part of an ordinary brakeman. If he goes back far enough and succeeds in flagging a following train, serious disaster will be avoided. The block system and automatic signals do not always work as they should, and the brakeman may be tired or stupid or unbelieving or afraid that if he goes far back he may be left behind by his train. Surely the time has long since arrived when every train should have at its rear a buffer, if it were only a box freight car packed tight with hay. Modern mechanical ingenuity should be able to provide a much better buffer than that; but is there any reason why the lives of passengers occupying the rear car should not be as well protected as those of people traveling in the front car? The problem is not difficult to solve. Let us have proper buffers and travel without special fear in the rear car. Any car on any train may without the knowledge of its occupants be put at the rear of the train at any time in the course of a journey.

CHARLES McBURNEY.

Estill, S. C., Jan. 2, 1910.

Customs Overcharges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can THE NEW YORK TIMES make any suggestion as to how redress can be had in a case like the following:

A few months ago I ordered from the catalogue of a bookseller in England a set of books at the price of 35s., or approximately $8.75. In due time they arrived with the bill for the proper amount—by book post; but they had been held up by the New York Custom House, where they had been appraised at $19, and charged 25 per cent. duty—i. e., $4.75. I paid the amount demanded under protest, and the Postmaster made complaint to the Collector, inclosing a copy of the bill. His method of treating the matter has been very simple—to make no reply whatever. This is merely a typical instance of the sort of thing that happens frequently. If you can make any suggestion as to a means of obtaining redress I think there are others besides myself who would be glad to hear of it.

A few years ago I took a bicycle to England for the Summer—a bicycle made in Hartford, Conn., worth about $75. On my return in the Autumn it was held up in the Custom House for three weeks, during the fine Autumn weather, when I especially wanted it, and then released only on the payment of $14 for storage. If it were not for the name of the thing I might have as well paid duty and had my bicycle at once.

RUNNEMEDE.

Wallingford, Penn., Jan. 3, 1910.

John Alden's Trade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A statement in THE TIMES recently refers to John Alden as having been "only a humble cooper," thus copying an error which dates from a time when history was less known than it now is. Its only foundation is traced to the records of the Mayflower, where it is written that Alden "shipped as a cooper," which is not saying that he was a cooper. It was not easy to get out of England in 1620. The gates were guarded. Secrecy and disguise were often necessary. The Pilgrims made three attempts before they got away to Holland a few years earlier.

In that day a cooper was an uneducated man who signed "his mark." Alden's letters and legal papers are open to the public in Pilgrim Hall, at Plymouth, Mass. They would do credit to a lawyer of to-day. He was the Secretary of Standish. He is believed to have been the son of a Devonshire clergyman.

New York, Jan. 3, 1910. C. S. B.

The Short "O."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The popular mispronunciation of the short "o" would seem to have arisen from the unskillful attempts of educators to teach the distinction between such words as "caught" and "cot," "gnawed" and "nod," reinforced by the Bowery dialect, which says, for example, "g'wahn" for "go on." Better allow a child to say "dawg" and drawl it as much as he pleases than to urge him to say "dahg" which he drawls no less. The only difference between "o" in "cot" and "augh" in "caught," according to such an authority as the American Philological Association, is a difference in the duration of the sound rather than in the position of the vocal organs.

Much might be done by our teachers to correct this disagreeable habit if so many of them were not, alas, themselves among its victims.

New York, Jan. 3, 1910. W. F. V.

The "Bishop's Prayer Chain."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Twice within a week I have received copies of the prayer chain, which was started several years ago, and which says that Bishop Lawrence is its sponsor.

The Bishop has several times in print disowned this blasphemous letter, which requires the recipient to copy it nine times under penalty of great misfortune. It is, of course, quite impossible to stop it, unless those who receive a copy will reason out its absurdity and consign it to the waste paper basket.

Through your valuable paper this warning should reach those persons who fear to break the chain and do not realize its harmful claims.

A CHAIN-BREAKER.

New York, Jan. 3, 1910.

SHOOTING UP LANIGAN'S.

He blowed inter Lanigan's, swingin' a gun,
An' swearin';
Declarin'
Red rivers 'ud run
Down Alkali Valley an' oceans o' gore
'Ud wash sudden death on th' sage-brushy shore,
An' shot a big hole inter Lanigan's floor.

He blowed inter Lanigan's, swingin' a gun,
A new one,
A blue one,
A Colt's forty-one;
He shot some, permiskus, where Lanigan stood,
An' would have put Lanigan in bad fer good,
But th' leg that he happened t' shoot in was wood.

He blowed inter Lanigan's, shoutin' like mad,
An' ravin',
Gun wavin',
Gin-ugly an' bad;
He shot a knot hole outen Lanigan's leg,
Th' wood one—an' shot th' bung outen a keg,
An' nigh let th' liquor all out, every dreg.

An' Lanigan, seein' him goin' too far,
Too frisky,
(With whisky
Wuth cash at th' bar,)
Reached over an' pulled out a big forty-four
An' plugged him between th' back bar an' th' door,
Till he was less harmful than he was before.

He blowed inter Lanigan's, lookin' fer gore,
An' tarried;
We carried
Him out on a door;
An' Lanigan took a big splinter o' leg
An' got out his jackknife an' whittled a peg
To stop up th' hole he shot inter th' keg.

J. W. FOLEY.

HETCH HETCHY TRANSFER.

It Would Establish a Bad Precedent and Cause Needless Destruction.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the Sunday, Jan. 2, issue of THE TIMES you published a letter on the Hetch Hetchy controversy by T. T. Williams, in which that writer attempted to show that the City of San Francisco had been falsely accused of selfishness in its attempt to transform the Hetch Hetchy Valley, a part of the Yosemite National Park, into a reservoir for its water supply. The letter is interesting because it demonstrates how a heated imagination can lead a man into a string of misstatements and inaccuracies.

The Hetch Hetchy Valley, the floor of which is from three and a half to four miles long by half a mile in width, lies within the upper watershed of the Tuolumne River, which forms the northern half of the Yosemite National Park. This park was created by act of Congress in 1890, and the famous Yosemite Valley, which lies to the south and which until then had been a State park, was included within this larger area. The National Park was created primarily to protect the Hetch Hetchy Valley, together with the Grand Canyon of the Tuolumne and the Tuolumne Meadows, both of which lie to the east of the valley and within the park, from private invasion and to establish once and for all one of the rarest and most beautiful pieces of natural scenery in this country for the health and enjoyment and moral uplift of its people.

This may contradict Mr. Williams's statement at the beginning of his letter, but it remains true nevertheless that that was the chief reason urged upon the Public Lands Committee in Congress by those who were most closely identified with the movement, in 1890, for establishing this reservation.

To understand the merits of the case clearly it is necessary to set forth the importance of the Hetch Hetchy Valley itself as a part of the whole park. Those who have seen it know it to be one of nature's masterpieces, comparable only to the Yosemite Valley itself in the grandeur of its granite walls, thousands of feet in height, its graceful waterfalls, and the varied beauty of its vegetation. But aside from this it is absolutely essential to the enjoyment of the park as a whole. It is necessary as a camping ground on the long journeys on foot and horse over this section of the park. Every Sierran mountaineer knows the extreme importance of water and occasional green meadows, on which the horses must depend during the outing. The Hetch Hetchy Valley and the Tuolumne Meadows are two of the most ideal resting grounds in the entire range of the Sierras. They are joined together by the Grand Canyon of the Tuolumne, one of the most wonderful gorges in the world, twelve miles in length and in places nearly a mile in depth, through which the river winds among its granite walls, clothed with trees and shrubbery and flowers, and enlivened by the music of waterfalls and the songs of birds.

This is the region that certain disinterested men are anxious to save from needless destruction, men who would like to see justice done and who have the best interests of the country at heart, but whom Mr. Williams chooses to describe as "nature fakirs," who, according to his view, are assisting the wicked Spring Valley Water Company to continue a monopoly.

Let us review, in a few words, the harmful consequences that would result from abandoning this property of the people of the United States to the City of San Francisco.

First, the natural beauty of the Hetch Hetchy Valley would be destroyed, although Mr. Williams denies this. The giant trees and beautiful groves and flower gardens of the valley floor would simply be submerged and disappear and access to the valley be made impossible on account of the steepness of the surrounding walls. The "beautiful lake" idea is here an utter fallacy.

Second, communication between the northwestern section of the park and the Tuolumne gorge and meadows to the east would be rendered practically impossible, at least for large numbers of people. With every year travel into the valley has increased, and its has been conservatively estimated that with the extension of roads and trails from the southwest as many thousand people will annually pour into Hetch Hetchy as now visit the famous Yosemite itself. But aside from this, it has been questioned whether the entire upper watershed of the Tuolumne might not have to be closed to the public (if Hetch Hetchy were to be relinquished) on account of the danger from pollution of these upper sources.

Third, a dangerous precedent, involving the future integrity of all our National parks, would be established by granting this valley to San Francisco without just cause. It is incumbent upon the San Francisco interests to prove beyond a doubt the necessity of such a grant before the Nation can be forced to give way in a matter involving such far-reaching consequences.

Just here lies the vital weakness of Mr. Williams's argument for the San Francisco side of the question. He claims to be familiar with "almost every water proposition of the State of California" and maintains that "the most eminent engineers" believe this valley to be "the one possible water supply for San Francisco" and that "they cannot get any other adequate water supply." Now, it is a matter of record, both within and without Congress, that many eminent engineers have decidedly differed in opinion with those referred to by Mr. Williams. Among the former were two consulting engineers of the Panama Canal and three who have represented the city, and even ex-Mayor Phelan of San Francisco, the original spokesman of the Hetch Hetchy proposition, has admitted that "there are no less than half a dozen water supplies from the Sierras."

It is not necessary to go into detail about the many available sources of supply that would amply meet San Francisco's needs. Indeed, a glance at the map will show that that city is ideally situated with regard to water supply, for a whole string of rivers comes down from the Sierras and the nearer Coast Range. But it is true that these sources cannot be had for a mere exchange of worthless land scattered within and about the park and formerly acquired by the city, nor is it likely that these other sources would yield the city the very substantial income which it would derive from the development of hydro-electric power that makes the Hetch Hetchy Valley so cheap and so desirable.

Repeated efforts have been made for the past ten years by San Francisco to obtain control of this valley. At last, after many defeats, a conditional and revocable grant for its use was obtained from the Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Garfield, on May 11, 1908. But the city wants an absolute and permanent right to the valley, and a bill has accordingly been introduced in the present Congress providing for the exchange of outside parcels of land which is to give the city absolute title to the Hetch Hetchy Valley forever.

While Mr. Williams, at the close of his letter, deplores the attitude which THE TIMES is taking with regard to this controversy, the present writer cannot but feel that your position is entirely justified and that the transfer of the Hetch Hetchy Valley would establish a dangerous precedent and result in needless destruction. Representatives and Senators in Congress and the members of the Public Lands Committees are entitled to hear from their constituents on this question, as well as on the still more important question of revising the general laws governing our National parks in such a way as to make all future encroachments by outside interests impossible.

G. FREDERICK SCHWARZ.

New York, Jan. 3, 1910.

The Dangerous Hatpin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is evil in the dangerous hatpin, the long, sharp point of which often endangers unfortunate man when he moves in a crowd or hangs on a strap.

Far be it from me to suggest that the dear ladies should go around wearing elastics or black ribbons under their chins, as in the days of yore, but they might at least wear corks on the points of their hat pins, or better still, demand pins with a head at each end—some inventor could easily patent one with a fine thread about half an inch from the point, so that there could be a duplicate head screwed on—and this would undoubtedly appeal to the wearer, owing to the opportunity it would offer for additional adornment.

E. E. L.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1910.

MRS. SAGE EXTENDS BIBLE FUND TIME

$42,612 Needed to Complete the $500,000 Required to Meet a Like Amount from Her.

FRESH APPEALS SENT OUT

Contributions Received from All Parts of the World and in Amounts from 10 Cents to $25,000.

When all the contributions toward the American Bible Society's million-dollar endowment fund, $500,000 of which was offered by Mrs. Russell Sage, were counted at the society's offices, in the Bible House, yesterday afternoon, it was found that the amount in cash and subscribed was $457,387, or $42,612 short of the $500,000 which had to be raised by Dec. 31 last to obtain Mrs. Sage's gift.

The next ten minutes in the Bible House were full of action. Robert W. De Forest, acting for Mrs. Sage in the contingent gift, was reached on the telephone and the situation explained to him. There was a sigh of relief when he replied that Mrs. Sage was not disposed to be too strict with the society. If the $42,000 was raised in a reasonable period Mrs. Sage would stand by the bargain, he said. Members of the Bible Society, recalling that Mrs. Sage had already extended the limit of the offer for one year, were particularly anxious that another indulgence should not be asked.

The hope was expressed last night that it would not take more than two or three months to get the required amount, and the Rev. Dr. William I. Haven, one of the Corresponding Secretaries, sent telegrams at once to some of the more important agents, directing them to redouble their efforts.

Among the contributors to the fund were Miss Helen Gould and the late D. Willis James. They gave $25,000 each. Fifty-six persons, about half of them women, gave $1,000 each. Among these were most of the members of the Board of Managers of the society, but some of the outsiders giving that sum were John S. Huyler, Alexander H. De Haven, John L. Baily of Philadelphia, and Arthur Curtiss James, son of D. Willis James.

Many of the smaller gifts had interesting histories. One of the last to come in before the list was closed was announced in a telegram from the son of a Welsh farmer in Wisconsin. Some months ago a letter was received from the farmer who had scrawled out that he would like to give $5 or $500, the Secretaries could not make out which, but thought it must be $5. They wrote to the man, however, receiving a reply saying he intended giving $500, and a good check for that amount came in due time. His son telegraphed that his father, dying, had directed him to increase the gift by $700.

The smallest gift was 10 cents, received from a poor needlewoman in Georgia. The society treasured that dime and the letter she sent with it, saying she wished she could give more, as highly as they do some much larger amounts from those abundantly able to give. Among the earlier givers was a lad of 5, whose mother had told him that the society was trying to send the Bible to some little boys and girls who had never heard of it. He sent 10 cents. When he died some months later, there was $5 in his penny bank, and his mother sent that as a memorial to him.

One man, very poor, in California, sent nineteen pennies which were found in his wife's purse when she died. He had carried them for years, he wrote, as a memento of her, but thought they would do some service in spreading the Bible. A blind man in Montreal who makes his living by selling pencils in the streets sent $1 with a letter saying that if at the final count not enough had been raised he would send another dollar.

Nearly all the native Christian churches in foreign lands sent contributions according to their means. A group of native missionaries in China, living on the smallest salaries, sent more than a tenth of their earnings. Gifts came from native churches in Korea, Shanghai, Teheran, Buenos Ayres, and many other foreign centres. A little group of Armenian immigrants in Massachusetts sent $11, saying they had learned in their native land the value of the Bible.

Of the total amount subscribed, $217,000 is in cash, and has already been invested by the society. It was said that it had not cost more than 7 per cent. to raise the amount obtained, most of the expense being in correspondence. It was estimated that the total number of letters written in the campaign was not short of 500,000.

The $1,000,000 fund will eventually be invested, only the income being available for use. This will be applied to the extension of the society's work or to fill in the gaps made by the failure of other resources.

SYDENHAM HOSPITAL APPEAL.

Increased Work Causes a Deficit of $28,953 for the Year.

An appeal for funds is soon to be issued by the Sydenham Hospital, at 331-347 East 116th Street, as a result of the deficit incurred through the increased work of the institution among the poorer classes of the congested district of the Harlem east side. This deficit amounts to $28,953, toward the discharge of which $10,000 has already been promised by Isaac Guggenheim, Treasurer of the hospital, on condition that the balance of the sum can be obtained.

The annual report of the President of the institution shows an increase of more than 25 per cent. in the number of patients treated in the last year as compared to 1908. Altogether 2,135 patients, of whom only 446 were pay patients, were admitted, as contrasted with 1,596, of whom 355 were pay patients, in 1908. The hospital is non-sectarian, and its patients were drawn from more than twenty nationalities. An increase of 15,651 was shown in the 48,061 patients treated in the dispensary in 1909, as compared with 33,010 in 1908.

Owing to the perfecting of sanitary conditions in all the buildings in accordance with the latest hospital rules and improvements, $19,618 was expended this year for permanent improvements, which, with last year's deficit of $7,635 and a deficit in the dispensary of $1,699 brings the total deficit up to $28,953. This deficit it is now proposed to wipe out through an appeal for subscriptions.

WHITMAN AFTER MILK TRUST.

Assistant District Attorney De Ford to Attend Attorney General's Investigation.

District Attorney Whitman is to keep an eye on the investigation of the "Milk Trust" now in progress at the Attorney General's office.

"There may be something of interest to this office in the matter of milk," said Mr. Whitman yesterday. "At any rate, beginning with to-morrow morning, Assistant District Attorney De Ford will attend to the investigation, and it is my purpose to look into the minutes taken there."

THIRD CONCERT OF KNEISEL QUARTET

Music by Schumann, Franck, and Beethoven at Mendelssohn Hall.

UNFAMILIAR WORK PLAYED

A Composition by Beethoven with a Variety of Mood and Suggestion of Mystery.

The programme of the third concert of the Kneisel Quartet, which was given at Mendelssohn Hall last evening, contained familiar names, those of Schumann, Cesar Franck, and Beethoven, but the last was represented by a composition not very well known to most of the frequenters of these concerts, the quintet in C major, Op. 29. It is a work in his earlier manner, coming a year before the second symphony and a year after the first set of quartets that are so familiar, and having obvious relationship with these in its style and point of view. It is a composition of much interest in all four movements; but there is a special charm in the last, with its variety of mood and its dramatic spirit, with its suggestion of mystery. Mr. Josef Kovarik played the second violin part in this quintet, which was performed with admirable spirit and effect.

The other numbers of the programme were Schumann's quartet in F, which has often appeared in Mr. Kneisel's lists, and two movements, the Larghetto and Scherzo, from Cesar Franck's quartet in D minor. These movements have also several times been played at these concerts, and their great beauty always prompts the desire to hear the rest of the quartet. There is, as has been noted before, a curious suggestion of a most familiar phrase from "Tristan und Isolde" so literal that it seems as if it could scarcely be other than intentional.

As to which there is an interesting tale that may be told. Mr. Kneisel and his associates once played through this quartet of Franck's for Brahms, when they were together at his favorite Summer place, Ischl.

The German composer heard it without evident sympathy; but if without sympathy, with at least an unexpected familiarity with Franck's work. For the "Tristan" fragment was, of course, at once remarked, and Brahms took occasion to observe that Franck was delighting in this kind of harmonic progression in some of his very earliest works, piano trios that were composed in the early forties of the last century, before even "Lohengrin" was finished. The fact that this quartet was composed in 1889, being indeed his last work, need not indicate therefore even an unconscious borrowing on the part of the blameless organist of Sainte Clothilde, whose thoughts ran of themselves in that direction. The two movements are of a rich and individual beauty, charged with the dreamy ecstasy, the tender mystical quality that are especially characteristic of Franck's music, and of the remarkable originality, freedom, and richness of harmony that are equally his. They were played with a beautiful homogeneity and richness of tone, perfect in intonation, and with a full sympathy with the peculiar aloofness and tranquil spirit that seems to be of the essence of this music.

WALTER P. DODGE TO WED.

New Yorker Announces in London His Marriage to Miss Helen L. Steck.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Walter Phelps Dodge of New York, who has been staying at the Ritz Hotel for some time, filed notice for publication of the banns of his marriage to Miss Helen Louise Steck of Philadelphia to-day at St. George's Church, Hanover Square.

Mr. Dodge, whom I saw to-night, said his marriage will take place in about three weeks' time and that Miss Steck arrived from America two days ago by the President Grant.

Walter Phelps Dodge was graduated from Oxford in 1889, and from Yale in the class of '91. He is a member of many clubs and societies in New York, including the Sons of the Revolution, the Players Club, the Authors' Club, and the Racquet and Tennis Club. He has an estate at Aiken, S. C., and has traveled extensively.

Miss Helen Steck came from Philadelphia about two years ago with her mother and father and her elder sister, formerly Miss Edna Steck, who has since married and obtained a divorce. Helen and Edna a year or so ago joined "Havana," in which company they both took minor parts. Mrs. Steck persuaded them to leave. Later they obtained parental consent to join the company again, and did so. Mr. Steck is staying at the Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y. He is in the automobile business. Both his daughters are pretty, the elder being fair and the younger dark.

Miss Helen Steck is well known in Boston and Washington. At Magnolia, Mass., the Stecks were well known for their many automobiles.

JAPANESE TEA FOR CHARITY.

Committee of Aid Association to Give Entertainment at Cafe de l'Opera.

The New York City Visiting Committee of the State Charities Aid Association will give a Japanese tea for the benefit of its fund on Friday afternoon, Jan. 14, from 3 to 5:30, in the tea garden of the new Café de l'Opéra, at Broadway and Forty-second Street. Teas, ices, and sandwiches will be served by twenty Japanese ladies in their native costumes. An orchestra of Japanese musicians will supply the music, and a Japanese entertainment of many varieties will be provided.

This will also mark the formal opening of this latest feature of the Café de l'Opéra. The use of this portion of the restaurant, together with the service of his employes and the food served, has been donated to the committee by Henri Pruger, President and General Manager of the Café de l'Opéra. The tickets are $1 each, and may be obtained from Edward A. Sheldon, Treasurer of the committee, at 105 East Twenty-second Street. The details of the affair are being arranged by Mrs. Edward Peyson Fowler of 38 West Fortieth Street, assisted by Miss Clara Irvin of 129 East Thirty-first Street. Miss Marion R. Tabor of 348 Lexington Avenue, Homer Folks, President of the committee; Fred C. Boynton, Mrs. Walter Shaw Brewster, Howard R. Bayne, and Courtenay Dinwiddie.

MISS EMILY RISLEY A BRIDE.

Wedded to William W. Seymour, Banker and Lumberman of Tacoma.

William W. Seymour, son of Henry Seymour of St. Albans, Vt., and a prominent banker and timber holder of Tacoma, Wash., and Miss Emily W. Risley, daughter of Mrs. Elisha Risley of West Hartford, Conn., were married at noon yesterday at the residence of Mrs. William D. Black, at New Milford, Conn., the Rev. Dr. Draper of the Episcopal Church of New Milford officiating.

The New York members of the families left New York yesterday morning on a private car to attend the ceremony.

Miss Marion Garland of West Hartford was maid of honor and James S. Gilbert of New York was best man. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Julius H. Seymour of New York City, Admiral and Mrs. Edmund Seymour of Pelham Manor, N. Y.; Miss Laura Seymour of Montclair, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Van Norden of New York, Mrs. R. C. Black and W. Clifford Black of Pelham, N. Y.; Mrs. William B. Pell, Mrs. Elisha Risley, and George Risley, brother of the bride, of New Hartford; Dr. and Mrs. John Brainard of Boston, Admiral and Mrs. John W. Moore of Brooklyn, Miss Jean Hunt of New York and Mr. and Mrs. Richard L. Bushell of New York.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Devereux Whiton, and Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Van Wagenen, Jr., have recalled their invitations for Monday evening, Jan. 10, at the Plaza on account of the sudden death of Mr. Van Wagenen's mother.

Mrs. Frederick Pearson will give a dance to-night at Sherry's for her débutante daughter, Miss Leslie Pearson.

Mrs. James H. Stebbins has recalled invitations for the reception to have been given by her to-morrow, on account of illness.

Mrs. James Henry Parker will be at her home at her residence, 18 East Sixty-ninth Street, on Fridays, from 3 to 6.

Mrs. Herbert Padelford Brown of 21 West Thirty-first Street will give a large luncheon on Friday, Jan. 21.

Mrs. Charles S. Whitman will give a bridge at her residence on Jan. 11.

Mrs. Joseph B. Mayer will give a bridge Thursday at the Chatsworth for the benefit of the Little Mothers' Aid Association. Handsome prizes have been presented and tickets may be had from Mrs. Mayer of 205 West Fifty-seventh Street.

A song recital by A. Foxen Ferguson will be held in the clubrooms of the Three Arts Club, 536 West End Avenue, on Jan. 13, at 4 o'clock. The subject will be "Survivals and Songs of Christmas." Mrs. James Henry Hammond and other well-known women are the officers of this club, which is a practical help to young students of the Three Arts.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene de Rambouville will give a bridge party on the evening of Jan. 21 for their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John Toucey, (Miss Allen.)

Mrs. T. I. Husted of 32 West Fiftieth Street will give a bridge on Thursday, Jan. 20.

Mrs. Frederic Courtland Benfield will give a reception on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 18, at her home, 787 Fifth Avenue. There will be artists from the Metropolitan and Manhattan Opera Companies present.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Wiltse were at home yesterday afternoon from 4 to 7 at the studio of Wilhelm Funks, 119 West Forty-second Street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Englis, John Englis, 2d, and Miss Wheeler of New York, are at the Château Frontenac, Quebec.

Gen. E. P. Meany and Mrs. Meany have returned to the Plaza after spending the holidays at their country home in Morristown.

MISS EMILY BEDFORD WEDS.

Noted Horsewoman of Brooklyn Is the Bride of Preston Davie.

The marriage of Miss Emily H. Bedford, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Bedford, to Preston Davie, son of the late George Davie, of Louisville, Ky., took place at the home of the bride's parents, 181 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Rev. Paul Strayer of Rochester, N. Y., a personal friend of the bride's family, officiated. After a two weeks' honeymoon trip to Boston and other cities, Mr. and Mrs. Davie will take up their residence at 43 Fifth Avenue, in this city.

Both Miss Bedford and Mr. Davie are prominent socially here and in the South. Miss Bedford is the daughter of Edward T. Bedford, President of the Corn Products Refining Company; a Director and member of the Advisory Board of the Standard Oil Company, and of many other corporations. She is noted as a horsewoman, a member of the Brooklyn Riding Club, and owns many horses that have captured blue ribbons throughout the country. Among the noted horses owned by her are Hildreth, John Randolph, and the prize team Donner and Blitzen. It was while exhibiting her horses at the Horse Show at Louisville, Ky., that Miss Bedford and Mr. Davie became acquainted three years ago.

Mr. Davie's father, the late George M. Davie, was one of the leading lawyers of Louisville. His maternal grandfather was Gen. William Preston, at one time a member of the House of Representatives and Minister to Spain under President Buchanan. Mr. Davie was graduated from Harvard in 1904, and later from the Harvard Law School, after which he became connected with the firm of O'Brien, Boardman, Platt & Littleton in this city. He is a member of the Harvard Club, the Pendennis Club of Louisville, and the Tennis and Racquet Club of Boston.

Only members of the two families and a few intimate friends attended the wedding yesterday in the parlor of the Bedford home, which was decorated in green and white, with smilax, white roses, and lilies of the valley. The bride wore white satin with white roses, and had as her maid of honor her sister, Miss Grace Bedford, and as bridesmaids Miss Edna Lockwood and Miss Eleanor Robinson. The ushers were Hallowell Gardiner of Boston, Wickliffe Draper, Roger Pierce, Julian Peabody, John D. Peabody, Bertram Cruger, and Seymour Johnson.

MISS SARAH MAYER A BRIDE.

Wedded at Home to Edgar Kahn by Rabbi De Sola Mendes.

Miss Sarah Helen Mayer, daughter of Mrs. Fannie Mayer of the Colonial Court, 600 West 146th Street, was married yesterday afternoon to Edgar Kahn, who is in the jewelry business in the city. The Mayers are a Cincinnati family, who moved to New York a year ago.

The wedding took place at 1 o'clock in the bride's apartment in the Colonial Court. It was a small affair, with only thirty-two people present—a few friends and the relatives of both bride and bridegroom. Rabbi De Sola Mendes officiated. There were no bridesmaids, but Miss Edith Behrens acted as flower girl. Lionel Abrahams was best man.

Following the ceremony there was a breakfast, and after that dancing. The bride and bridegroom left for an extended tour of the South, expecting to return to Mrs. Mayer's apartment to live in four weeks.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Morris Baer of St. Louis, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Behrens, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Fletcher and Leonard Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Abrahams, and the Misses Ancker and Schwed of Philadelphia.

TWO WEDDINGS ANNOUNCED.

Miss Tracy to Wed T. G. Cook and Miss Gurnee, Francis L. V. Hoppin.

The wedding of Miss Grace Bigelow Tracy, granddaughter of John Bigelow and daughter of Mrs. Charles E. Tracy, to Thomas G. Cook will take place on Jan. 20 in St. George's Church, and will be followed by a reception at John Bigelow's home, 21 Gramercy Park.

Miss Mary L. Gurnee, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Gurnee, and Francis L. V. Hoppin will be married on Feb. 8 at the home of the bride, 417 Fifth Avenue.

Announce Miss Newman's Engagement

Mr. and Mrs. David Newman last evening entertained at a reception at their home, 77 Avenue C, to announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rebecca Newman, to Meyer Rentzer. The wedding will take place during March.

HANFORD—JORDAN.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Hanford have just announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marguerite Hanford, to Dr. Richard Jordan. Mr. and Mrs. Hanford have a house at 28 West Seventy-first Street. The latter was Miss Margaret E. Parmly.

HAMILTON—CURTIS.

Mr. and Mrs. James G. Hamilton of 76 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ethel Cutting Hamilton, to Harry M. Curtis of this city.

240 Millions

is the January disbursement of Dividends and Interest in New York.

Will the recipients of this remember the suffering poor? We know of many pitiful cases in this cold weather and will write, if desired, just how your gift is used.

Send check to R. S. MINTURN, Treas., Room 210, No. 105 E. 22d St.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President,
N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

MANY DEBUTANTES AT JUNIOR COTILLION

General Dancing Until Midnight, Followed by Supper Served at Small Tables.

DINNERS PRECEDED DANCE

Ninety Couples Attend—Ten Figures with Pincushions, Bouquets, and Match Boxes as Favors.

The second meeting of the Junior Cotillion was held last night at Sherry's. Several dinners preceded the dance, notably those given by Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, Mrs. Edward D. Adams, Mrs. Daniel Chester French, and Mrs. Munroe Smith.

The guests, who began arriving at the entertainment before 11 o'clock, were received by Mrs. George G. Haven, Mrs. Lindley Chapin, Mrs. Edward Burrill, Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt, Mrs. Emmet, and Miss Ada Phipps. General dancing was continued until midnight, when a seated supper was served at small tables. The cotillion commenced with Stowe Phelps dancing with Miss Lila Haven.

There were about ninety couples and ten figures. The favors were heart-shaped pincushions and flower bouquets for the girls and match boxes and boutonnieres for the men. The Hungarian orchestra played during the dance.

Among the débutantes and others present were the Misses Beulah Eaton Hepburn, Catherine Hamersley, Ursula Brown, Anita Ingersoll, Marie Seton, Zayda Zabriskie, Dolly La Montagne, Ruth Adams, Gertrude Munroe Smith, Louise Munroe, Mildred Poor, Phebe Thorne, Hilda Holmes, Virginia Hunt, Viola Townsend, Elizabeth Love Godwin, Dorothy Hyde, Civilise Alexandre, Virginia Alexandre, Elise Ladew, Katherine Chapin, Marjorie Bourne, Chessa Pierson, Charlotte Wyeth, Florence Wyeth, Marion Fitch, Mildred Stewart, Elizabeth Bacon, Lesley Pearson, Mildred Gillet, Katherine Crane, Frances Burr, Katharine Tilford, Anna Street, Doris Dick, Elizabeth Gardiner, Lisa Stillman, Joan Tuckerman, Edith Mortimer, Ruth Appleton, Zelina Clark, Constance Perkins, Wilfreda Mortimer, Jeanne King, Laura Livingston, Mary Wardwell, Muriel Kelley, Lillian Endicott, Alice Kortright, Eleanor Burrill, Marjorie Noyes, Mildred Dodge, Miss Eleanor Brown, Elizabeth Bertron, Julia Loomis, Vervara Tupin, Ella and Constance McCall, and Miss Angelica Schuyler Brown.

WILLIAM H. H. MOORE DEAD.

Ex-President of Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co. Was 86 Years Old.

William H. Helme Moore, a Director and former President of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company; a Trustee and former Vice President of the Seamen's Bank for Savings, and an officer in many other corporations, died at his home, 349 West Eighty-fourth Street, at the age of 86 years, yesterday.

Mr. Moore was born in Greenport, L. I., in 1824, a son of Col. Jeremiah and Julia Brush Moore. He was a descendant of Thomas Moore, one of the earliest English settlers in the State. He was graduated from Union College in 1844, and later came to this city, where he entered the law firm of Cutting & Moore. Forty years ago he entered the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company as third officer, and he remained connected with it until his death, serving at one time as its President.

He was the first President of the Alumni of Union College, of which institution he was for many years a Trustee; and in 1886 he received from it the degree of Doctor of Laws. He was formerly a Vice President of the Phi Beta Kappa of New York, and of the New York Geographical Society. At the time of his death he was President of the Haven's Relief Fund, Manager of the Burke Foundation, and President of the Life Saving Benevolent Association. He was a war member of the Union League Club and Senior Elder of the Brick Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Moore was the last of six brothers and sisters whose average age exceeded eighty years. He retired from active business several years ago, and had been in failing health since then. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Adelaide L. Lewis; two sons, Arthur L. Moore of London and William Clifford Moore of this city, and two daughters, Mrs Julia L. Fairchild and Mrs. E. Hicks Herrick.

Obituary Notes.

ISAACS BENSCH, head of the firm of Bensch & Sons, one of the largest department stores in Baltimore, died in Baltimore late last night. Mr Bensch had for years been prominent in Jewish circles.

Dr. MAX MOSKIEVITZ for twenty years a physician in this city, died from oedemia of the lungs at his home, 159 Clinton Street, yesterday. He was 47 years old. He was a graduate of the College of Dortat in Kurland and of Jefferson College in Philadelphia. He was a member of the New York Eastern Medical Society, the German Medical Society, and the County Medical Society, and a visiting physician of Haar Morlah Hospital. He was one of the organizers of the Russian-Polish Federation in this city two years ago. He left a widow.

Capt. HENRY LATIMER BECK, a former officer of the United States Regular Army, died suddenly in Williamsport, Penn., yesterday. He was 69 years of age. He served with distinction throughout the war under Grant and Sherman, and took part in Sherman's Atlanta campaign and march to the sea. He resigned from the army in 1872.

WILLIAM H. QUINN of 88 West Hamilton Place, Jersey City, died yesterday in St. Francis's Hospital. On Christmas morning he fell in the entrance to his former home on Eighth Street and his skull was fractured. He was a Finance Commissioner under Mayor Mark M. Fagan. He is survived by a widow.

Mrs. HANNAH LEGGETT, widow of Thomas H. Leggett, is dead at her home in Batavia, N. Y., aged about 80 years. She was formerly a resident of Flushing, L. I., and was active in the Society of Friends and for a number of years a preacher in that society. Her father was the late Lindley Hoag, a famous Quaker preacher of many years ago. Mrs. Leggett was also a temperance advocate, and during her residence in Flushing opened a hall over her husband's store, where she gave temperance lectures. News of her death was received in Flushing by her nephew, Magistrate Joseph Fitch of Queens.

Col. CHARLES E. THOMPSON, foster-father of Mrs. Edith May Woodill, whose murder by "Lame Bob" Eastman near McDaniel, Md., last June created a countrywide sensation, died suddenly at his home near McDaniel yesterday. Col. Thompson was seated at the breakfast table when he was stricken. Heart disease was given as the cause of death. He was 78 years old.

L. WILLS BRODHEAD, owner of one of the best-known hotels in the Pocono Mountains of Pennsylvania, died suddenly in Philadelphia yesterday from heart disease.

Mrs. MARY MACDONALD, wife of Pierre Fleming Macdonald, who operates storage warehouses in various parts of the city, died yesterday morning at her home, 72 West Twelfth Street, after an illness of several years. Mrs. Macdonald was the daughter of the late Edmund Murry Young, and was in her fifty-eighth year. Besides her husband, she is survived by two daughters and a son.

Mrs. ALEXANDRA SEALY, wife of the Secretary of the old Brooklyn, Queens & Suburban Railroad Company, died on Monday from acute indigestion at her home, 1,088 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. She was one of the oldest members of the First Free Baptist Church in Brooklyn. She was born in Rockwood, Fulton County, N. Y., on May 23, 1835. She left a husband, a daughter, and a son.

CHARLES ALBERT GILL, who was in charge of the Beaver Street office of the Commercial Cable Company for the last six years, died at his home, 261 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday from pleurisy. He was Secretary of the Official Board of the Summerfield Methodist Episcopal Church in Brooklyn, and Treasurer of the Sunday school connected with that church. A widow, a son, and a daughter survive him.

Mrs. FRANCES CAROLINE URANN, widow of Capt. William D. Urann, U. S. N., died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George J. Oberman, 26 Snowden Place, Glen Ridge, N. J., from apoplexy after an illness of four days. Mrs. Urann was 80 years old, and formerly lived in Newburg, N. Y. She is survived by two daughters.

Mrs. MARY J. PIER, wife of James B. Pier, a former Councilman and Chief of Police of Montclair, N. J., died yesterday at her home, 15 Montague Place. Mrs. Pier was ill only two days from pneumonia. Before her marriage Mrs. Pier was Miss Van Voorhees of Pompton Plains. She was prominent in the Knights and Ladies of Honor and the Daughters of Pocahontas.

EDWARD M. ROBINSON DEAD.

Philadelphia Banker with Drexel & Co. Dies Nine Days After Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—Edward Moore Robinson of the banking firm of Drexel & Co. and a social leader died to-night at his home, in Villa Nova, his death occurring just nine days after that of his wife, Allene Ivers Robinson. Mr. Robinson had been ill since Sept. 21, suffering from pneumonia; then complications set in. His condition, which had been regarded as serious from the first, became critical from the shock of his wife's death, and he was unable to attend her funeral.

His two sons, now left orphans—Edward M., Jr., aged 15 years, and Richard I. Robinson, aged 5 years—were with him when the end came. The other members of the family who were at his bedside were his mother, Mrs. J. Hood Wright of New York, and his sisters, Mrs. John B. Markle of Hazleton, and Mrs. John Cunningham of Wilkesbarre. William H. Robinson, a brother, resides in Paris.

Mr. Robinson had been connected with the firm of Drexel & Co. and J. P. Morgan & Co. for about twenty years. He was also connected with the Paris firm of Morgan, Harjes & Co. His father, John M. Robinson, who died a number of years ago, was connected with the same firms for many years, as is his stepfather, J. Hood Wright. He was married to Miss Allene Ivers in San Francisco sixteen years ago, and the couple removed to this city. Mr. Robinson was at the same time transferred from the New York offices to the local office of the Drexel firm.

ADMIRAL BURWELL DEAD.

After Making a Tour of Europe Retired Officer Dies in Wales.

LLANDUDNO, Wales, Jan. 4.—Rear Admiral William Turnbull Burwell, U. S. N., retired, died at a hotel here to-day. Admiral Burwell decided to make a trip through Europe before settling down in his home in the United States. After touring the Continent, the Admiral and his wife came to Wales for the Christmas season. He was taken suddenly ill last week, and grew steadily worse, until the end came to-day.

The couple intended to sail for home to-morrow, but instead the widow will sail with Admiral Burwell's body.

Rear Admiral William Turnbull Burwell was born at Vicksburg, Miss., on July 19, 1846. He was graduated from the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis in 1866. He was gradually promoted in rank until he became a Rear Admiral in 1906. He was retired in the same year on account of age. He served on various ships and commands, among his most important posts being the Commandant of the United States Naval Station at Puget Sound from 1900 to 1902. In the latter year he was placed in command of the battleship Oregon, on which ship he served until 1904. At the time of his retirement he was in command of the training ship Independence.

Dartmouth's Oldest Graduate Dead.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 4.—Sylvester Dana, the oldest member of the New Hampshire bar and the oldest graduate in years of life though not in year of graduation of Dartmouth College, died here to-day. He was born in Oxford, Oct. 19, 1816, and was graduated from Dartmouth in 1839. He studied law with President Franklin Pierce, was admitted to the bar in 1842, and had practiced here ever since, attending every term of court held in this city from the date of his admission until his death.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KASSEL.—Jan. 1, Paterson, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph I. Kassel, a son.

LAVIETES.—Jan. 2, Hartford, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. David Lavietes, a son.

WOLFF.—Jan. 1, New Haven, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Wolff, a son.

Married.

DAVIDSON—GORHAM.—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1909, by Bishop John D. McCormick, at St. Mark's Pro-Cathedral, Grand Rapids, Mich., Grace, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Gorham, to Morris Miller Davidson of Cornwall, N. Y.

ANSORGE—SALZ.—Jan. 3, Estelle Salz to Ira M. Ansorge.

STOTHERS—JOHNSTON.—Jan. 1, Kingston, N. Y., Anna B. Johnston to R. A. Stothers.

Connecticut.

NORRIS—WHITEHEAD.—Jan. 1, Danbury, Maude H. Whitehead to Clarence E. Norris.

WEST—DIAMOND.—Jan. 1, Danbury, Fanny Diamond to John H. West.

New Jersey.

BOHNERT—HUMPEL.—Jan. 2, Jersey City, Pauline Humpel to Oscar Bohnert.

CHRISMAN—JACOBUS.—Jan. 1, Newark, Carrie L. Jacobus to Francis L. Chrisman.

GREENBAUM—BLOCK.—Jan. 2, Newark, Sadie Block to Jacob M. Greenbaum.

McLAIN—BOWLBY.—Jan. 1, Glen Gardner, Anna Bowlby to Edward McLain.

Died.

BALCOM.—At St. Barnabas' Rectory, at Irvington-on-Hudson, Jan. 3, 1910, Lousia M. Balcom. Funeral from St. Barnabas' Church on Thursday, Jan. 6, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Gambier, Ohio.

BALDWIN.—Jan. 4, Annie F. Baldwin, at residence of her son, Arthur P. Baldwin, 824, West 145th St. Funeral notice hereafter.

BLANCK.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment; Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Thomas J. Blanck (Second Company) from the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., on Wednesday evening, Jan. 5, at 8 P. M.

THOMAS DIMOND, President.
New York Clearing House.
January 3d, 1910.

CLARKE.—At a meeting of the Clearing House Committee, held this day, the following minute was unanimously adopted:

The Clearing House Committee feel that they owe it to the banks of the Clearing House Association to express in a special manner the deep regret which is felt by the entire banking community at the demise of their late associate, Dumont Clarke, President of the American Exchange National Bank.

Mr. Clarke became prominent in Clearing House affairs when he entered the Clearing House Committee in 1902.

He was elected President of the association in 1904, and after serving two years, again became a member of the committee, and served during the trying times of the panic of 1907.

It is difficult to add to the many eulogiums of Mr. Clarke which have followed his demise. They have the merit of finding a general and ready response in the minds of a host of admirers and friends, and constitute one of the most enduring monuments that could have been raised to his memory. As a friend, as a wise and moderate adviser, as a courteous and loyal associate, and as a skillful and honored banker, his death is a distinct loss not only to the business community, but to the banking fraternity of which he was such a brilliant and honored member.

This committee feel keenly the personal loss, and remember with emotions not easily expressed the agreeable personality of their friend, and the sincere and genial spirit which he maintained in all the relations which he sustained with them during many seasons, and the enduring example he has left of the high toned and honorable banker.

VALENTINE P. SNYDER, Chairman.
GATES W. McGARRAH,
WILLIAM A. NASH,
FRANCIS L. HINE,
WILLIAM H. PERKINS.
WILLIAM H. PORTER.
President Clearing House Association.
WILLIAM SHERER, Secretary.

CLASS.—At his residence, Graham Court, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, 1910, William H. Class, aged 62 years. Notice of funeral service hereafter.

COLE.—Suddenly, on Jan. 2, 1910, Isaac D. Cole, son of the late Rev. David Cole, D. D., and his wife, Abigail D. Wyckoff. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his nephew, Dr. H. W. Bertholf, No. 131 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1910, at 8 P. M.

DEMAREST.—Suddenly, on Jan. 3, 1910, Louise V. Demarest, aged 82 years, formerly of Asbury Park, N. J. Funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 8th Av. and 19th St., on Thursday morning at half past 10. Interment at Hackensack, N. J. Asbury Park papers please copy.

DOANE.—Mary E., wife of Benjamin H. Doane, at Liberty, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1910. Funeral service at 425 East 7th St., Plainfield, N. J., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Friday morning at convenience of family.

DONNELLY.—Jan. 3, Joseph M. Donnelly. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING.) Wednesday afternoon.

ELMORE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 4, Phebe Vail Elmore, at her home in Kingston, N. Y. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

GETLIEB.—On Tuesday, at 3 P. M., David Getlieb, beloved husband of Henrietta Getlieb, aged 73 years. Funeral from family residence, 1464 Pegg Boulevard, Thursday at 1 P. M. Deceased was member of Victoria Council, No. 648, Royal Arcanum.

AN INTERESTING Downtown Real Estate OPERATION

We have for sale a corner plot down town, 6,000 square feet in a neighborhood where a new building is needed.

We can sell it at a price below anything else in the locality.

We can help to finance the proposition and do a great deal toward renting a new building.

We want to interest a builder or an investor who is looking for such an operation.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
62 Cedar Street.

Died.

HANDTE.—On Jan. 4, 1910, Henrietta Handte, beloved wife of Adolph and beloved mother of Gustav, Fredrick, and Henrietta, in the 50th year of her age, at her residence, 86 Grove St. Funeral private.

HODGSON.—Nathaniel Hull Hodgson, at his residence, 612 West 112th St., on Jan. 2, 1910. Funeral services at his late residence Wednesday, 1:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

LONGMAN—On Monday, January 3, Samuel Longman, in the eighty-ninth year of his age. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 258 Carlton Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, at 8 o'clock P. M.

MACK.—On Jan. 3, 1910, at his residence, 117 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, Joseph H. Mack. Funeral Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, thence to St. Francis Xavier's Church, Carroll St. and 6th Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

MACDONALD.—At her residence, 72 West 12th St., on Tuesday morning, Jan. 4, 1910, in the 58th year of her age, Mary, wife of Pierre Fleming Macdonald and daughter of the late Edmund Murry and Josepha Matilda Young. Notice of funeral hereafter. Philadelphia papers please copy.

McKEAN.—Jan. 4, 1910, Helen Ennist, beloved wife of Francis W. McKean. Funeral service at her late residence, 626 West 135th St., New York City, Thursday, 10 A. M. Interment at Kingston, N. Y., Friday. Kingston papers please copy.

McKINLAY.—On Monday, Jan. 3, 1910, James Gordon McKinlay, son of Duncan C. and Elizabeth McKinlay, aged 20 years. Funeral at Washington Heights M. E. Church, Amsterdam Av. and 153d St., Wednesday evening, Jan. 5, at 8 P. M. Glasgow, Scotland, papers please copy.

MERRALL.—On Monday, Jan. 3, 1910, at his residence, 5 West 91st St., William Beard Merrall, son of the late William J. and Mary E. Merrall. Funeral service will be held at the residence of his brother, 129 West 72d St., on Thursday, Jan. 6, at 12 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

MILLS.—At Millbrae, San Mateo County, California, on Monday the 3d instant, Darius Ogden Mills, in the 85th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOORE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 4, at his residence, 349 West 84th St., William H. Helme Moore, in the 86th year of his age. Funeral services at the Brick Church, 5th Av. and 37th St., Friday, Jan. 7, at 3:30 o'clock.

MORSE.—Jan. 3, Mary J. Morse. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.,) Saturday afternoon.

MOSKIEVITZ.—Our beloved husband and brother, Dr. Max Moskievitz, age 47. Funeral will take place from his late residence, 159 Clinton St., Wednesday, Jan. 5, 11 A. M. No flowers.

NOSTRAND.—On Tuesday morning, Jan. 4, 1910, Sarah E. Nostrand, widow of the late Lewis P. Nostrand, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 149 Taylor St., Brooklyn, Thursday evening, Jan. 6, at 8 o'clock.

RAY.—Altana C., wife of the late Dwight E. Ray, and mother of Louis Dwight Ray. Funeral at St. Mathew's Church, 84th St., near Central Park West, at 10 o'clock Jan. 4. Interment Utica, N. Y. Please omit flowers.

ROBINSON.—At Villanova, Penn., on 4th inst., Edward Moore Robinson, son of Mrs. J. Hood Wright, in his 42d year. Due notice of the funeral will be given. London and Paris papers please copy.

ROSE.—In this city, Jan. 4, Mrs. Margaret E. Rose. Funeral service and interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

SHIPPY.—Sunday evening, Jan. 2, 1910, at his home, 408 Central Park West, Henry L. Shippy, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., east of 5th Av., Wednesday morning, Jan. 5, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Emilie, Penn. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SMITH—At Oyster Bay, L. I., Jan. 3, Mary A., daughter of Daniel C. and Catherine M. Silleck, and wife of Jonathan A. Smith, in her 71st year. Funeral services on Thursday, Jan. 6, at 1:30 P. M., from her late residence. Carriages will meet train arriving at Oyster Bay, at 12:10.

SPALDING.—On Monday, Jan. 3, 1910, at Seatuck Lodge, Speonk, L. I., Alfred M. Spalding, M. D., Funeral at Amherst, N. H., Thursday, Jan. 6, on arrival of 8:15 A. M. train from Boston. Boston papers please copy.

TOMPKINS.—At Matteawan, N. Y., on Jan. 4, 1910, Betsey Randall Tompkins, wife of the late Solomon Tompkins, in the 96th year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence on Friday, Jan. 7, at 2 P. M.

WESP.—William, beloved son of Frank Wesp, Sr., and Catherine Wesp, (nee Hager,) Monday, Jan. 3, 1910, at 9:40 A. M., aged 27 years 2 months and 9 days. Funeral Thursday from residence, 2,489 Knox St., near Seegar, Fairmount, Cincinnati, at 1:30 P. M. Friends invited.

WHITNEY.—Evangeline E., at her residence, 855 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, Jan. 3, 1910. Funeral services at the New York Av. M. E. Church, New York Av., between Dean and Bergen Sts., Wednesday evening, Jan. 5, at 8 o'clock.

WOLFF—Jan 3, in his 63d year, Nathan, beloved husband of Mathilde Wolff. Funeral from his late residence, 116 East 76th St., Thursday, Jan. 6th, at 10 A. M.

WOOD.—Jan. 3, Isabella Wood, at her home, South Nyack, N. Y. Funeral private.

BEAZLEY.—George H., 1,811 Park Av., Jan. 2. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

BIRMINGHAM.—Thomas, Gabriels, N. Y., Jan. 3. Funeral to-day, 11:30 A. M.

BOWE.—Mary, Jan. 3. Funeral 434 West 18th St., to-day, 10 A. M.

BREID.—Michael, 366 St. Nicholas Av., Jan. 3. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CONDRON.—Jane D., 69 Perry St., Jan. 3. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

COSTON.—Mary, Jan. 3. Funeral 64 6th Av. to-day, 10 A. M.

CURRIE.—Sadie M., 331 West 17th St., Jan. 2. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DAWES.—Harrison W., 244 West 139th St., Jan. 3. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

FORSTER.—Margaretha, 194 Chestnut Av., Rosebank, S. I., Jan. 3. Funeral to-day.

HACKENBRUCH.—Henry, Jan. 1. Funeral 994 2d Av.

HANRAHAN.—John, 208 East 70th St., Jan. 2. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

HALLOCK.—Ann F., Ossining, N. Y., Jan. 3, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HOGAN.—Eliza, 764 West End Av., Jan. 1.

INGERSOLL.—Absalom N., Ossining, N. Y., Jan. 1, aged 68.

JOHNSTONE.—Annie

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SOUTHERN PACIFIC'S RISE

Advance Leads General Forward Movement—Money Flurry's Effect on Time Money and Exchange.

A renewal of 8 per cent. for call money checked the rise in prices which set in shortly after the opening of the Stock Exchange yesterday, but at this quotation and the 9 per cent. figure touched shortly afterward, which was the high for the day, funds were forthcoming in considerable volume, and apprehensions regarding another flurry in money as severe as that of Monday were therefore set at rest. Securities developed strength under the leadership of Southern Pacific, which was bought heavily on a renewal of the dividend increase report. By the close of the day the stock had advanced above 3 points. Another matter making for betterment in sentiment in the financial district was the very greatly modified report current of the outcome of the meeting between a number of the leading railroad executives of the country and President Taft on Monday. While first advices regarding the upshot of this meeting were to the effect that the railroad men had met with a definite check in their efforts to secure modifications of the changes to be recommended by the President in his forthcoming special message to Congress on the Inter-State Commerce Commission's powers, it became known yesterday that due attention was paid to the objections of the railroad men to certain of the proposed innovations, although the President will undoubtedly stand firm for the chief points which he desires incorporated in the new legislation. Beyond all this it is by no means certain that Congress will accept without amendment the recommendations for legislation to be made. Having overdone one side of this matter on Monday, the disposition of Wall Street was to go just as far the other way yesterday. With the exception of the copper shares and a small number of other issues, price advances were general and sharp. Apparently the rise induced much short covering by speculators, who sold the market on Monday, and their purchases naturally worked to exaggerate the forward movement. A ready explanation for the relative heaviness of the copper stocks was found in dispatches from Butte foreshadowing the closing of a number of the great mines situated there in the event of a prolongation of the disturbing labor troubles. Among the day's railroad earning statements of note were those of the New York Central lines, with their enormous increases for the month of November, the parent company itself reporting a gross gain of $1,086,000, and the Missouri Pacific, whose gross increase for the month was $653,000.

The relative inactivity of the time money market, where rates have been practically unaffected by the flurry in call money, seems to point to an early termination of the rise in call rates, an inference also properly drawn from the indifference of the foreign exchange market. The Bank of France secured the South African gold arriving in London yesterday; the transaction probably represents the first step in the liquidation of the advances made by Paris to London last Fall.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania.
International Buttonhole Sewing Machine Co.
National Carbon Co.
National Fireproofing Co. preferred.
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad preferred.
Realty Associates.
Reece Buttonhole Machine Co.
Reece Folding Machine Co.
Texas Central Railroad preferred.
Union Trust Co.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Southwestern Railroad of Georgia.
United Shoe Machinery Co. common and preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown & Co.
Hatters' Fur Exchange.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.

Coin-Counting Machine Co.
First New York Waist House.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 6@9 per cent., with the last loan at 6 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 8 per cent.

Time money rates, 4½@4¾ per cent. for sixty days, 4½ per cent. for ninety days, four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 3 5-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¾ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3⅝ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $675,311,195; balances, $29,579,413; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,153,643.

The local banks have gained $382,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was firmer, with demand quoted at $4.8670@$4.8675, sixty days at $4.8315 and cables at $4.8710@$4.8715.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16¾ less 3-32@5.16¾ less 1-32 for cables; 5.16⅞ less 1-64@5.16¾ plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 5-16 less 1-32@94⅝ less 1-32 for cables, 95⅛ plus 1-64@95 5-16 for sight, and 94½@94 11-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10@5c discount; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 5c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; St. Paul, 65c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 24¼d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 52⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Interest to be Added. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, Mar. 15, 1911	98	98¼
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, Mar. 15, 1912	96¾	97¼
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan., 1910	100	100¼
Atl. Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100¼	100⅜
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99⅝	100¼
C. C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅜	101
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	103½	104
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98	99
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99⅜	100
Lake Shore 5s, February, 1910	99⅞	100¼
Louis. & Nashville 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1912	99¼	99⅝
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100¼	100⅜
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100⅛
Southern 5s, February, 1910	99⅜	100
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101¼	102
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅜	100⅝

To keep informed of financial movements in 1910, investors should consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Trustworthy accounts of developments in bond, stock, cotton, grain, and metal markets. Every Monday. Mailed to any part of the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Jan. 4, 1910 1,121,865
From Jan. 1, 1910 2,066,626
Corresponding period last year 3,094,857

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
89¼	89⅝	44,800	*Amalgamated Cop.	89¼	89⅞	88¾	89⅝	−1
47⅞	48	610	Am. Agricul. Chem.	47⅞	48	47⅝	48	+ ⅛
13⅝	13¾	400	Am. Can.	13⅝	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
81⅝	81¾	200	Am. Can pf.	81	81	81	81	− ⅛
72	72⅝	900	Am. Car & Foundry	72	72	71⅞	72	− ⅛
67¼	68	900	Am. Cotton Oil	67	67½	67	67½	...
104	107	125	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	104	104	104	104	+ ½
300	320	60	Am. Express	320	320	310	310	...
8	8¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	8	8	8	8	...
47	47¼	600	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	47	47	46½	47	− ¼
25¾	26½	1,900	Am. Ice Securities	26½	26¾	25⅝	26	− ¾
17⅛	17¼	125	*Am. Linseed	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
46	46⅜	600	*Am. Linseed pf.	46	46⅜	46	46⅜	+ ⅛
61¼	61⅝	1,300	Am. Locomotive	61¼	61½	60½	61¼	− ¼
102⅞	103	26,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	102¾	103⅛	101⅝	103	+ ¼
112½	112¾	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	112	112	112	112	...
90¼	91	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	− ⅛
65	65¼	1,200	Am. Steel Foundries	65	65⅛	65	65¼	+ ⅛
123	123¼	200	Am. Sugar Refining	121¼	123	121¼	123	+1⅜
140⅜	141	1,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140⅝	141¼	140⅜	140⅜	+ ⅛
94½	95	700	Am. Tobacco pf.	94⅝	94⅝	94½	94½	− ⅛
35⅜	36⅜	600	Am. Woolen	37	37	35¾	35¾	−1⅛
52¾	52⅞	6,420	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	52½	52⅞	51⅝	52¾	...
123⅜	123½	31,800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	122	123⅜	121⅞	123½	+1
103½	104	445	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103⅞	103½	103⅞	...
136½	137	600	Atlantic Coast Line	135	136⅜	135	136⅞	+1¼
118	118⅜	6,400	Baltimore & Ohio	117⅜	118¼	117⅜	118⅛	+ ⅛
33¼	34½	200	Bethlehem Steel	33½	33½	33½	33½	− ½
79⅝	79¼	2,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	79¼	79⅝	79¼	79½	+ ¼
162¾	163½	3,100	Brooklyn Union Gas	160	163	160	163	+1¼
33	34	100	Butterick Co.	33	33	33	33	...
68	73	200	Canada Southern	70	70	70	70	...
181⅝	181¾	900	Canadian Pacific	181	181⅝	181	181¼	− ¼
...	...	2,800	Can. Pacific rights	9 15-16	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
48	48¼	5,200	Central Leather Co.	47¾	48¼	47½	48	+ ¼
108½	108⅞	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	...
91⅝	91¾	27,730	Chesapeake & Ohio	90½	91¾	89½	91⅝	+1½
35¾	36	2,700	Chi. Gt. West. new	36	36	35½	35¾	− ⅛
63⅛	63¼	1,200	Chi. Gt. West. pf. new	62¾	63¼	62⅝	63¼	− ⅛
...	...	100	Chi. Gt. West. 3d pd.	23½	23½	23¼	23½	− ⅛
156¾	157	5,800	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	156¾	157¼	156¼	156¾	− ¼
171⅝	172¼	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	171⅞	172	171⅞	172	...
181¼	182	1,100	Chi. & Northwestern	181	181	180	181	− ½
...	...	973	Chi. & N. W. rights	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	− ½
210	230	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	225	225	225	225	...
...	...	100	Chi. Terminal Trans.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ¼
5¼	5⅜	1,500	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	5	5⅜	5	5¼	− ⅛
12¼	13	800	*Chi. Un. Tr.pf.t.r.sta.	11	12¼	11	12¼	+2
80¼	82	600	Clev., C. C. & St. L.	80½	80½	80½	80½	− ¼
49⅛	49½	1,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	48⅞	49⅝	48⅞	49¼	+ ⅛
57½	58	1,400	Colorado & Southern	57⅜	57⅞	57	57⅜	+ ⅛
81	82	800	Col. & South. 1st pf.	81½	81¼	81¼	81¼	...
92	93	1,100	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	91⅝	92½	91⅝	92½	+ ⅝
159⅜	160	8,150	Consolidated Gas.	157⅞	160	157½	159⅞	+2
22⅝	22⅞	750	Corn Products Ref.	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅞	...
184	184⅜	310	Delaware & Hudson	183⅞	184⅜	183⅞	184⅜	+ ⅝
51⅛	51⅜	1,700	Denver & Rio Grande	50½	51	50¼	51	+ ¼
83¾	84½	800	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	83½	84	83¼	84	+ ½
36½	37	200	*Distillers' Securities	36½	36½	36½	36½	...
18¼	18½	625	Duluth, S. S. & A.	18¼	18½	18¼	18½	...
34¼	34½	750	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf.	33¾	34⅝	33¼	34⅜	− ⅛
33⅝	33¾	2,300	Erie	33¼	33⅝	33¼	33⅝	+ ¼
50⅜	51¼	800	Erie 1st pf.	51	51	50⅝	51	...
40½	41	300	Erie 2d pf.	40½	40⅞	40½	40⅞	+ ⅛
88	89	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	88	88	88	88	...
102½	105	200	General Chemical pf.	103	103	103	103	− ½
159⅞	160	1,847	General Electric.	158¾	159⅞	158½	159⅞	+ ½
111	112	400	Granby Consol.	111	111½	111	111½	+1
143	143¼	2,850	Great Northern pf.	143½	144¼	142¼	143	...
80	80¼	3,200	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	80½	80½	79½	80¼	−1
98	..	100	Havana Electric pf.	99	99	99	99	− ⅞
80	85	20	Homestake Mining	81	81	81	81	...
146	147	200	Illinois Central	146	146	146	146	...
24½	24⅝	3,950	Interborough-Met.	23⅞	24¼	23⅝	24¼	+ ¼
61	61¼	2,500	Interborough-Met. pf.	60½	61¼	60	61	+ ⅝
123¼	123⅝	5,650	Int. Harvester	117½	123½	117½	123½	+6½
127	129	1,323	Int. Harvester pf.	127½	129	127½	129	+1¾
15⅝	15⅞	100	Int. Paper	15½	15½	15½	15½	− ½
59	61	300	Int. Paper pf.	61	61½	61	61½	...
52⅜	52⅞	1,600	Int. Steam Pump	52⅜	52⅞	52⅜	52⅞	+ ⅛
89¼	89⅞	250	Int. Steam Pump pf.	89¼	89½	89¼	89½	− ⅛
28⅝	29	850	Iowa Central	29⅜	29⅝	29	29⅜	+ ¼
53	54	300	Iowa Central pf.	53½	53⅝	53½	53⅝	...
43½	43⅝	400	Kansas City South.	43⅜	44	43⅜	44	+ ⅜
70¼	70⅝	100	Kan. City South. pf.	71	71	71	71	+ ¾
8½	10	100	Keokuk & Des Moines.	9	9	9	9	− ¾
115½	115⅝	22,290	Laclede Gas.	114	115⅝	114	115⅝	+1⅝
26	27	200	Lake Erie & Western.	25	25	25	25	−2
62	63	100	Lake Erie & West. pf.	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	61⅞	+ ¼
158	158½	700	Louisville & Nash.	157	158	157	158	+ ½
90½	91	100	Mackay Cos.	91	91	91	91	...
77½	79	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	78	78	78	78	+ ½
137	139	360	Manhattan Elevated	138	138	138	138	...
7	7⅜	300	Mercantile Marine	7	7¼	7	7¼	− ⅛
24⅛	24⅝	450	Mercantile Marine pf.	23¾	24	23¾	24	+ ¼
51	53⅜	300	Minn. & St. Louis	53¾	53⅞	53¾	53⅜	− ½
140½	141	850	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	140	141	139½	141	...
92¼	92⅜	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M.l.l.	92⅜	92⅝	92⅜	92⅜	− ⅝
50⅛	50¼	16,950	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	49	50⅜	48⅞	50¼	+ ¾
74	74½	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	74	74	74	74	...
70½	70⅝	1,600	Missouri Pacific	70½	70¾	70¼	70½	− ½
121½	123	200	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	124	124	123½	123½	...
27⅞	28	900	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	28	28¼	27⅝	28	− ⅛
89½	89⅝	1,640	Nat. Lead Co.	89	89⅝	88½	89½	+ ½
61½	62¼	900	N. Rys.of Mex. 1st pf.	62	62¼	61⅛	62	−1
25¾	25⅞	2,400	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	25¼	25⅞	25¼	25⅞	+ ¼
94	95	225	N. Y. Air Brake.	95	95	94	94	−1½
123⅞	124	15,800	N. Y. Central	123⅝	124⅜	122½	124	...
...	...	7,500	N. Y. Central rights	6	6	5 11-16	5 11-16	−5-16
64	66	300	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	64	65½	64	65½	+1½
157⅝	158	1,000	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	158	158	158	158	− ⅛
148½	149	750	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 1st paid.	148¼	148½	148¼	148½	+ ¼
49⅝	49¾	3,100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	48⅝	49⅜	48⅝	49⅝	+ ⅛
99¾	100	8,900	Norfolk & Western.	98½	101⅛	98	100	+1⅜
83½	83⅝	400	North American	82⅝	83⅜	82⅝	83⅝	+ ⅛
144⅛	144¼	5,400	Northern Pacific	144⅛	144¼	143¼	144¼	+ ¼
115	118	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	115	115	115	115	−3
42⅝	43	1,200	Pacific Mail	42¼	43¼	42	42⅞	+ ⅝
45	46	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	+ ¼
136⅝	136⅝	44,353	Pennsylvania R. R.	135⅞	136⅝	135¼	136¼	+ ⅝
115⅝	115½	2,500	People's Gas, Chi.	115¼	115⅝	114⅜	115⅝	− ⅛
102⅝	103	500	Philadelphia Co.	102¼	102½	102½	102½	+ ⅛
99⅝	100	3,800	P., C., C. & St. L.	99⅝	100	99	100	+ ⅛
27	27¼	4,000	Pittsburg Coal	26	27¼	26	27¼	+ ⅛
84	84⅝	1,700	Pittsburg Coal pf.	83½	84⅝	83⅜	84⅝	+1⅜
51	51⅜	200	Pressed Steel Car.	51	51½	51	51½	− ⅛
106	108	100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	107	107	107	107	+ ½
189½	190	550	Pullman Company	189	189⅝	189	189⅝	+ ⅝
3½	3⅞	300	Quicksilver	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
4¼	4⅝	250	Quicksilver pf.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
50½	51	900	*R'way Steel Spring.	51	51	50½	51	− ⅛
169¾	169⅞	123,800	Reading	168⅝	170⅜	168	169⅞	+ ⅝
92	93	100	Reading 1st pf.	93	93	93	93	+1
108	109	100	Reading 2d pf.	109	109	109	109	−1
45¼	45⅝	3,350	Rep. Iron & Steel.	45	45¼	44⅜	45¼	...
104	104¼	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	104¼	104¼	104	104	− ¼
55¼	55⅜	27,127	Rock Island Co.	54⅜	55⅞	54½	55¼	− ⅛
89½	90½	1,000	Rock Island Co. pf.	89⅞	90	89½	90	+1
59½	59⅝	800	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	58½	59½	58½	59¼	+1¼
33¾	34	3,900	St. Louis Southwest'n.	32½	34	32½	33⅝	− ¾
77⅝	77⅞	500	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	76¾	77½	76¾	77½	...
86	86½	200	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	86	86½	86¼	86¼	− ¼
137⅜	137⅝	171,000	Southern Pacific	135	138¾	134⅝	137⅝	+2⅝
33⅜	33½	11,500	Southern R'way ext.	32¾	33½	32⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
74	74¼	800	South. R'way pf., ext.	73⅞	74	73½	74	+ ⅛
*91¼	40	500	Tennessee Copper	39⅝	39⅞	39¼	39⅝	− ¾
36¼	36¼	2,900	Texas & Pacific	35½	36¼	35¼	36¼	+ ¼
18⅞	19	8,600	Third Avenue	18	19¼	18	18⅞	+ ⅛
12	12½	500	Tol. R'way & Light.	12⅞	12⅞	11⅞	12½	− ¼
53⅞	54½	8,300	Tol., St. L. & West.	53½	54⅝	53½	54¼	+ ⅛
71⅜	72½	2,400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	71	72¼	71	72¼	+1½
117	117¼	1,450	Twin City R. Transit.	116⅝	117	116¼	117	+1⅛
203⅜	203⅞	69,900	Union Pacific	201½	204	201¼	203⅞	+1⅝
103	103½	1,100	Union Pacific pf.	103	103	102¾	103	...
120¼	121⅜	70	United Dry Goods.	121	121	121	121	...
112¾	113⅜	582	United Dry Goods pf.	113⅜	113⅞	113	113	− ⅜
40½	42	100	United R'ways Inv.	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	− ⅛
110	115	100	U. S. Express.	112	112	112	112	+3
83¼	84	400	U. S. Realty & Imp.	83	84¼	83	84	+1
51½	52	1,450	U. S. Rubber.	51⅞	51⅞	51	51½	− ½
...	...	2,250	U. S. Rubber rights.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	...
89	89¼	267,350	U. S. Steel.	88⅜	89½	87⅞	89	− ⅛
124¼	124½	4,060	U. S. Steel pf.	124⅝	124⅝	123½	124	− ⅝
59⅜	59½	3,000	Utah Copper	59⅜	60	59½	59½	− ⅛
54¼	54⅜	2,900	Va.-Caro. Chemical.	54	54⅝	53⅝	54⅜	+ ⅛
127⅜	129	1,000	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	128½	129¼	128½	129¼	+1½
73	74	20	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	74	74	74	74	...
26⅜	26½	11,500	Wabash	25⅝	26⅝	25⅜	26⅜	+ ⅛
59⅜	59⅝	6,900	Wabash pf.	59¼	59⅞	59	59½	+ ⅛
170	200	25	Wells Fargo Express.	195	195	195	195	...
51¼	52	1,100	Western Md., 4th pd.	51⅝	52¼	51⅝	52	...
81⅞	82¼	200	Westinghouse E. & M.	81¾	82	81⅝	82	+ ⅛
9½	9⅞	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½	− ⅛
22½	23½	550	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pd.	21	23	21	23	+1
12½	13	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	12	12½	11¾	12½	+ ½

*Unlisted.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The local market to-day was active and strong. Early quotations were a bit irregular, but a firm undertone was in evidence, and prices soon picked up. Giroux and Kerr Lake were features, both making good gains, with the buying persistent. The general copper share list, while not active, was steady, and better prices resulted. The closing was active and strong all around.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	102½	102¼	102¼
4,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	93¼	93	93¼
10,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
1,500	A., T. & S. F. 4s	100	99⅝	100
11,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	73	72½	73
20,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¼	96¼	96½
12,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	96⅝	96¼	96⅝
5,000	C. & West. Mich. 5s	103	103	103
2,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100½	100½	100½
5,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98½	98½	98½
12,000	Shanñon 6s, full paid	109⅝	109¼	109½
7,000	Western T. & T. 5s	99	99	99

RAILROADS.

60	Atchison	122	122	122
285	Boston Elevated	136⅛	135½	136½
97	Boston & Albany	231	230½	231
18	Boston & Maine	146	146	146
6	Fitchburg pf.	133½	132	132
1,105	Mass. Electric	18¾	18¼	18⅝
273	Mass. Elec. pf.	80	80	80
767	N. Y., N. H. & H.	158½	158	158
215	N. Y., N. H. & H., 25% paid	148⅝	148½	148½
10	Old Colony	198	198	198
20	Union Pacific	203⅜	203⅜	203¾
7	West End	94	94	94
56	West End pf.	106	105⅝	106

TELEPHONES.

1,488	American	141¼	140¾	141
200	Mexican	5¼	4⅞	4⅞
11	New England	137	137	137
20	Western	16½	16¼	16¼
2	Western pf	94	93¼	94

MISCELLANEOUS.

235	Am. Agr. Chem.	48¼	47⅝	48
102	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103	103	103
80	A. G. & W.	10¼	10¼	10¼
100	A. G. & W. I. pf.	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
95	Am. Pneu. Service.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
60	Am. Pneu. Ser. pf.	20¼	20¼	20¼
181	Am. Sugar Ref.	122	121¼	122
6	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	122	121½	122
159	Am. Woolen.	103½	103	103
50	East Boston Land	11¼	11¼	11¼
260	Edison	251¼	251¼	251¼
20	Ga. Ry. & Elec.	104	104

WILL BUY:

100 Albany Southern Com.....@ 12¼
100 Albany Southern Pfd.....@ 34
50 Borden's Milk Pfd.....@106
50 B'klyn Un. "L" Com.....@ 31
4 N. Y. & Cuba Mail S. S. 5s..... 75¾
10 Pgh., Shaw. & N'th'n 4s.....@25 flat
2 Schwarzschild Sulzberger 6s..@100¾
3 Standard Milling 5s.....@ 84

WILL SELL:

100 Am. Automatic Telep. Com.....(Bid)
1 Am. Malting 1st 6s.....@104
100 Borden's Milk Com.....@120
1 Central Foundry 6s.....@66 flat
5 City Troy (Ala.) 6% Water....(Bid)
100 Electric Boat Com.....(Bid)
25 Producers' Oil .....@165
10 Standard Milling 5s.....@ 85
17 Union Typewriter 1st.....@114
Bonds "and interest."

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'Phones: 4794-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

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City of Syracuse, N. Y., 4% Water bonds.
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L. B. WILSON & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
60 WALL ST., N. Y.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold for cash or on conservative margin.
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N. Y. City. 204 Rector.

Helena Light & Ry. 5s, 1925
Buffalo Gas 5s, 1947
Sunday Creek Co. Coll. 5s, 1944
San Francisco & Nor. Pac. 5s, 1919
Dallas & Waco Guar. 5s 1940
Vera Cruz & Pac. 4½s, 1934
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January Investments.
We are offering securities yielding an income from 4½% to 6½%, particulars of which we will furnish on request.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Trading in Better Volume.

Trading yesterday showed a renewal of interest which the bulls comfortably assumed represented in large measure the placing of some of the dividend and interest funds out of the January disbursements, which they had confidently expected would put strength into the market at this time. The total transactions of 1,121,865 shares made the first million share day since Nov. 30 and the largest day's trading since Nov. 23. After a weak opening, in which the trade saw evidence of continued pressure, the list stiffened under the influence of Southern Pacific's strength, which, however, was not continuous. The relapse in Southern Pacific spread to other issues temporarily, but in the afternoon there was unmistakable evidence of strength. Sharp gains around noon had a deterrent effect on trading for the moment, but when Southern Pacific crossed 137, making its gain 2 points, there was a general recovery of the morning's losses. Steel recovered from 87⅞ to 89½, and closed at 98; Southern Pacific, which was strong throughout the session except for the early relapse, which put it down only fractionally from 135, rose to 138¼, and closed at 137⅞. Union Pacific recovered from 201¼ to 204, and closed at 203⅞.

***

Hawley Holding Company Rumor.

Edwin Hawley and other members of the syndicate which has taken a prominent part in the readjustment of railroad affiliations prominent in public attention since the death of E. H. Harriman, have planned an extensive trip of inspection over the several roads which have come under their domination. Wall Street sees in the personally conducted tour, basis for crediting to the near future the rumored combination of the Hawley roads into a holding company which would take in the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Chicago & Alton, the Clover Leaf, the Minneapolis & St. Louis, the Frisco lines, and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas systems.

***

New Steel Pool.

With the beginning of the new year the story of the formation of a new pool in United States Steel was one of the interesting features of floor gossip yesterday. The original pool which has been credited with the remarkable showing made by steel common during the rise of 1909, is said to have dissolved by limitation with the end of the year, and its residue of stock to have been taken over by a new combination. The strong men in the group which carried the shares up to new high records in 1909 and successfully placed a large block of their holdings in France, were agreed to be Judge Elbert H. Gary, George W. Perkins, and Frank Munsey. Whether the same men remain in the newly formed group, lies at present in the same realm of conjecture as the amount of the stock carried over.

***

International Harvester Rumors.

International Harvester reflected, with a 6½-point rise yesterday, the recurrent rumors of an increase in the company's $120,000,000 capitalization, which report has said is to represent capitalization of its foreign properties. The latest rumor, which had its origin in Chicago, named 25 to 30 per cent. as the amount of the increase which is to be distributed in the form a stock dividend. The common shares of the company since their listing on the Stock Exchange little more than a year ago have risen from 52, the low price of 1908, to 123½, yesterday's high level. The shares nave never been active since their listing, but the price has gone consistently upwar since the rumors of a possible melon cutting were first heard of some weeks ago. Yesterday's transactions of 6,200 shares were nearly double those of all the previous week.

***

Copper Curtailment.

The policy of curtailment among the big copper producers shows itself recurrently in stories of shipping troubles, weather setbacks, and labor difficulties from the camps. Yesterday news came from Butte that President Ryan had ordered the closing of the Amalgamated mines because of the refusal of the miners' union to take action which would "aid in the resumption of switching and handling of ore at Great Falls." It was announced that while the order will not go into effect immediately, the mines will continue in operation only for a time sufficient to allow the Great Falls Mill and Smeltermen's Union to exhaust its resources in an attempt to bring about the resumption of traffic on the Great Northern at that point.

***

Electric Resumption.

The news from time to time of increasing business at the plants of the Westinghouse and General Electric Companies was supplemented yesterday by advices from Pittsburg which stated that at the Westinghouse plants at East Pittsburg there are now more men on the pay rolls than at any time in the last five years, and that from 30 to 125 new men are being taken on daily.

***

Burying a Corpse.

Stockholders of the Standard Cordage Company, the attempted revivification of the old Cordage Trust, decided yesterday to abandon their fight of nearly four years to put the concern on its feet.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4.—Prices were firm. Baltimore Trust moved up 3 points, to 303. Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power common, though not active, was strong and advanced 3 points, to 50, and the preferred was 1 point higher. Georges Creek Coal and Iron gained 2½, to 122½. Seaboard 4s were nearly 1 point better, at 86. Shares, 1,345; bonds, $114,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	A. C. L. of Conn. 5-20s	93	93	93
2,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	95½	95½	95½
1,000	Balt. City Pass. 4½s	98¾	98¾	98¾
1,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1980	91¾	91¾	91¾
2,000	Con. Coal rfdg. 4½s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
3,000	Con. Gas 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
3,000	Con. Gas. 4½s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
14,000	C. G., E. L. & P. 4½s	85¼	85¼	85¼
3,000	Carolina Cent. 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77	77	77
2,000	Fair & Clark's tr. 5s	96½	96½	96½
2,000	Fairmont Coal 1st 5s	96½	96½	96½
1,000	Md. & Penn. Inc.	65	65	65
2,000	Md. Elec. 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼
5,000	Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s	99½	99½	99½
1,000	Seaboard 10-yr. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	Seaboard 4s	86	86	86
4,000	United Rys.	87	87	87
10,000	United Rys. rfdg. 5s	84½	84	84¼
46,000	United Rys. inc.	60⅝	60	60⅝

STOCKS.

25	Ala. Coal & Iron pf.	60	60	60
20	A. C. L. of Conn.	350	350	350
30	Balt. Trust	303	302½	303
25	Continental Trust	225	225	225
115	Con. G., E. L. & P.	50	49	50
180	C. G., E. L. & P. pf.	88½	87	88½
50	Consolidation Coal	116	116	116
50	Fidelity & Deposit	155	155	155
100	Georges C. C. & I.	122½	120	122½
100	Ga. & Fla. pf.	20	20	20
300	Houston Oil	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
70	Md. Trust pf.	106	106	106
55	M. & M. Trans., Vt.	90	90	90
25	Northern Central	116½	116½	116½
25	Seaboard Co. com.	27	27	27
75	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	46¾	46¾	46¾
100	United Rys.	14¾	14¾	14¾

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Jan. 4.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	7¼	8	Jackpot	7	7¼
Elkton	69½	69½	McKinney	44	48
El Paso	63½	65	Portland	86	90
Gold Dollar.	11	12	Vindicator	74⅞	75½
Isabella	18⅝	19	J. Sample	8	8¼

WILLARD HEADS THE B. & O.

He Is Elected to the Presidency, Vice Oscar G. Murray, Resigned.

Formal announcement of the withdrawal of Oscar G. Murray as President of the Baltimore & Ohio and of the election of Daniel Willard in his place was made in this statement issued yesterday after a meeting of the Directors of the road:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, Mr. George F. Randolph resigned as a Director and Mr. Oscar G. Murray was elected to fill the vacancy. Mr. Murray resigned the Presidency, to take effect on the 14th inst., and was elected Chairman of the board, Mr. Daniel Willard, Vice President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, was elected President, effective Jan. 15.

Mr. Randolph will continue to occupy his post as Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio. He withdrew from the Directorate in order to make place for the election of Mr. Murray as a Director following his withdrawal from the Presidency of the road.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.15	Julia	.18
Alpha Con.	.14	Justice	.20
Andes	.24	Kentucky Con.	.15
Belcher	1.20	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Best & Belcher	.55	Mexican	1.80
Bullion	1.17	Occidental Con.	.32
Caledonia	.55	Ophir	2.17
Challenge Con.	.38	Overman	.72
Chollar	.31	Potosi	.67
Confidence	1.35	Savage	.58
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.55	Sag Belcher	.12
Con. Imperial	.08	Sierra Nevada	.60
Crown Point	.24	Union Con.	.94
Gould & Curry	.44	Utah Con.	.13
Hale & Norcross	.56	Yellow Jacket	1.42

Silver bars, 52⅝; Mexican dollars, 46@48; drafts, sight, par; telegraph, 3@5 cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.91
Belmont	.88	Daisy	.69
Jim Butler	.69	Goldfield C. M.	7.90
McNamara	.20	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.9	Jumbo Extension	.13
Montana	.82	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Extension.	.70	Red Hills	.03
West End	.23	St. Ives	.08
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.08
Atlanta	.16	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Montgomery Mtn.	.02
Combination Fract.	.39	Tramps Con.	.05

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Two thousand shares of Comstock Tunnel sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 31@32 cents.

One share of Bank of Commerce sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 204 and ten shares of Fourth National at 206.

Arthur Elliott, formerly of Atwood, Violett & Co., has been admitted to partnership in the Stock Exchange firm of Isaac Starr, Jr., & Co., 40 Wall Street.

The Stock Exchange firm of Hayden, Stone & Co. has opened a branch office in the Park Hotel, at Mt. Clemens, Mich., under the management of John Ellis, manager for the firm during the Summer season at Bretton Woods, N. H.

The Directors of the Pressed Steel Car Company have elected O. C. Gayley Vice President, to succeed the late J. W. Friend. Mr. Gayley will continue in charge of the sales department. C. W. Friend, son of the late J. W. Friend, was elected a Director, to succeed his father.

At the Finance Forum, West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, to-night, Charles A. Conant will speak on "The Evolution of Central Banking in Europe," and William Sherer, manager of the New York Clearing House, on "The Clearing House and Its Methods."

Redmond & Co. and Joseph Walker & Sons are offering 3,000 shares of Morris & Essex Railroad Company stock, which is tax exempt in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company leases the property in perpetuity and guarantees 7 per cent. dividends, with an extra dividend of 1 per cent. in any years that 30 per cent. of the gross earnings of the Morris & Essex shall amount to a sum sufficient to pay all fixed charges and 10 per cent. on the outstanding capital stock.

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WANTED
Hudson County Gas Co. Stock
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AMER. BRAKE SHOE COM. & PFD.
AMER. POWER & LT. COM. & PFD.
AMERICAN SURETY CO.
CENTRAL RY. SYNDICATE
KANS. CITY, M. & ORIENT 4s & STK.
ROCHESTER, SYRA. & EASTERN 5s, 1945
UTICA GAS & ELEC. 5s, 1957
VANDALIA RAILROAD STOCK
WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

Mont. Coal & Coke Con. 5s, 1927
Am. Brake, Shoe & Fdry. Stocks
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MARKET LETTER and useful Booklet on application. **J. FRANK HOWELL**
Member Consolidated Stock Ex. of N. Y.
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Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON, 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
Empire Trust Company
MAIN OFFICE
42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
BRANCH OFFICES
487 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. 242 E. Houston St., N. Y.
FOREIGN OFFICE
9 New Broad St., London, E. C.
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, DECEMBER 31, 1909

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
N. Y. State Bonds	$344,606.25	Capital	$1,000,000.00
N. Y. City Bonds	405,173.75	Surplus and Undivided Profits.	1,081,507.20
First Mortages on N. Y. City Real Estate	767,368.17	Reserved for Taxes	8,657.69
Other Stocks and Bonds	734,577.50	Dividend payable December 31, 1909	50,000.00
Time Loans and Bills Purchased	3,487,341.77	DEPOSITS	17,507,650.53
Vault and Fixtures	50,000.00	Accrued Interest Payable	12,451.32
Demand Loans	8,051,012.71		
Cash on Hand and in Banks	5,702,966.22		
Accrued Interest Receivable	117,220.37		
	$19,660,266.74		$19,660,266.74

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DEPOSITS
December 31, 1907..... 6,421,510.76
December 31, 1908..... 13,425,117.61
December 31, 1909..... 17,507,650.53
THIS COMPANY IS THE FISCAL AGENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK FOR THE SALE of STOCK TRANSFER TAX STAMPS

Tax Exempt in New York
New Jersey and Connecticut
3,000 SHARES
Morris & Essex Railroad Co. Stock
7% Dividends Guaranteed by the
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.
which leases the property of the Morris & Essex R. R. Co. in perpetuity
Dividends payable January and July 1. Par $50.
By the terms of the lease, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co. agrees to pay an extra dividend of 1% per annum in any year that 30% of the gross earnings of the Morris & Essex Railroad Co. shall amount to a sum sufficient to pay all fixed charges and 10% on the outstanding capital stock.
The gross earnings of the Morris & Essex R. R. Co. have increased from $5,759,910 in 1899 to $8,806,623 in the year ended December 31, 1908, an increase of over 52%.
Price upon application
Joseph Walker & Sons, 20 Broad Street, New York
Redmond & Company, 624 Fifth Ave., New York, 33 Pine St., New York

FIFTH AVENUE TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street
STATEMENT DECEMBER 31st, 1909

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Stocks and Bonds	$5,961,347.36	Capital	$1,000,000.00
Loans, Demand	5,686,020.78	Surplus	1,000,000.00
Loans, Time	3,146,114.62	Undivided Profits	932,575.06
Bonds and Mortgages.	453,400.00	Reserved for Taxes	15,013.29
Bills Purchased	1,814,104.34	Deposits	17,790,705.44
Vault	50,000.00		
Cash Reserve	2,350,876.80		
Cash in Bank	1,173,507.18		
Accrued Interest Receivable	102,922.71		
	$20,738,293.79		$20,738,293.79

OFFICERS.
LEVI P. MORTON, President.
WM. D. SLOANE, Vice President. CECIL D. LANDALE, 2d Vice President.
JAMES M. PRATT, Secretary. WALTER MEACHAM, Assistant Secretary.

We Own and Offer:
$1,000,000
New York City
Tax Exempt Gold 4s. Due Nov. 1, 1958
Interest payable May 1 and Nov. 1
Coupon and Registered Form, Interchangeable
At 100½ and Accrued Interest
WILLIAM SALOMON & CO
BANKERS
25 Broad Street, NEW YORK. 181 La Salle Street, CHICAGO.

GIRARD TRUST CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY
WALL STREET CORNER NASSAU

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
358 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 3d Ave. & 148 St.

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account
STRONGEST IN WORKING CAPITAL

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Read the list of Lost articles on Page 19.

Chartered 1866.
Brooklyn Trust Company
Capital and Undivided Profits over $3,200,000
New York Office, Cor. Wall St. & Broadway
Brooklyn, 177 Montague Street and Bedford Ave. & Fulton St.

Tax Day January 10th
Guaranteed Stocks Exempt From Taxation

Amount	Stock	Rate	Guarantor	Price to Net
500	Ill. Cent. Leased Line	4%	Illinois Central	3.96%
400	Canada Southern	3%	Michigan Central	4.10%
400	N. Y., Lack. & West.	5%	Del., Lack. & West.	3.90%
300	Rome, Water. & Ogdens.	5%	N. Y. Central	3.93%
300	Albany & Susq.	12.45%	Del. & Hudson	4.00%
200	Cleveland & Pitts.	7%	Pennsylvania	3.95%
200	Cleveland & Pitts.	4%	Pennsylvania	3.92%
200	Ft. W. & Jackson Pfd.	5½%	Lake Shore	3.91%
100	Utica, Chen. & Susq. Vy.	6%	Del., Lack. & West.	3.90%

Telephone 1940 Rector. **Joseph Walker & Sons** 20 Broad St. New York
Members New York Stock Exchange

EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Henry L. Doherty, President.
Yielding
Bonds 6.4%
Preferred 7.9%
A strong proposition that will show the investor exceptional profit at present prices.
Circular on request.
Williams, McConnell & Coleman.
Bonds. Stocks.
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TAX DATE---JANUARY 10TH
We offer for tax exemption
GUARANTEED AND PREFERRED RAILROAD STOCKS
TO YIELD 3.90% TO 5.75%
SPECIAL DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR ON APPLICATION.
Telephone 2780 Rector. **A. M. Kidder & Co.** New York. 18 Wall Street.

WHICH BONDS TO BUY?—NO. 2
A comparison of a dozen railroad bonds affording relatively high returns, together with our reasons for the selection of investments of this character.
Jackson & Curtis
Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.
1 Nassau Street, NEW YORK. 19 Congress Street, BOSTON

Southern Pacific Railroad Co.
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 1st, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1909, in trust, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,809.40 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 31st day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."
Dated December 27th, 1909.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL TIME RECORDING COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the First Mortgage and Collateral Six per cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.
In accordance with the provisions of the Mortgage or Deed of Trust of the International Time Recording Company of New York to the Guardian Trust Company of New York as Trustee, dated January 15, 1907, the following bonds have been drawn by lot for account of the Sinking Fund, viz.:

13	153	200	247	294	332
21	162	201	261	303	346
23	168	203	275	308	349
45	183	205	279	309	
73	186	207	281	319	
76	187	232	288	320	

and will be redeemed by Guardian Trust Company of New York at its office, 170 Broadway, in the City of New York, at 105 and accrued interest on the 15th day of January, 1910, on which date interest will cease on the above numbered bonds.
Dated Endicott, N. Y., December 15th, 1909.
INTERNATIONAL TIME RECORDING COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By GEORGE W. FAIRCHILD, President.

$3,600 General Manager
Position in new transportation business corporation open to an experienced business man, able to purchase or cause to be purchased 30 Year 6% First Mortgage Gold Bonds, to net $75,000 at fair discount. Bond issue equals only two-thirds of total property cost. Bond salesman with known clientele also wanted. No attention to replies unless accompanied by bank references. Address T. 75 Times, Times Sq.

NEW KEYSTONE COPPER COMPANY.

42 Broadway, New York.
Jan. 4, 1910.
To the Stockholders of New Keystone Copper Company:
The Board of Directors have authorized the sale at par of 100,000 shares of the capital stock in the treasury of the company, affording stockholders of record as of January 24th, 1910, the privilege of subscribing to the shares so offered.
Warrants entitling them to exercise the right to subscribe will be mailed to all stockholders as soon after January 24th, 1910, as practicable. The transfer books of the company will be closed January 24th, 1910, at 3 P. M., and reopened January 27th, 1910, at 10 A. M.
J. H. SUSMANN, Secretary.

Babson's Reports
On Underlying Conditions are used by most conservative corporations, merchants and investors. Details sent gratis on request. Address Babson's Offices, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
Business Barometers Installed in Banks.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

To the Holders of certificates of deposit issued under the deposit agreement dated December 14, 1905, and representing collateral trust 4½ per cent. gold notes of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company.

TAKE NOTICE that the Committee constituted by the aforementioned deposit agreement has approved and adopted a certain plan and agreement, dated December 1, 1909, for the readjustment of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company, and that a copy of said plan and agreement has been filed with the Central Trust Company of New York, as depositary under the aforesaid deposit agreement dated December 14, 1905. As provided in said deposit agreement, any registered holder of a certificate of deposit may, within thirty days from the date of this notice, file with Central Trust Company of New York, as depositary under said deposit agreement, notice in writing that such holder dissents from said plan and agreement. Unless within said periods holders of outstanding certificates of deposit representing fifty per cent. in face amount of the deposited collateral trust notes shall so file in writing with Central Trust Company of New York, as depositary, notice of dissent, as aforesaid, from the plan and agreement so approved and adopted by the Committee and referred to in this notice, such plan and agreement shall be binding on all holders of certificates of deposit, all of whom shall be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have assented to said plan and agreement, and the terms thereof; and the Committee shall thereupon be authorized to do such acts and take such proceedings as provided in the said deposit agreement dated December 14, 1905.
Dated, December 27, 1909.
J. N. WALLACE,
HARRY BRONNER,
F. S. SMITHERS,
HENRY S. REDMOND,
J. H. McCLEMENT,
Committee.
F. L. BABCOCK, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
Counsel.

6% Coupon Bonds
In $100, $500, and $1,000.
Maturing in May, 1914.
Secured by tax exempt mortgages on income real estate in Brooklyn.
Send for booklet "Series A."
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

6% GOLD BONDS
Secured by 400% net assets. Endorsed by TRUSTEES, both corporate and individual. AN ASSURED INCOME FROM AN ASSURED SECURITY.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS, Estab. 1896. 489 5th Ave., New York.

VOTE TO WIND UP STANDARD CORDAGE

Directors, After Three Reorganizations, Give Up the Attempt to Make it Pay.

ONCE UPSET WALL STREET

Concern First Failed Fifteen Years Ago and Has Earned a Deficit Ever Since.

After a vain attempt to build up a paying concern, and after successive squeezings of water from its original capitalization, the stockholders of the Standard Cordage Company voted yesterday to wind up the business. The present company, the third reorganization of the old Waterbury promotion, which made a loud crash in Wall Street at the time of the first failure about fifteen years ago, dates from 1906, when bondholders of the Standard Rope and Twine Company undertook to rehabilitate the second reorganization of the original trust by contributing new capital and scaling down their securities.

Since then the company has steadily earned a deficit and has been rent by dissensions among the Directors over business policy. In fact, the vote yesterday to wind up the business no more than follows out the policy recommended by a faction of the large bondholders some two years ago.

In December, 1907, J. S. Bache and W. J. Wollman of J. S. Bache & Co. and Newman Erb withdrew from the Directorate, after fighting vainly with the controlling interests for a more progressive management. Soon afterward an attempt was made to lighten the burden of idle plants which the company was carrying by a proposal to form a syndicate which would take over the Waterbury plant in Brooklyn and other property for its value as real estate and offer bondholders' participation in exchange for first mortgage bonds to a valuation of 50 cents on the dollar. Attempts were then made to market all of the company's idle property, which have dragged on ever since.

On March 31 last bondholders were asked to forego their interest due April 1, rather than further deplete the diminishing working capital, but efforts to have the company's affairs wound up at that time were defeated by the management, who believed that the tariff revision and the general business revival would help the business to a paying basis.

The present company has $2,750,786 capital stock, $2,805,373 first mortgage and $2,471,686 adjustment income mortgage bonds. The first mortgage bonds were issued to the holders of first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds in the Standard Rope and Twine Company at the rate of $850 per $1,000, together with $775 in adjustment bonds and $175 in stock, the old bondholders contributing at the same time $262.50 in cash with each $1,000 bond exchanged.

The income bonds of the old company came into the reorganization by paying $262.50 in cash, receiving $70 in new 5s, $35 in adjustment bonds, and $335 in new stock. The vote at yesterday's meeting leaves the means of winding up the company's affairs entirely unsettled. J. B. Clews, Jr., who was one of the prime movers in the reorganization, refused to discuss the action at yesterday's meeting.

PLEA FOR MAN WHO BEAT HER.

Blinded by Husband's Cruelty, Newark Woman Asks Court's Mercy for Him.

"Blind from a beating she said her husband had given her five years ago, Mrs. Della Kane told of the cruelty of Michael Kane in the Third Criminal Court of Newark yesterday, when he was arraigned for desertion and neglect. Judge Hahn sentenced him to a year in the penitentiary, and the woman, feeling her way along the bar to the Judge's desk, besought him to release the prisoner.

She was told by the Judge that no plea she could make would change the sentence and he advised her to go home and think no more of the man. Mrs. Kane left, but returned in a short time to renew her pleadings, which had no effect.

While Kane's case was being heard in the court a woman, who was said to be his wife by a marriage prior to that of the woman who appeared in court, was being buried in a Newark cemetery. She died of tuberculosis, her husband having deserted her when she was no longer able to pay her life insurance premiums. He denied in court yesterday, however, that he had ever married her, stating that he had been married twice, his first wife being dead and the second being the blind woman.

The woman was blinded, she said, by being struck in the eyes by the handle of a revolver.

"I struck her, all right," said Kane yesterday, "but she would have been blind anyway, as she had weak eyes."

SMUGGLING PAPERS FAULTY.

Indictments, It Seems, Fail to Specify Where the Offenses Occurred.

There was a good deal of amusement in the Federal Building yesterday when it developed that the indictment found against twenty-seven importers of dressmaking and millinery materials had been demurred to by many of the defendants on the single ground that it did not state where the alleged offense of smuggling had been committed. The demurrers were filed on Monday, but did not become public property until yesterday, when the Grand Jury handed down an amended indictment so framed as to state the place of the alleged offense.

Meantime three of the defendants have pleaded guilty. One of them, Katherine Windmuller, made her plea last week and paid a fine of $7,500. Two others, Elizabeth R. Dinsmore and Theresa Mahoney of 60 West Forty-eighth Street, pleaded guilty yesterday in chambers before Judge Hand of the United States Circuit Court, and were released under suspended sentence, the term of the court for their particular cases, being extended until next July.

It is believed that these women have information that will be serviceable to the Government in the smuggling prosecutions and that their escape from punishment will be contingent upon their attitude toward the prosecution from this time on.

PARNELL ESTATE IN COURT.

Executor of Charles S. Parnell's Mother Asks Court to Wind It Up.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 4.—Robert L. Harrison of New York, sole acting executor of Mrs. Delia T. S. Parnell, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, the famous Irish leader, has asked the Chancery court to settle the Parnell estate. Mrs. Parnell, a daughter of Rear Admiral Charles Stewart, U. S. N., died at Rathdrum, Ireland, March 20, 1908, leaving her property to be divided between Mrs. Catherine Ricketts, Miss Anna Parnell, Mrs. Claude Paget, and Mrs. Sophia McDermott, the latter a daughter of a deceased daughter.

Mrs. Parnell's property was the old estate known as Ironsides at Bordentown, and now the site of the New Jersey Industrial School for Negroes. She had, besides, property in Philadelphia, which has been sold, leaving in the hands of her executors approximately $26,000, the personal estate being exhausted in paying her debts.

The question for Chancery to decide here is whether Mrs. Parnell did not die intestate as regards the final distribution of her estate.

SWINDLED BY AUTO TICKETS.

Detectives Looking for Men Who Are Selling Exhibitors' Passes.

Many complaints are being made about a ticket swindle operated outside the Grand Central Palace, where the Automobile Show is now going on. To the many exhibitors and their attachés the management give at the beginning of the show a red ticket and a metal button, which are good only when presented together at the door. The ticket is taken up when the button holder passes in, and another red ticket is given to him as he passes out.

Alfred Reeves, manager of the show, says that when the holders of exhibitors' tickets and buttons go home their red tickets are gathered up and sold, some of them outside the building.

"The people who get these tickets present them at the door," went on Mr. Reeves, "and when asked where the buttons are that must accompany them they don't understand and become angry. Though there is no sign outside the building warning people not to buy tickets except at the office, we have forty detectives whose business it is to warn people against this fraud. The McDonald Detective Agency looks after this, and the ticket selling and taking up."

Dr. B. B. Sheldon of 104 East Sixtieth Street told this story of his experience last night.

"I was held up outside the door by a man who wanted to sell me two tickets," he said. "It is not unusual to buy tickets on the sidewalk. The man said that the tickets were valued at $1, and he wanted to get rid of them at 75 cents each. The tickets indicated that they were good for entrance to the Automobile Show. So I bought those offered me. I presented them at the door. The man asked me where my button was. I told him I had never heard of any button. He said that 400 tickets had been stolen, and ended up by telling me to move out as I was stuck.' They told me that twenty others a few minutes before me had had similar experiences to mine."

BOYS SEEK MISSING COMRADE.

No Trace of Edward Bolan Since the Evening of Dec. 17.

About 300 employes of the Park Department will be asked to-day by circular letter to look for Edward Bolan, the seventeen-year-old son of John Bolan, a gardener employed in Central Park.

The boy has been missing from his home at 2,146 Haviland Avenue, Unionport, Westchester County, since the evening of Dec. 17. He was a clerk employed at a music publishing house in Thirty-second Street and on Dec. 17 he arrived home from work and had his supper. His parents were not in and he told his sister, Catherine, that he was going to see a friend at the Holy Family Catholic Club, Castle Hill Avenue, Unionport. He never reached his destination.

He was a teacher in the Sunday school of the Church of the Holy Family in Unionport, where he taught fifteen boys, ranging from 8 to 13 years of age. These boys have been searching for him, and also about fifty members of the club, which is in connection with the church, but no trace of him has been found.

DIES OF FOOTBALL INJURIES.

Newark Schoolboy, Kicked in a Game, a Victim of Spinal Disease.

Injuries received in a football game played last October caused the death of Floyd Huff, the sixteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Huff of 343 North Seventh Street, Newark, N. J., early yesterday morning. Death was caused by Pott's Disease, a variation of spinal trouble rarely encountered.

Huff was a member of the Eighth Grade football team of the North Seventh Street public school, and went to Nutley on Saturday, Oct. 23, to play against the High School team there. Huff was quarter back, and in passing a ball for a kick he failed to get out of the way of the full back, and was kicked in the spine. He played the game through, however, saying nothing to his parents about the injury.

He was examined a short time later, but nothing was found wrong, and he went to school until Nov. 30, when he became so weak that he had to go to bed. Physicians were called in then and found the growths that mark the disease and told the lad's parents that there was no hope.

Finds Bride Poor, Quits Her.

"I married her because she said she had $10,000 in the Van Norden Trust Company and I was in financial straits," Louis H. Wilson declared yesterday in his answer to a suit for separation brought by his wife, PJauline Wilson, whom he deserted ten days after their marriage, when he discovered she was penniless. The court refused Mrs. Wilson alimony pending trial of the action.

FOR THE TABLE.

An excellent way of serving sweet potatoes and one that is seldom seen is in the form of croquettes. The sweet potatoes are mashed with milk until they are smooth and creamy, shaped into croquettes, the outside breaded, and then cooked in deep fat. They fry a delightful brown and are delicious.

Practical little teapots which are selling at $1 instead of $2 are nickel-plated steel with the inside enameled, as neither tea nor coffee is good served in metal.

Almost every one knows that an egg with the boiling water turned over it set back on the stove for seven or eight minutes is many times more tender and delicious than the ordinary soft-boiled egg. But better than setting them back on the stove is to have a hot-covered deep dish ready, place the eggs in it, pour the water over, and send to the table immediately. They have no time then to cool, and in the prescribed eight minutes are ready, but the dish must be hot and water boiling hard.

The most delicious fried eggs are those cooked in deep fat, a clear, sweet oil that has not been contaminated with other food. The fat is allowed to get boiling hot, when the eggs are dropped in, and removed after the few seconds it takes for them to brown with a wire spoon or skimmer.

Small-covered egg cups come for poaching eggs without dropping them into the water. An egg is placed in each cup with a little butter and set for five minutes in a pan of boiling water. They are seasoned as they are removed.

Pretty egg dishes are made in shirred egg dishes. The egg goes into the centre of each dish, a few small oysters around this, and a circle of oyster crabs or shrimps. Over this is poured a little cream sauce, grated cheese, cayenne pepper and salt are added, and the dish put in the oven with a moderate fire and left until the egg is cooked soft.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—A board is appointed to meet at Manila for the examination of officers of the Quartermaster's Department to determine their fitness for promotion. Detail: Lieut. Col. H. G. Hodgson, Deputy Quartermaster General; Majors J. E. Baxter, W. S. Wood, Quartermasters; C. C. Collins, Medical Corps, and Capt. J. D. Fife, Medical Corps.

Capt. J. M. Baker, Quartermaster, will report to the foregoing board for examination.

Capts. W. C. Cannon, D. W. Arnold, C. T. Baker, R. H. Rolfe, and H. B. Chamberlin, Quartermaster's Department, will report to the Examining Board at Washington for examination for promotion.

Capt. D. Cullen, Second Cavalry, to Examining Board at Fort Riley for examination for promotion.

Major A. O. Rafferty, Capt. C. W. Farr, Major P. Shillock, Major R. J. Gibson, Medical Corps, H. B., found physically disqualified by reason of disability incident to the service, their retirement from active service is announced.

Capt. R. L. Holbrook, Commissary, and Capt. F. J. Koester, Fifth Cavalry, to Rock Island for the purpose of consultation with the Board of Infantry Equipment.

Capts. H. D. Bloombergh and K. Nelson and First Lieut. W. K. Bartlett, Medical Corps, will report to the President of the Examining Board at Manila for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. F. B. Upham, Coast Artillery, is placed on the unassigned list.

The Navy.

Lieut. A. P. Fairfield granted one month's sick leave.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Rocket at Norfolk, Patuxent at New York, Dolphin at Washington, Eagle at Bocas del Toro, Tennessee and Washington at Yokohama, Read at Charleston.

Sailed—Mayflower, from San Juan for Santo Domingo City; Yankton, from Annapolis for Hampton Roads; Potomac, from Newport for New York; Alexander, from Cavite for Yokohama.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
4th week Dec.	$2,388,000	$2,210,000	$378,000
Month Dec.	8,112,000	6,878,000	1,234,000
July 1- Dec. 31	49,154,000	40,236,881	8,917,119

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

Wk. end. Jan. 2	37,680	36,035	1,645
Jan. 1, 1909-Jan. 2, 1910	2,062,468	1,904,223	158,245

MINN. & ST. LOUIS—

4th week Dec.	115,965	114,512	1,453
Month Dec.	342,230	368,927	*26,697
July 1-Dec. 31	1,661,057	2,277,989	883,068

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Mileage	931.51	893.18	.18
Total op. rev.	3,232,590	3,058,990	173,600
Total op. exp.	1,605,175	1,512,251	92,923
Net op. rev.	1,627,424	1,546,747	80,676
Outside op., net	47,846	52,163	4,316
Total net rev.	1,675,271	1,598,911	76,359
Taxes	151,600	82,800	68,800
Op. income	1,523,671	1,516,111	7,559
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev.	15,439,776	14,442,804	1,046,971
Total op. exp.	8,620,522	7,833,557	186,964
Net op. rev.	7,469,254	6,609,246	860,007
Outside op., net	165,830	111,935	53,895
Total net rev.	7,635,084	6,721,182	913,902
Taxes	652,500	504,000	148,500
Op. income	6,982,584	6,217,182	765,402

*Decrease

FORT WAYNE & WABASH VALLEY TRACTION for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	123,651	111,794	115,089
Expenses	69,771	58,996	62,620
Net	53,880	52,798	52,469
11 mos. gross	1,254,806	1,203,884	1,167,504
Expenses	748,696	672,396	683,503
11 mos. net	586,110	531,488	484,001

ILLINOIS CENTRAL for Novebmer—

Mileage	4,551	4,551	.....
Gross	5,488,394	5,074,164	5,313,028
Exp. and taxes	3,999,261	3,644,137	3,926,528
Net	1,439,133	1,430,027	1,386,500
5 mos. gross	25,749,777	24,031,643	26,836,790
Exp. and taxes	20,767,001	11,155,720	21,027,911
5 mos. net	4,982,708	4,875,923	5,808,879

MISSOURI PACIFIC for November—

Gross	4,659,078	4,006,075	3,819,501
Expenses	3,057,446	2,916,493	2,943,719
Net	1,601,632	1,089,582	875,782
5 mos. gross	22,821,854	19,935,810	21,609,464
Expenses	15,271,940	13,546,274	15,861,169
5 mos net	7,549,414	6,389,536	5,748,295

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM for November—

New York Central & Hudson River:

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total op. rev.	8,520,957	7,434,521	1,086,436
Total op. exp.	5,708,419	5,190,874	512,545
Net op. rev.	2,817,538	2,243,647	573,891
Outside op.	44,487	18,679	23,165
Total net revs.	2,862,025	2,264,968	597,057
Taxes	435,565	469,970	*34,405
Operating inc.	2,426,460	1,794,999	631,461
11 mos. total op. rev	83,159,408	76,655,979	8,503,429
Total op. exp.	58,873,167	55,819,374	3,053,793
Net op. rev.	26,286,241	20,836,605	5,449,635
Outside op.	152,448	95,290	57,737
Total net revs.	26,438,688	20,931,315	5,507,373
Taxes	4,133,383	3,659,880	473,503
11 mos. op. inc.	22,305,305	17,271,435	5,033,870

Michigan Central:

Total op. rev.	2,526,762	2,118,326	408,436
Total op. exp.	1,604,689	1,477,725	126,964
Net op. rev.	922,078	640,601	281,472
Out. op. (debit).	7,221	2,613	4,608
Total net rev.	914,852	637,988	276,864
Taxes	94,000	97,000	*3,000
Op. income	820,852	540,988	279,864
11 mos. total op. rev	25,070,416	22,122,789	2,947,627
Total op. exp.	16,821,966	15,311,485	1,510,481
Net op. rev.	8,248,450	6,811,304	1,437,146
Out. op. (debit).	51,718	4,166	47,552
Total net rev.	8,196,732	6,807,138	1,389,594
Taxes	1,037,000	1,011,000	26,000
11 mos. op. inc.	7,159,732	5,796,138	1,363,594

New York, Chicago & St. Louis:

Total op. rev.	908,126	790,547	117,579
Total op. exp.	550,321	544,480	5,841
Net op. rev.	357,605	246,067	111,538
Out. op. (debit).	1,627	1,260	367
Total net rev.	355,978	244,807	111,171
Taxes	33,000	28,000	5,000
Op. income	322,979	216,807	106,171
11 mos. total op. rev	9,117,873	8,348,103	769,770
Total op. exp.	6,130,295	5,954,878	175,402
Net op. rev.	2,987,593	2,393,225	594,368
Out. op. (debit)	16,254	10,461	5,794
Total net rev.	2,971,338	2,382,764	588,574
Taxes	309,902	297,859	12,043
11 mos. op. inc.	2,661,436	2,084,905	576,531

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern:

Total op. rev.	4,092,945	3,362,836	730,109
Total op. exp.	2,437,643	2,013,230	444,413
Net op. rev.	1,655,302	1,349,606	285,696
Out. op. (debit)	8,418	2,160	6,258
Total net rev.	1,626,883	1,347,445	279,438
Taxes	125,000	110,001	14,999
Operating inc.	1,501,883	1,237,444	264,439
11 mos. total op. rev	41,131,528	35,535,634	5,595,894
Total op. exp.	25,400,430	23,043,284	2,357,146
Net op. rev.	15,731,098	12,492,350	3,238,748
Out. op. (debit).	2,049	2,000	49
Total net revs.	15,660,497	12,489,401	3,171,096
Taxes	1,375,000	1,210,001	164,999
11 mos. op. inc.	14,285,497	11,279,400	3,006,097

Cincinnati Northern:

Gross	106,536		17,460
Net	14,160		26,086
11 mos. gross	1,081,794		188,803
11 mos net	203,665		117,039

*Decrease.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. L.:

Total op. rev.	2,584,304	2,148,948	435,556
Total op. exp.	1,753,030	1,681,479	71,551
Net. op. rev.	831,474	467,469	364,005
Out. op. (debit)	10,879	8,910	6,969
Total net rev.	820,595	463,559	357,036
Taxes	74,000	70,000	4,000
Op. income	746,595	393,559	353,036
11 mos.' op. rev.	25,210,125	22,030,345	3,179,780
Total op. exp.	17,832,926	16,446,314	1,386,212
Net op. rev.	7,386,200	5,592,731	1,793,568
Out. op. (debit)	47,560	12,118	35,451
Total net rev.	7,338,739	5,580,613	1,758,117
Taxes	814,000	728,781	85,219
11 mos.' op. inc.	6,524,730	4,751,832	1,672,898

Chicago, Indiana & Southern:

Total op. rev.	328,253	245,518	80,735
Total op. exp.	210,275	176,488	33,837
Net op. rev.	115,978	69,030	46,898
Out. op. (debit).	175	†3,500	3,675
Total net rev.	115,803	72,850	43,223
Taxes	12,500	15,000	*2,500
Op. inc.	103,303	57,850	45,723
11 mos.' op. rev.	2,897,370	2,410,991	486,388
Total op. exp.	2,204,748	1,940,817	265,931
Net op. rev.	690,631	470,174	220,457
Out. op. (net)	867	9,550	*8,683
Total net rev.	691,498	479,724	211,774
Taxes	137,500	125,000	12,500
11 mos.' op. inc.	553,998	354,724	199,274

†Credit.

Pittsburg & Lake Erie:

Total op. rev.	1,622,722	965,533	657,189
Total op. exp.	618,103	594,227	123,876
Net op. rev.	1,004,619	471,307	533,312
Out. op. (debit)	384	301	83
Total net rev.	1,004,234	471,005	533,229
Taxes	16,000	17,500	*1,500
Op. income	988,234	453,505	534,729
11 mos.' op. rev.	18,459,155	9,457,565	4,001,590
Total op. exp.	5,771,949	4,853,524	918,426
Net op. rev.	7,687,206	4,604,041	3,083,165
Out. op. (debit).	4,456	2,431	2,025
Total net rev.	7,682,749	4,601,610	3,081,139
Taxes	185,000	192,500	*7,500
11 mos.' op. inc.	7,497,749	4,409,110	3,088,639

Cincinnati Northern:

Total op. rev.	106,336	88,875	17,461
Total op. exp.	88,075	96,801	*8,726
Net op. rev.	18,261	†7,926	26,187
Taxes	4,100	4,000	100
Op. income	14,161	†11,926	26,087
11 mos.' op. rev.	1,081,794	892,990	188,804
Total op. exp.	833,028	762,360	70,668
Net op. rev.	248,766	130,630	118,136
Taxes	45,100	44,004	1,096
11 mos.' op. inc.	203,666	86,626	117,039

Peoria & Eastern:

Total op. rev.	280,742	241,644	39,098
Total op. exp.	203,077	168,905	34,172
Net op. rev.	77,665	72,739	4,926
Taxes	8,800	9,505	*705
Op. income	68,865	63,234	5,631
11 mos. total op. rev.	2,743,444	2,480,095	263,349
Total op. exp.	1,931,877	1,815,416	116,461
Net op. rev.	811,567	664,679	146,888
Taxes	96,900	90,808	6,102
11 mos. op. inc.	714,767	574,071	140,696

Lake Erie & Western:

Total op. rev.	471,548	370,275	101,273
Total op. exp.	327,225	292,666	34,559
Net op. rev.	144,323	77,609	66,714
Taxes	18,627	18,121	506
Op. income	125,696	59,488	66,208
11 mos. total op. rev.	4,548,781	3,977,415	571,366
Total op. exp.	3,526,522	3,357,368	169,154
Net op. rev.	1,022,259	620,047	402,212
Taxes	198,792	195,328	3,264
11 mos. op. inc.	823,467	424,619	398,947

Portland:

Total op. rev.	287,015	241,698	46,217
Total op. exp.	201,552	161,393	40,159
Total op. rev.	86,862	80,305	6,057
Taxes	10,807	11,906	*1,099
Op. income	75,555	68,399	7,156
11 mos. total op. rev.	2,861,782	2,543,104	318,628
Total op. exp.	2,018,105	1,807,134	210,971
Total op. rev.	843,627	735,970	107,657
Taxes	104,146	90,327	13,819
11 mos. op. inc.	739,480	645,643	93,837

Total all lines:

Total op rev.	21,728,811	18,008,722	3,720,089
†Total op. exp., tax., &c.	14,534,228	13,134,642	1,399,584
Op. income	7,194,585	4,874,080	2,320,505
11 mos. total op. rev.	213,290,636	188,464,011	26,826,625
†Total op. exp., tax., &c.	149,820,807	128,685,605	11,135,202
11 mos. op inc.	63,469,829	47,778,406	15,691,423

*Decrease. †Operating expenses and taxes, less net from outside operations.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross earnings.	677,327	624,686	634,056
Exp. and taxes.	483,778	481,973	484,432
Net earnings.	193,554	142,713	160,624
Charges	98,119	92,288	87,089
Surplus	95,435	50,425	82,535
Gross, 5 mos.	3,812,306	3,705,237	3,752,798
Exp. and taxes.	2,627,381	2,483,706	2,430,120
Net, 5 months.	1,184,927	1,221,531	1,318,678
Charges	479,271	463,517	396,019
Surplus, 5 mos.	705,656	758,014	917,659

UNITED RAILROADS OF SAN FRANCISCO for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Gross earnings.	619,813	574,521	44,792
Expenses	352,570	316,333	36,237
Net earnings.	266,743	258,188	8,555
Gross, 11 mos.	6,810,119	6,262,900	547,219
Expenses	3,862,446	3,890,080	*27,345
Net, 11 mos.	2,947,673	2,363,220	584,453

*Decrease.

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Mileage	1,371	1,371	.....
Gross earnings.	1,098,404	1,148,398	998,107
Exp. and taxes.	750,209	762,001	782,620
Net earnings.	348,195	384,397	213,487
Gross, 5 months	4,317,870	4,162,933	4,284,828
Exp. and taxes.	3,546,009	3,916,455	3,950,823
Net, 5 months.	471,340	346,498	334,005

2,000 'PHONES PUT IN DAILY.

Bell System Reports There Are 5,000,000 Instruments in Use in America.

Telephones in the United States increased at the rate of 2,000 a day during 1909 on the Bell system alone, according to figures issued yesterday by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and during the same period about 400,000 miles of copper wire were added to the company's mileage.

The actual number of telephones included in the Bell system at the close of the year was, in round numbers, 5,000,000, of which 3,500,000 were owned directly by the associated Bell companies and 1,500,000 by companies not financially controlled by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. The total mileage of the Bell system at the close of the year was 10,250,000 miles.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Excited at New High Levels—Corn, Oats, and Provisions Strong—Cotton Active, but Weaker.

Wheat advanced to new high levels, with heavy trading at times, and closed at about the extreme prices. The market was advanced on the Argentine news. Liverpool came sharply higher on reports of unfavorable weather, delayed shipment, active Continental demand for cargoes, scarcity of Argentine offerings, and the advancing tendency of the Argentine market. The Liverpool market closed at the highest prices, and after Liverpool closed came direct advices from Buenos Ayres showing an advance of 2½@2½c a bushel in that market at the opening this morning.

The situation in the Argentine appears to be somewhat of a serious one, more on account of the weather conditions than on account of the crop. The estimates have all indicated a crop no better than last year to an outturn approximately 20,000,000 bushels under last year. The size of the crop is therefore not so much the question as the weather and the possible effects on quality and on the movement. It is stated that a large number of steamers have been chartered for January, February shipment, and if the rains delay the movement of wheat so that the grain does not come forward for this shipment, it will necessitate a great many settlements, all covering in the open market.

American cash prices were strong and generally higher, although there was a somewhat more liberal movement in the Northwest. Bradstreet's visible showed a decrease of 704,000 bushels in America, an increase of 445,000 bushels in Canada, and an increase in Europe of 900,000 bushels. Exporters were fair bidders for Manitoba wheat, but the advance checked business. Only 32,000 bushels were reported. No. 2 red, in elevator, was quoted $1.29; to arrive, domestic, $1.29, free on board; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.28¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.27½; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.19¼.

Corn was strong and advanced with active trading. Prices advanced within an eighth of the previous high record and closed at the extreme quotations. The advance was on firm cables, the advance in wheat, disappointing movement at the West, reports of light interior offerings on account of the recent thaw, the movement also being interrupted by the renewed unsettled weather, while there were numerous and insistent complaints regarding the poor quality through the leading central States. Cash corn was firm. No. 2 was quoted 72½c, elevator, domestic, export basis; No. 2, 69½c; No. 3, 68¼c; No. 4, 67½c; steamer, 68¼c. Bradstreet's visible increased 1,833,000 bushels.

Oats were also strong and active, advancing to new high records on the small receipts, firmness of cash oats, good demand for cash, and in sympathy with other grain. Cash natural white oats were quoted 48¼@51½c, track; white clipped, 49@53c, and mixed, 47c.

Provisions were strong and readily advanced with grain. The direct influences were the small receipts and higher prices for live hogs and the small stocks of product at Chicago. The supply of pork is only 20,025 barrels, new and old; lard, 9,257 tierces, and ribs, 5,975,000 pounds. There was an increase, however, of 24,000,000 pounds of meats during the month.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
May	$1.21⅝	$1.20⅝	$1.21⅝	$1.20⅛
July	1.11⅝	1.11	1.11⅝	1.10⅝
Corn—				
May	..	..	75¼	75¼
Oats—				
May	..	..	50½	50⅝

Curb, 2:50 P. M.: May—Wheat, $1.21⅝; puts, $1.20¾; calls, $1.22½.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
January	..	..	$1.15½	..
May	$1.14⅞	$1.13⅝	1.14½	$1.13¼
July	1.03⅛	1.03	1.03⅜	1.02⅝
September	99⅛	99	99⅝	98⅜

2:30-2:45 P. M.: May—Ups, $1.15⅛@1.15¼; downs, $1.13⅜@1.13⅝.

Corn—				
January	..	..	63	62½
May	67⅜	66⅞	67⅛	66⅜
July	67¾	67	67⅝	66⅞
September	67⅛	67⅛	67⅜	66⅜

May—Ups, 68@68¼c; downs, 67⅛@67c.

Oats—				
January	45⅜	45	45¼	..
May	46⅜	45⅞	46½	45⅜
July	44½	43⅞	44¼	43⅝
September	41⅜	40¾	41⅜	40⅝
Lard—				
January	12.57½	12.37½	12.57½	12.25
May	12.10	11.92½	12.10	11.92½
July	12.05	11.87½	12.05	11.87½
Ribs—				
January	11.57½	11.47½	11.57½	11.40
May	11.60	11.42½	11.57½	11.40
July	11.60	11.45	11.57½	11.42½
Pork—				
January	21.85	21.40	21.82½	21.45
May	22.07½	21.80	22.07½	21.77½
July	22.15	21.97½	22.15	21.87½

COTTON.

Cotton was active all day and there was apparently a very active fight going on most of the session for control of the market. The first movement of values was downward under heavy selling, influenced partly by the weakness of Liverpool and partly by an effort seemingly to shake out long cotton on stop orders.

At the decline there was very pronounced support credited to the Texas bull leader, and about half the loss was recovered. During the rest of the day the market moved within a comparatively narrow range, but with at times large trading. The decline in Liverpool was reported due to the development of more bearish feeling regarding the market situation, belief that the market was technically long, that there would have to be considerable liquidation, while there were reports of a less confident nature regarding trade conditions, and the Continent was reported selling.

There were a great many reports current during the afternoon regarding the operations of the leading bulls. There were rumors to the effect that some of the bull interests had materially lightened their loads at the expense of the remaining bull leaders and would be very glad to see the market decline in order to reinstate their holdings.

There were also reports that there was a material change for the worse in the Southern spot markets and that the demand was not in evidence for spot cotton. Later the official quotations showed the spot prices at the South unchanged, and this was considered a direct contradiction of the reports regarding the weakening of the Southern position.

It is expected that the next ginning report, which will be out Jan. 10, will be a strong confirmation of the small crop figures. The National Ginners' report is expected out in a day or two, and this has improved a good indication so far this season of the probable Government showing after the final figures were received.

Spot cotton quiet, 20 points decline. Middling uplands, 15.90. Middling gulf, 16.15.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
January	15.70	15.60	15.68@15.69	15.81
February	..	..	15.85@15.87	15.93
March	15.95	15.78	15.90@15.91	16.07
April	15.99	15.90	15.98@15.99	16.17
May	16.21	16.06	16.17@16.18	16.33
June	16.13	16.10	16.09@16.11	16.29
July	16.21	16.03	16.15@16.16	16.32
August	15.75	15.61

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Kerr Lake Leads Market in Point of Activity, with Diminished Interest in Coppers.

PRICE GOES TO 10⅞

Transactions of 20,000 Shares Reported with Range of 1 Point—Close at 10½, ⅝ Above the Opening.

Interest in the Curb market mining stocks was transferred to some extent from the copper issues yesterday to Kerr Lake, a Cobalt issue, in which the Lewisohn interests are dominant. Transactions of 20,000 shares were reported on which the price ranged from 9⅞ to 10⅞, the close being at 10⅝, ⅝ above the opening. Kerr Lake had shown increasing activity for some weeks past, and on Monday did 15,000 shares, a total which seemed less important in view of the larger activity in a number of the coppers. Miami and Ray Central were the leaders among the copper issues yesterday, but movements in both were narrowly confined. Activity in the bond list was well diversified, and prices were well maintained.

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The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Tobacco	422	428	422	428
152	A., G. & W. I. pf	28	28⅛	28	28⅛
100	Bay State Gas	13-16	13-16	13-16	13-16
2,000	June Oil	24	25	24	25
1,200	Manh. Transit	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2¼
32	Standard Oil	668	668	666	666
265	Un. Cigar Mfg.	92¾	93	92	92
3,300	U. S. Lt. & H.	3	3	2⅞	3
1,210	U. S. L. & H. pf	9	9	8⅞	8⅞

RAILROADS.

500	K. C., M. & O.	18⅝	19¼	18⅝	19¼
500	St. L. & S. F.				
	when released	42	42	42	42
100	So. Shore Trac.	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝

MINING STOCKS.

3,000	Boston Copper	22⅛	22⅛	21⅞	22
1,500	Braden Copper	4⅞	5	4⅞	5
6,200	Butte Col. Copp.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅛	8⅛
1,830	Butte Coalition	28	29	27¼	28⅛
900	*Carisa	50	50	50	50
4,500	Chino Copper	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12⅝
15,000	*Cobalt Central	23½	23½	22½	22½
800	Colonial Silver	½	9-16	½	9-16
200	*Comb. Frac.	39	39	39	39
14,500	Con. Ariz. Sm.	3⅛	3 9-16	3 7-16	3 9-16
500	First Nat. Cop.	6 7-16	6 7-16	6⅜	6⅜
1,500	Gila Copper	10¼	10½	10¼	10½
9,000	Ghoux Mining	11¼	12½	11¼	12⅜
4,000	Goldfield Con.	8	8 1-16	7 15-16	8 1-16
2,000	Greene-Can.	11⅜	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝
1,700	*Greenwater	12½	12½	11½	12
6,000	*Harcuvar Cop.	53	53	53	54½
2,000	Inspir. Cop.	9 13-16	9 15-16	9 13-16	9 15-16
20,000	Kerr Lake	9⅞	10⅞	9⅞	10⅝
150	King Edward	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,000	* La Rose Con.	4 13-16	4 15-16	4 13-16	4 15-16
15,500	Miami Copper	28⅜	28⅝	28⅛	28⅜
300	Mon. Corbin	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,000	*Monte. of C.R.	4	4	4	4
5,900	Mines Co. of A.	50	50	50	50
1,200	Nev. Con. Cop.	26⅜	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝
1,000	Nev.-U.M. & S.	1½	1½	1½	1½
2,500	Nip Mines Co.	10¼	10½	10	10¼
3,800	Ohio Copper	5 13-16	5 13-16	5⅝	5⅝
1,000	*Otisse	23	25	23	25
1,100	Pacific Smelt.	1⅝	1 11-16	1½	1⅝
700	Precious Met.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
10,000	Ray Central	3 9-16	3⅝	3 7-16	3½
2,200	Ray Con.	27	27	26¼	26⅝
800	Silver Leaf	14	14	13	13
500	Silver Queen	25	25	25	25
250	So. Utah M. & S.	7⅛	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
540	Stewart	⅞	⅞	¾	15-16
1,500	Tenabo M. & S.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
400	*Tonopah Ex.	70	72	70	72
500	*Tramps Con.	4	4	4	4
600	Tri-Bullion	1	1	1	1
1,400	Union Mines	2	2	1 15-16	2
100	United Copper	8½	8½	8½	8½
500	Yukon Gold Min.	4⅞	5	4⅞	5

BONDS.

$7,000	A., G. & W.I. 5s	73	73	73	73
35,000	Chi. Gt. W. 4s, w. i.	91⅛	91⅝	91½	91½
3,550	Con. Ari. S. 5s	65	69	65	69
5,000	Des M. & Ft. D. 2d 5s	89½	89½	89½	89½
75,000	Mo. Pacific 5s, less interest	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
20,000	Mo. Pacific 5s	95½	95½	95½	95½
30,000	N. Y. Tel. 4½s, w. i.	98⅜	98⅜	98⅛	98⅛
5,000	Wes. Pac. 5s	98	98	97½	98

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

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The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Jan. 4. Bid.	Asked.	Jan. 3. Bid.	Asked.
American Tobacco	423	429	425	430
Am. Writing Paper	2¾	3⅛	2¾	3⅛
Am. Writing Paper pf.	25	27	25	27
Am. Light & Traction	301	303	300	303
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110
Borden's Cond. Milk	119	121	119	121
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	106	108	106	108
Boston Copper	21⅞	22	21⅝	22
British Col. Copper	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8½
Braden Copper	4⅞	5	4¾	4⅞
Butte Coalition	28¼	28⅜	28	28⅜
Chicago Subway	4⅜	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜
Combination Fraction	38	42	39	40
Cobalt Central	22	23½	23	24
Davis-Daly Copper	4½	4⅝	4½	5
Goldfield Con.	8	8 1-16	7 15-16	8 1-16
Greene-Cananea	11⅛	11⅝	11½	11⅝
International Salt	4	8	4	8
Kerr Lake	10⅛	10⅝	9 11-16	9⅝
Mason Valley	2	2½	2	2½
Miami Copper	28⅜	28⅝	28¼	28⅝
Miami Cop. 6s, w. i.			163	165
Nevada Con. Copper	26½	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝
N. Y. Transportation	6	7	6	7
Nipissing Mines Co.	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛
Ohio Copper	5⅜	5 11-16	5⅜	5⅜
Pope Manufacturing	80	85	80	85
Pope Mfg. pf.	85½	86½	85½	86½
Ray Central	3½	3⅝	3 7-16	3 9-16
Ray Con.	26	26½	26⅜	27
Southern Iron & Steel	23	24	23	24
Southern I. & S. pf.	52	56	52	56
Southern I. & S. 4-5s			69⅜	70
South. Utah M. & S.	3⅞	4	4	4⅛
Standard Milling	19½	20¼	19½	20¼
Standard Milling pf.	57¾	58½	57¾	58½
Standard Oil	665	668	666	670
Tonopah Mining	6⅞	7	6⅞	7⅛
Tri-Bullion	1	1 1-16	15-16	1
United Cigar	92	93	91	92
United Copper	8½	8⅝	7⅜	8½
Western Pacific 5s	97⅞	98	97⅛	98⅛
Yukon Gold Mining	4 15-16	5	4⅞	5

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4s	—May, '50, f'chg	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝
4½s	—May, '57, f'chg	109⅞	110⅛	109⅞	110⅛
4½s	—Nov., '57, f'chg	109⅞	110⅛	109⅞	110⅛
4½s	—May, '17, f'chg	103	103⅛	103	103⅛
4s	—May, '57, f'chg	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝
4s	—Nov., '58, f'chg	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝
4s	—Nov., '58, reg	100¼	100⅝	100¼	100⅝
4s	—Nov., '60, reg	100	100⅜	100	100⅜
3½s	—Nov., '55, f'chg	89¼	89⅞	89⅝	90¼
3½s	—May, '54, coup	89¼	89⅞	89⅝	90
3½s	—May, '54, reg	80	89⅝	89½	90
*6s	—Nov., '10, rev	102⅝	103	102⅝	103
Rcts.	4s—May, '59	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜

*Coupon or registered.

Frisco Takes Possession of St. L., B. & M.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 4.—B. F. Yoakum and a party of officers of the Frisco system completed an inspection of the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico Railroad yesterday, and the Frisco interests took formal charge of the property to-day at Kingsville, the headquarters of the merged lines. It is announced that the Frisco will build a cut-off line from Kingsville to Refugo via Corpus Christi, a distance of about 60 miles. At present the road operates its trains into Corpus Christi over the track of the Texas Mexican from Robstown. It is reported that the branch line which runs up the valley of the Rio Grande from Harlingen to Sam Fordyce will be immediately extended to Roma, 45 miles above Sam Fordyce.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Americans Irregular in London on Forecast of Taft's Messages.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Money was plentiful and easy on the market to-day, and discount rates were steady.

On the Stock Exchange the absence of pronounced public support caused some disappointment and induced realizing in various directions, as well as imparting irregularity and heaviness to the markets generally. Consols edged 5-16, and Mexican and home rails and Kaffirs closed lower, but Grand Trunk shares hardened on traffic reports.

American securities opened irregular, with declines predominating, on the interpretation placed by traders upon the forecasts of President Taft's forthcoming messages to Congress. Prices hardened a fraction later, but at noon were again generally below parity. New York support in the afternoon caused a temporary recovery, but realizing brought further declines, and the market closed easy, with the exception of Southern Pacific, which was firm and higher.

Bar silver steady, 24½d per ounce.

Money, 2½@3 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅛@3⅜ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3⅛@3⅜ per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 4.—Prices opened irregular on the Bourse to-day, but later reacted and closed firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 95c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 16½c for checks.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—Prices were weaker on the Boerse to-day in sympathy with the decline in New York yesterday.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82 11-16	..	..	—5-16
Consols, account	82⅝	..	..	—
Anaconda	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜	—
Atchison	125½	122⅛	122⅛	—
Canadian Pacific	186	181⅛	181¼	—
St. Paul	161½	157¼	157	+
Erie	34⅛	33⅜	33⅜	..
Erie 1st pf.	52⅜	51½	51	+
Illinois Central	150½	146½	146	+
Louis. & Nash.	161½	157¼	157⅛	+
N. Y. Central	127¼	123⅞	124	+
Pennsylvania	139¾	135⅞	136⅛	+
Reading	86¾	163⅞	160¼	—
Southern Pacific	130⅜	130⅜	135¼	+
Union Pacific	207½	202	202¼	—
U. S. Steel	91	88⅝	89⅛	—
U. S. Steel pf.	127¾	124⅝	124¾	—

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 6	Esperanza	2 19 3
Tomboy	0 18 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 7 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

CARNEGIE TRUST COMPANY

Condensed Statement of Condition on Dec. 31, 1909, as Reported to the Banking Dept. of the State of New York.

JOSEPH B. REICHMANN, President.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash on hand	$1,994,079.90	Capital	$1,500,000.00
Cash in bank	1,671,554.91— $3,665,634.81	Surplus	750,000.00
State and City Bonds	1,874,425.80	Undivided profits	280,388.45
Stocks and Bonds	1,964,339.60	Certified checks	274,271.74
Loans	7,474,935.29	Deposits	12,658,741.84
Real Estate	120,211.92	Foreign exchange	591,716.23
Mortgages	488,000.00	Reserve for taxes	8,000.00
Equipment	142,000.00	Accrued interest payable	23,493.54
Accrued interest receivable	337,059.38		
	$16,066,606.80		$16,066,606.80

DIRECTORS.

DAVID HOMER BATES, New York, N. Y. Vice President, Gamewell Fire Alarm Co.
ANSON W. BURCHARD, New York, N. Y. General Electric Company.
WILLIAM J. CUMMINS, Nashville, Tenn. Stock Yards and Packing Houses.
A. B. CHANDLER, New York, N. Y. Chairman Board of Directors, Postal Telegraph Co.
MARTIN J. CONDON, New York, N. Y. President, American Snuff Company.
GEORGE M. COURTS, Galveston, Texas. President, Clarke & Courts.
GEORGE D. CRABBS, Cincinnati, Ohio. President, Philip Carey Manufacturing Co.
JOHN CUDAHY, Chicago, Ill. Stock Yards and Packing Houses.
JAS. ROSS CURRAN, New York, N. Y. Vice President of the Company.
CHARLES C. DICKINSON, New York, N. Y.
WILLIAM A. KEENER, New York, N. Y. Late Justice Supreme Court, State of New York.
SAMUEL H. KRESS, New York, N. Y. President, S. H. Kress & Co.
LISTON L. LEWIS, New York, N. Y. Keener & Lewis.
FREDERICK LEWISOHN, New York, N. Y. Lewisohn Brothers, Bankers.
CHARLES ARTHUR MOORE, Jr., New York, N. Y. Vice President, Manning, Maxwell & Moore.
BERNARD F. O'NEIL, Wallace, Idaho. Banker.
JOSEPH B. REICHMANN, New York, N. Y. President of the Company.
JACOB RUPPERT, Jr., New York, N. Y. President, Brewers' Board of Trade.
CHARLES M. SCHWAB, New York, N. Y. President, Bethlehem Steel Corporation.
GEORGE C. SMITH, Pittsburg, Pa. Westinghouse Interests.
JOHN B. STANCHFIELD, New York, N. Y. Attorney.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIFTH AVENUE TRUST COMPANY

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.		
Bonds and mortgages		$453,400.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (book value $773,945.) market value		773,945.00
Other securities, (book value $5,187,402.36,) market value		5,187,402.36
Loans		10,640,239.74
Overdrafts		1,700.71
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		1,173,507.18
Specie		1,405,116.51
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		943,200.00
Cash items		2,560.29
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered	102,922.71	
Vault	50,000.00	
Total		$20,739,994.50
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		1,932,575.06
Preferred deposits	$75,213.96	
Deposits, (not preferred)	15,143,114.77	
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred)	2,262,577.99	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	155,571.87	
Total deposits		17,636,478.59
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Certified checks	155,927.56	
Reserved for taxes	15,013.29	
Total		$20,739,994.50

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

CECIL D. LANDALE, 2d Vice President, and JAMES M. PRATT, Secretary, of Fifth Avenue Trust Company, located and doing business at No. 514 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere, and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

CECIL D. LANDALE, 2d Vice President.
JAS. M. PRATT, Secretary.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the fourth day of January, 1910, before me. WALTER MEACHAM,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public.

NINETEENTH WARD BANK.

WARNER M. VAN NORDEN, President.
THEODORE LANGDON VAN NORDEN, Vice President.
JOHN N. VAN PELT, Cashier.

January 1st, 1910.

Capital		$300,000.00
Surplus and Profits		403,412.75
Deposits		7,869,821.98
		$8,573,214.73
Loans		417,757.44
Discounts		2,437,991.77
Investments		1,067,308.63
Demand Loans	$1,812,222.72	
Cash on hand and in banks	2,837,934.17	
	4,650,156.89	
		$8,573,214.73

Number of accounts, 20,529.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Deposits, August 24, 1903			$1,529,469.62
"	January 1, 1904		1,751,236.92
"	" 1, 1905		3,087,923.89
"	" 1, 1906		4,097,282.10
"	" 1, 1907		4,321,338.57
"	" 1, 1908		5,235,537.89
"	" 1, 1909		6,637,681.10
"	" 1, 1910		7,869,821.98

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes Due March 1st, 1910

Notice is hereby given that the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company will pay at the Office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, on presentation, on and after this date, its Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes, due March 1st, 1910, AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DATE OF PAYMENT.

INTEREST on said Notes will CEASE ON MARCH 1ST, 1910.

E. L. SMITHERS, Assistant Treasurer.
New York, January 5th, 1910.

The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society announces the usual semi-annual cash dividend at the rate of Five Per Cent. per annum on all accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the Society's

42d Consecutive Dividend

SECURITIES:—First Mortgages on homes in New York City and vicinity, non-speculative, non-fluctuating.

Banking Dept. Supervision

Even a dollar will open an account. Thousands of investors, large and small. Payments up to and including Monday, Jan. 10th, earn from Jan. 1st.

SIMPLE MAILING SYSTEM.
Begin now, or write for Booklet A.
THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS.
One Beekman St., New York.

FIVE PER CENT

SAVINGS BANKS.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK

31 W. 34th St. bet. 5th & 6th Aves.

88TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

A dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum has been declared and credited to depositors on January 1, 1910, on sums of $5. to $3000.

Money deposited on or before January 10, will draw interest from January 1.

Bank open 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Mondays 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.
Saturdays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Samuel D. Styles, President
Fred'k N. Cheshire, Sec. & Treas.
George T. Connett, Asst. Treas.

United States Savings Bank

S. W. Cor. Madison Ave. & 58th St.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the three or six months ending Dec. 31, 1909, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all accounts of $5 and upwards entitled thereto, payable Jan'y 17, 1910.

Deposits made on or before Jan'y 10th will draw interest from Jan'y 1, 1910.

CHARLES N. TAINTOR, President.
JOHN HYSLOP, Treasurer.
EDWARD H. LANDON, Secretary.
ADOLPHE F. LeGOST, Cashier

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK

Corner 8th Avenue & 42d Street

95th semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after January 17th, 1910. **Deposits made on or before Jan'y 10th will draw interest from the 1st.**

Wm. G. Conklin, Pres.
Hallock Waring, Sec.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS,

74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, and in accordance with the Savings Bank Law, for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1909.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1910. DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HILSEY, Cashier.
New York, Dec. 23d, 1909.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.

Jan. 1, 1910, dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

EAST RIVER SAVING BANK

(Incorporated 1848)
280 BROADWAY & 53 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.

SURPLUS OVER 12%

THE 123RD SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

has been declared at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT per Annum

Deposits Made on or Before Jan. 10th will Draw Interest from Jan. 1st.

D. S. RAMSAY, Pres. C. A. WHITNEY, Sec.

HARLEM SAVINGS BANK

125th St. and Lexington Ave.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE DECLARED A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND AT THE RATE OF

4%

per annum on all deposits entitled thereto, according to the by-laws, from $5 up to $3,000, payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1910. Money deposited on or before Jan. 10th, 1910, will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1910.

WILLIAM A. TROTTER, President.
THOMAS R. EBERT, Secretary.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 16th, 1909.

181ST SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending December 31st, 1909, at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after Jan. 20th, 1910.

The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal January 1st, 1910.

Deposits made on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1st, 1910.

CHARLES A. SHERMAN, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK

S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. and 16th St.

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF FOUR PER CENT.

4% PER ANNUM will be credited depositors for the SIX MONTHS ENDING DEC. 31 on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable January 17.

Deposits made on or before JAN. 10 will draw interest from JAN. 1, 1910.

JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treas.
J. HAMPDEN ROBB, FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr., } Secretaries.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

5 & 7 Park Place, N. Y.

116th Semi-Annual Dividend

4% Per Annum Payable on and after Jan. 17, 1910. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1910.

H.F. Hutchinson, Prest. W.H. Ross, Secty.

West Side Savings Bank,

SIXTH AVENUE AND 9TH STREET.

Interest 4 Per Cent.

Per annum on $5 to $3,000 will be credited January 1st. Money deposited on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1st, 1910.

Bank open Monday and Saturday evenings 6 to 8 o'clock. S. G. COOK, President.
W. S. JENKS, Secretary.

Empire City Savings Bank,

231 WEST 125TH STREET.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1909, at the rate of 4 PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000.00, payable Jan. 17, 1910. Money deposited on or before Jan. 13 will draw interest from Jan. 1.

A. T. HOPPER, President.
A. T. TIMPSON, Secretary.

$100,000 Capital and $50,000 Special with established Clientele, want N. Y. Stock Exchange Member.

Address "Confidential" P. O. Box 822, N. Y.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MORTON TRUST CO.

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $2,350,654.87;) market value		$2,350,654.87
Other securities, (book value, $8,825,439.20;) market value		8,825,439.20
Loans		24,121,599.88
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		3,824,341.68
Specie		4,173,789.01
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		17,500.00
Cash items		13,868.95
Other assets viz.:		
Foreign exchange	$173,877.68	
Accrued interest not entered	180,199.04	
Advances to trusts	83,728.64	
	387,305.36	
Total		$47,714,498.95
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		8,262,774.56
Preferred deposits		6,123,187.67
Deposits, (not preferred)		17,966,885.91
Certificates of deposit, (not preferred)		7,884,430.21
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers		1,888,896.89
Total deposits		$33,863,400.08.
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Secretary's checks outstanding	$3,402,072.87	
Accrued taxes and expenses not entered	1,200.00	
Accrued interest not entered	115,051.44	
	3,598,324.31	
Total		$47,714,498.95

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

LEVI P. MORTON, President, and CHARLES H. ALLEN, Vice President, of Morton Trust Co., located and doing business at No. 38 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

LEVI P. MORTON, President.
CHARLES H. ALLEN, Vice President.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 3d day of January, 1910, before me. E. J. BLEEZARDE,
Notary Public, Richmond County. Certificate filed in New York County.
[Seal of Notary.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Fulton Trust Co. of New York

on the morning of the first day of January, 1910:

RESOURCES.		
Bonds and mortgages		$572,500.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $388,486.25,) market value		404,695.00
Other securities, (book value, $1,503,609.06,) market value		1,597,829.58
Loans		4,725,154.88
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		$12,421.17
Specie		814,169.84
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks		282,110.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered		88,084.15
Total		$9,246,457.62
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus, including all undivided profits		844,004.39
Preferred deposits	$136,492.26	
Deposits (not preferred)	6,744,460.24	
Certificates of deposit (not preferred)	990,480.73	
Total deposits		7,871,433.23
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Unpaid dividends		25,020.00
Reserved for taxes		6,000.00
Total		$9,246,457.62

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

HENRY W. REIGHLEY, 2d Vice President, and CHARLES M. VAN KLEECK, Asst. Secy., of Fulton Trust Company of New York, located and doing business at No. 30 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law, (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him designating the morning of the first day of January, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

HENRY W. REIGHLEY, 2d Vice President.
CHARLES M. VAN KLEECK, Asst. Secy.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 4th day of January, 1910, before me. E. H. CALLANAN, Jr.,
Notary Public, Kings County. Certificate filed in New York County.
[Seal of Notary.]

First Mtge. 6% Railway Bonds with stock bonus. Denominations $100-$500. Particulars on request. CHARLES H. BABCOCK, JR., & CO., Tel. 3727 Rector. 7 Pine St.

Free From Tax

Returns for purposes of taxation must be made on or before

January 10 1910

When tax exempt bonds are held by those liable for personal taxation the net return is over 1½% greater than on taxable securities.

We offer the following tax exempt securities:

City of New York Bonds
To Yield about 4%

United Traction Company of Albany Consol. 4½s, due 2004
To Yield about 4.45%

Interborough Rapid Transit 5s, due 1952
To Yield about 4.82%

Send for Circular F. 2

Guaranty Trust Company

OF NEW YORK

28 Nassau St., New York — Established 1864 — 33 Lombard St., London, E. C.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION CO.,
40 Wall St., New York City.
January 4, 1910.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the Net Earnings of the Company the regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. (1½%) on the Preferred stock of this Company, payable February 1, 1910, to stockholders of record of Preferred stock at the close of business January 19, 1910. The Board also declared from the undivided profits of the Company the usual quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) on the Common stock of the Company, payable February 1, 1910, to stockholders of record of Common stock at the close of business January 19, 1910. The Board also declared from the undivided profits of the Company a dividend of Two and One-Half (2½) shares of Common stock on every one hundred (100) shares of Common stock outstanding, payable on or before February 15, 1910, to stockholders of record of Common stock at the close of business January 19, 1910. The Transfer Books for both Preferred and Common stock will close January 19, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will reopen February 1, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. N. JELLIFFE, Secretary.

PORT OF PARA

5% 1ST MORTGAGE 50-YEAR GOLD BONDS

Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 6, due 1st January, 1910, on the 5% First Mortgage 50-Year Gold Bonds of the Port of Para will be paid on and after that date in **New York at the Empire Trust Company.**

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination previous to payment between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. (Saturdays excepted).

Listing forms can be obtained from the said Bank.

Dated this 31st day of December, 1909, at London, England,

for PORT OF PARA.
B. H. BINDER, Accountant.

Referring to the above notice, **Empire Trust Company** will pay the said-described coupons upon presentation and surrender of the same at its principal office, No. 42 Broadway, New York City.

H. M. GOUGH, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY.

A dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the preferred stock for the quarter-year ended December 31st, 1909, will be paid February 1st, 1910, to holders of record at the close of business on January 12th, 1910, and a dividend of One Per Cent. and an extra One-Half of One Per Cent. on the common stock will be paid March 1st, 1910, to the holders of record at the close of business February 9th, 1910. The preferred stock transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M., January 12th, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M., February 2d, 1910, and the common stock transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M., February 9th, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M., March 2d, 1910.

JAMES L.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The Whitney Mansion Sold—Record Price for Fifth Ave. Property—Teachers College Buys Acreage—Many Private Sales in Midtown District.

Details of the purchase of the mansion of the late William C. Whitney, at Fifth Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street, by his son Harry Payne Whitney, which has been held by the nephew of the late James Henry Smith for $2,900,000, will be found in another column. The sale was made through Henry D. Winans & May.

Record Price for Fifth Ave. Property

Two hundred and fifty dollars a square foot was the record price paid for Fifth Avenue property yesterday when a small lot on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-first Street was sold by Morgan & Marston for the E. G. Potter Company.

The lot, which is 19.6 by 98.4, is covered with a six-story brownstone remodeled business building.

The buyer, whose name was not made known, is said to have paid $480,000 for the property, which was held at $525,000 until recently.

This sale is an excellent example of the increase of values on Fifth Avenue in the past couple of years. In 1907 a lot on the northeast corner of Forty-first Street and Fifth Avenue, containing about 1,500 square feet, sold for $200 a square foot, which was then considered a record price. The lot sold yesterday contains about 1,017 square feet.

Big Deal on West 22d Street.

I. Randolph Jacobs has bought through Hell & Stern the premises 150, 152, and 154 West Twenty-second Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, three four-story and basement dwellings, making a plot 62.6 by 98.9.

The sellers were the Hardenburg estate, the estate of Mary McLoughlin, and Francis E. Emmons. These properties have not changed hands for over half a century. The block up to the present has been improved with strictly fireproof buildings, two of which are now nearing completion and both of which have been fully rented since Dec. 1.

This block is an exceptionally clean one, being a strictly residential block with the exception of these three twelve-story operations, which makes it the cleanest west of Sixth Avenue.

The purchasers have been active in the midtown section, formerly confining their operations north of Twenty-third Street. It is expected that this property will be resold to builders for improvement with a loft building.

Teachers College Buys Acreage.

J. B. James has sold for the Delafield estate to the Horace Mann School and Teachers College a tract of nine acres situated on the north side of Delafield's Lane, or West 250th Street, a short distance west of the old Albany Post Road.

The tract is on high ground, overlooking Van Cortlandt Park, and about five minutes' walk from the Broadway terminus, at 242d Street.

About three acres of the level ground will be laid out as a playground and athletic field, and the balance will be improved along park lines and cottages erected for the professors and others connected with the institutions.

Fifth Avenue Plot Sold.

Henry Corn has bought from the Hurtt estate, 74 and 76 Fifth Avenue, two four-story buildings, on plot 51.7 by 125 by irregular, together with 1 West Thirteenth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 100.

On the entire plot, which has an area of about 7,000 square feet, forming an "L" around the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirteenth Street, Mr. Corn will erect immediately a twelve-story store and loft building.

The new structure will adjoin the ten-story building, at 78 Fifth Avenue, owned by the Bloomingdale estate, while at the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fourteenth Street is the sixteen-story building erected two or three years ago by interests identified with the Hudson Realty Company on land owned by the Van Schaick estate.

$221,500 Increased Valuation.

William M. Benjamin has sold for the Wilson estate 142 West Thirty-fourth Street, a four-story private dwelling, on lot 25 by 98.9. The property was held at $225,000.

It is interesting to know that this property has been held in the family since 1855, having been originally purchased for $3,600, and was the first house built in this block.

Mayer S. Auerbach has bought from Josephine Delano the property 312 and 314 Seventh Avenue, near Twenty-eighth Street, on plot 50 by 100.

Henry Hellman has bought from the estate of Mary Caroline Clark, 143 West Twenty-seventh Street, a five-story tenement, 25.2 by 98.9. Mr. Hellman recently purchased the adjoining property, No. 141, and now controls a frontage of 50.2 feet. The Clark parcel had not changed hands since 1866.

Charles F. Noyes & Co. sold for William Irving Clark to a client 215 Pearl Street, a six-story loft building, on plot 29.9 by 127.7.

Deal Opposite Plaza Hotel.

Andrew Saks of Saks & Co. has sold his residence at 20 West Fifty-eighth Street, opposite the Plaza Hotel, to Dr. John P. Munn, President of the United States Life Insurance Company, who owns and occupies the adjoining house, 18 West Fifty-eighth Street.

The two dwellings together cover a frontage of 50 feet, the Saks residence measuring 26 feet. Both houses are of the four-story brownstone front type. Dr. Munn has lived at No. 18 since 1880.

Private Dwellings Change Owners.

Henry R. Wilson has sold to Dwight S. Richards 19 East Seventy-first Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 25 by 102.2, adjoining the northwest corner of Madison Avenue, and facing the Lenox Library block. The corner house is owned by Helen F. Mahony.

Shaw & Co. were the brokers in the sale to Schmidler & Bachrach of the two three-story dwellings 244 and 246 West 131st Street.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has sold for Myra Moffat 321 West 105th Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on lot 23 by 100.11, adjoining the northeast corner of Riverside Drive.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have sold for Mrs. James A. Burden, Sr., the two-story private stable 75 East Seventy-seventh Street, on lot 25 by 102.2, to J. J. Wysong, for his own use.

William C. & A. Edward Lester and H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for Eugenia Wolf to an investor 429 West 117th Street, a five-story stone-front dwelling, on lot 18.4 by 100.11, 95 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue.

Two Heights Apartments Sold.

Knap & Wasson have sold for S. Elkin, to an investor the Stanleigh, 716 and 718 West 180th Street, a five-story apartment house on plot 58.4 by 100. The property has been held at $85,000.

The Helene Realty and Construction Company, Sol Simon, President, has bought from Schaff & Silberman the plot, 95 by 100, at the northeast corner of Audubon Avenue and 175th Street. Goldberg & Scheer were the brokers. The Helene Company will erect on the site two five-story apartment houses.

Bronx Sales.

The George F. Johnson's Sons' Company has sold to John J. Daly 918 Whitlock Avenue, a three-story, two-family brick dwelling, on lot 25 by 130, on the east side of Whitlock Avenue, between Barretto and Tiffany Streets.

The estate of Marcus Nathan has sold the northeast corner of Glover Street and Westchester Avenue, a vacant plot, 130 by 67, for immediate improvement. F. M. Wise & Co. were the brokers. The same firm of brokers has sold a plot, 75 by 100, on Vyse Avenue, 275 feet north of 172d Street, for J. Seitz to the Steinmetz Construction Company.

Recent Buyers.

The Bloomingdale estate is the buyer of 38 West Twenty-seventh Street, sold recently by S. B. Goodale & Son. The estate owns No. 36, adjoining.

The Herald Square Holding Company, of which Samuel Levy is President, is the buyer of the plot 32 and 34 West Forty-fifth Street, sold on Monday for the estate of William G. Park.

Suburban Sales.

Sol Simon has resold the two cottages at the corner of Mott Avenue and Bay Street, Far Rockaway, L. I., which he recently acquired. The corner house occupies a plot 77 by 140 and the inside one on Bay Street 100 by 180.

Mrs. J. H. Seaman has sold her property formerly occupied by Dr. C. G. Finn on Front Street, Hempstead, L. I., and the property on the south side of Front Street from the Town Hall to Washington Street to John Doty, for $17,000.

W. M. Coyle has sold for the Brookchester Land Company its entire holdings, consisting of 223 lots at River Edge, N. J., to a syndicate of Syracuse capitalists. This is one of the handsomest tracts in Bergen County, and it will be developed by the newcomers along such liberal lines as to insure an ideal residence community. Ruffin A. Smith has been retained as sales manager and will have entire charge of this property.

John W. Paris & Son have sold at their Terminal Heights property, Woodside, L. I., to G. Smith, a plot 40 by 100; to C. J. Mellin, a plot 80 by 100; to S. Jones, a plot 40 by 100; to C. Waterstreet, a plot 20 by 100; to M. Baggs, a plot 20 by 100; to C. Long, a plot, 40 by 100; to D. C. Lehman, a plot 40 by 100; to B. Lehman, a plot 20 by 100, and to G. Floster, a plot 20 by 125.

New Theatre for Bronx.

Messrs. Freidenrich, Gersten & Baer have leased a large plot at Prospect Avenue and 160th Street for the term of twenty-one years, on which will be commenced immediately the erection of a theatre with about 1,800 seating capacity.

The theatre will be in the block bounded by 160th Street, 161st Street, Prospect Avenue, and Union Avenue, with large entrances on Prospect Avenue and 160th Street, and will cost approximately $200,000. The lease will involve about $1,000,000.

The theatre will be one of the handsomest in construction as well as furnishings, and will be ready for occupancy in the Fall of this year. It will be devoted to high-class attractions at popular prices. The owners of the property are Mr. James F. Meehan, Mr. Edward S. Simon, and Mrs. William J. Ehrich.

This portion of the Bronx has attracted much attention recently, through the high-class character of the improvements. Within a radius of a few blocks there have been completed, or are in course of construction, sixteen elevator apartment houses, including the Hunt's Point, the largest and handsomest of its kind in Greater New York. Max Abelman was the broker.

Plans for New Harlem Apartment.

Plans have been filed with Building Supt. Miller for a new eight-story apartment house, the first of the tenement house classification of the new year, to be erected for the Carneegie Construction Company from plans by Mulliken & Moeller at 528 and 530 West 111th Street. It will have a frontage of 83.4 feet and a depth of 83.10 feet, and contain forty-one suites of rooms. The estimated cost is $225,000.

Receiver of Rents Appointed.

Justice Amend of the Supreme Court has appointed Nathan D. Perlman receiver of the rents of 47 Sheriff Street, a five-story tenement, pending a suit brought by Louis Simon against Isidor L. Daniels and others to foreclose a third mortgage of $2,250. The prior mortgages amount to $25,500.

Manhattan Trust Co.'s New Home.

The Manhattan Trust Company has arranged to occupy the quarters of the National Copper Bank in the United States Realty Building, 115 Broadway, during the construction of the new building by the Bankers' Trust Company, on the site of the Gillender and Stevens buildings, at the northwest corner of Wall and Nassau Streets, in which the Manhattan Trust will be located.

Hotel Longacre Lease Sold.

The John H. Fife Company has sold for Horace H. Shares the lease and furnishings of the Hotel Longacre, 157, 159, 161, and 163 West Forty-seventh Street, to John G. Bogge.

The lease is for a term of fifteen years at an aggregate rental of over $650,000. Mr. Bogge paid nearly $60,000 for the furnishings, fixtures, and good-will.

A $220,000 Loan on Heights.

The Zengendal Realty Company has borrowed from the Title Insurance Company of New York $220,000 at 4½ per cent, on the six-story elevator apartment house at the northeast corner of Broadway and 135th Street.

Cambridge Building Lease.

The Ernestus Gulick Company has leased the third floor of the Cambridge Building to Messrs. S. H. P. Pell & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange. The office will be under the management of Mr. James Perry.

Lecture on "Appraisals."

The subject of "Appraisals" will be presented before the students of the real estate course conducted by the Bedford Branch, Young Men's Christian Association of Brooklyn, to-morrow evening. The lecture will be illustrated by stereopticon views, and will be delivered by Mr. S. D. Van Wagner, manager of the bureau of investments, Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Company.

Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for Stanley A. Cohen the ground floor and basement of 134 William Street to the Washington Lunch Corporation for a long term of years.

Denzer Brothers have leased for the receivers of the J. B. & J. M. Cornell Company 7,500 square feet at 179-83 Wooster Street; for the estate of George G. Williams 4,000 square feet at 79-81 Crosby Street to Joseph Friedman; for the New York Life Insurance Company the store and basement at 165 Greene Street to the Elite Braid Company; for Olive H. Chesebro the fourth lofe at 44-46 West Houston Street, northwest corner of Greene Street; for Harry Schlupsky the third loft at 162 Spring Street, southeast corner of West Broadway; for S. Deiches 2,500 square feet at 59 Mercer Street; for Ruland & Whiting Company 2,500 square feet at 18 Lispenard Street; for Henry Hirsch 2,500 square feet at 123 Prince Street; for Arthur Naething 2,500 square feet at 436 Broome Street; for the Chesebrough estate 2,500 square feet at 82 Great Jones Street, and for the Etagloc Holding Company 2,500 square feet at 46 Great Jones Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

127th St, 305, n s, 100.6 ft w of 8th Av, 25.8x99.11, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale to Rachel Newman, $21,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

1st Av, 1,855, s w corner of 98th St, 23.8x80, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Jan. 7.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Houston St, 394 and 396 East, and 2d St, 285 and 289, for a three-story and basement private school, 40x71.2; J. Miller, 147 West 119th St, owner; C. B. Meyers, architect; cost, $25,000.

54th St, 521 and 523 East, for a three-story brick stable, 50x95; L. Schumacher, 1st Av and 62d St, owner; E. F. Coseah, architect; cost, $14,000.

111th St, 528 and 530 West, for an eight-story brick apartment, 83.4x83.10; Carnegie Construction Co., 608 West 111th St, owner; Mulliken & Moeller, architects; cost, $225,000.

Castle Hill Av, w s, 730 ft n of Sterling Av, for a one-story frame barn, 18x25; Antonio Carmaecinolo, premises, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $200.

Popham Av, w s, 369.86 ft n of 176th St, for a 2½-story frame dwelling, 20.1x56.6; William H. Gunnell, 1,141 Aqueduct Av, owner; J .S. Campbell, architect; cost, $8,000.

Hewitt Place, w s, 135 ft n of Macy Place, for a five-story brick tenement, 50.5x122.8; Goridberg & Smith, 1,608 Madison Av, owners; Samuel Sass, architect; cost, $75,000.

Van Nest Av, e s, 28 ft n of Adams St, for a one-story frame shed, 15x20; Carlo Totero, premises, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $500.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

6th Av, n e corner of 20th St, to a one-story brick church; Church of the Holy Communion, premises, owner; Satterlee & Boyd, architects; cost, $2,000.

10th St, 248 East, to a four-story brick tenement; E. Bard, 622 5th St, owner; L. Somenfeld, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JAN. 4.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 50.11 ft s of 114th St, 50x100; St. Luke's Realty Co. to Frank Rogers, $100.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 50.11 ft s of 114th St, 50x100; Frank Rogers to Alfred V. Amy, (mtgs $88,000,) $100.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 100.11 ft s of 114th St, 50x100; St. Luke's Realty Co. to Frank Rogers, (mtg $88,000,) $100.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 100.11 ft s of 114th St, 50x100; Frank Rogers to Alfred V. Amy, (mtgs $88,000,) $100.

BERRIAN AV, w s, Lots 99 and 100, map of land of Charles Berrian at Fordham, 50x100; George H. Lowerre to Fannie M. Lowerre, $100.

BRADHURST AV, 230, e s, 25.5x107.4; John H. Vogel to Adolph Vogel, (mtg $18,000,) $1.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 53d St, 50.8x32.4; Broadway, w s, 50.8 ft n of 53d St, 25.1x39.8; George H. Warren to Georgia W. Warren, $1.

BROOK AV, 908, e s, 25.9x120.4; Martha A. Muiler to Edward H. Burns of Rockville Centre, L. I., (mtg $22,200,) $100.

CANAL ST, 73, n s, 22.6x75; Charles Enderle to General Holding Co., $100.

COLUMBUS AV, e s, 75.5 ft n of 70th St, 25x100; Cabot Real Estate Co to Catherine O'Hara, (mtg $32,000,) $100.

COLUMBUS AV, e s, 75.5 ft n of 70th St, 25x100; Catherine O'Hara to Mary C. O'Hara, (mtg $32,000,) $100.

CONVENT AV, 451, e s, 16x50; Caroline J. Wells to Alfred K. Barker, $100.

EAGLE AV, w s, 337.6 ft s of 156th St, 37.6x99.1; Noble L. Gauss Construction Co to Charles Dinkel, (mtg $31,000,) $100.

GREENWICH ST, e s, 43 ft n of Canal St, 43.6x90; St. John's Park Realty Co. to Harriman N. Simons, $100.

LAND of Andrew Allen at East Chester adjoining lands of G. Underhill and land of R. Shute, 2 88-100 acres; Spencer Blake Realty Co to Joseph Noonan, $1.

LOT 98, map of part of Downing estate; Joseph Diamond to John Schloeder, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

LOTS 444 and 445, map of Gleason property, (mtg $1,000;) Lots 88 and 89, map of Gleason property, (mtg $840;) Charles F. Pfaffmann to Martin Pfaffmann, $1.

MADISON AV, 1,475, e s, 25x90.1; Samuel King to Fritz Guggenbuhl, $100.

MANGIN ST, 25, w s, 25x100; Leighton Lobdell to Charles B. Squier, $10,000.

MANIDA ST, 728, w s, 20x100; A. Rozano Construction Co to Patrick J. Gaffney, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

PEARL ST, s e s, 60.7 ft s w of Burling Slip, 23.7x irregular; John J. Burton to White Realty Co., (mtg $30,000,) $100.

PINE ST, 87, s s, 30.6x40; Water St, 128, n w s, 23.2x68.8; Elisha M. Fulton to Violet M. Turner of Brooklyn, $100.

PINE ST, 81, s s, 30.6x40; Water St, 128, n w s, 23.2x68.8; Violet M. Turner to George W. Warth, $1.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n s, 550 ft w of Avenue St. John, 37.6x105; Ellen Cournan to Emily M. Roemer, (mtg $28,086,) $1.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 113, n s, 25x93.11; Joseph Langman to Charles Rubinger, (mtgs $25,000,) $1.

VERMILYEA AV, s s, 100 ft e of Dyckman St, 200x150; T. Bache Bleecker to St. John's Park Realty Co., (mtg $18,000,) $100.

WEST END AV, w s, 84.8 ft n of 93d St, 16x85; Henry P. A. Clausen to Theo C. Camp, $100.

2D AV, 1,094 and 1,096, e s, 40.2x100; Frank Casper to E. Martin Pietzsch, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

6TH ST, 340 East, 25x97; Charles Rubinger to Joseph Langman, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

8TH AV, 68 and 70, s e s, 51.3x irregular; Edward C. Underhill and others to John H. Fisher, $28,000.

8TH AV, 68 and 70, s e s, 51.3x irregular; John H. Fisher to Benjamin Fox, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

8TH AV, e s, 70 ft n of 21st St, 100x irregular; The Raymore Realty Co. to Samuel King, (mtgs $140,000,) $100.

9TH ST, 315 East, 24.9x92.8; Mechel Landesbaum to Louis Weisman, (mtg $31,750,) $100.

27TH ST, s s, 281.3 ft w of 6th Av, 18.9x98.9; Alva Realty Co to Rockton Construction Co, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

27TH ST, 126 to 130 West, 80x98.9; David Lippmann to Rockton Construction Co, (mtgs $100,000,) $100.

36TH ST, 451 West, 25x98.9; Mary E. Morton to Philip G. Becker and others, (mtgs $18,000,) $100.

57TH ST, n s, 66.8 ft e of 11th Av, 16.8x100.5; George W. Warth to Elisha M. Fulton, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

66TH ST, 436 East, 26.10x100.5; Bertha Scheer to Henry Faeth, (mtg $16,500,) $100.

106TH ST, 42 West, 19.4x100.11; James Philpot to estate of Elizabeth Cooley Ross, $11,200.

112TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Hermalgus Realty Co to Amelia Bruno, (mtg $23,000,) $100.

132D ST, 153 West, 17x99.11; Anna M. C. Peters to Max Selonick, (mtg $9,500,) $100.

133D ST, n s, 450 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11; Charles C. Dow to Edward Schmidt, (mtg $61,000,) $1.

145TH ST, 406, s s, 212.6 ft e of Convent Av, 15.6x99.11; Maamie Klein to Asher Simon Realty Co, $100.

180TH ST, s s, 95 ft e of Audubon Av, 50x100; Pinehurst Realty Co. to Rosamond A. Welch, (mtg $45,000,) $100.

181ST ST, s s, 25 ft e of Audubon Av, 100x irregular; Minnie Vollman to Morris Vollman, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

The following transfers were recorded Jan. 3, but owing to the change in the Register's office they were not obtainable until yesterday:

BROADWAY, s e corner of 108th St, 26x105.4; Lucius H. Beers to Loring R. Gale of Galeton, Penn., (mtg $25,000,) $87,500.

CROTONA AV, n w corner of 175th St, 33.1x100; Thomas J. Waters and others to Thomas J. Waters, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

CROTONA AV, w s, 331. ft n of 175th St, 37.6x100; Thomas J. Waters and others to Timothy I. O'Connell, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

LOT 445, map of Wakefield; Robert H. Cowden, and others to Frank J. McGarry, $1.

LOT 119, map of part of Seton homestead; Alexander F. Walsh to E. Colgate Jones, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

LOT 23, map of J. V. Hutschler at Westchester; Mary A. O'Callaghan and others to Mary I. Sullivan, $100.

PLOT, begins 107.11 ft w of Crotona Av and 201.10 ft s of 182d St, 68.7x irregular; Antonetta Giugliano to Giugliano Realty and Construction Co., $100.

ROAD from West Farms to Westchester, adjoining land of J. Veltman, Sr., and land of C. Barnard, Centreville, 171.6x irregular; Zarlene W. Karrick to Anna Neuman, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

SPENCER AV, w s, 160.6 ft s of 261st St, 50x90; Frederick P. Forster, executor George H. Foster to John D. Cameron, $1.

SPENCER AV, w s, 110.6 ft s of 261st St, 50x irregular; Frederick P. Forster and others to Eugene Fox, $1.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 77, n s, 25x85.11; Annie Goldenberg to Lena Weinstock, $1.

THOMPSON ST, 50, e s, 18.9x94; Nicola Galgano to Luigi Afeltra, (mtg $15,800,) $100.

WASHINGTON ST, w s, s ½ part of Lot 443, map of Unionport, 50x108; Lucius Waydans to Henry J. Finck, $100.

2D AV, 776, e s, 24.7x70; Felix Lorch to Josephine Kaiser, $100.

2D AV, 665, n w s, 24.8x100; John Hopp and others to Mayer Zalka, $100.

3D AV, e s, 27.2 ft n of 75th St, 56.8x105; Louise Fox to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, $100.

3D AV, e s, 27.2 ft n of 75th St, 56.8x105; William H. Russell and others to Louise Fox $71,200.

10TH ST, 204 and 206, s s, 39.11x95; Frederick P. Garrettson and others to Jacob Kottek, $26,000.

11TH AV, w s, 50 ft s of 179th St, 25x100; Lewis R. Conklin to Gustavus L. Lawrence, $1.

27TH ST, 118 West, 18.9x98.9; Hyman Stern and others to Realty Holding Co., $36,600.

83D ST, 38 West, 19x102.2; Bernardine M. Kracht to Florine A. Lyons, $100.

83D ST, n s, 175 ft e of Madison Av, 133x102.2; Frances A. Clarke to Joseph H. Fargis, $100.

121ST ST, 344 West, 15x100.11; William H. Ackermann to Arthur J. Collins, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

125TH ST, 165 West, 27x99.11; Charles Meyer to Clara Meyer, (mtg $21,000,) $100.

141ST ST, n s, 175 ft e of 8th Av, 25.4x99.11; Evelyn M. Doty to Joe Elias, (mtgs $22,000,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

BARNES, Alfred K., to Caroline J. Wells; Convent Av, 451, e s, 16x50, due, &c., as per bond.....$9,000

BARNES, Alfred K., to Caroline J. Wells; Convent Av, 451, e s, 11x50, prior mtg $9,000, 3 years, 6%.....$3,000

BOLEN, Annie A., to Thomas W. Martin; Plot 3, map No. 1,362 of subdivision of Block 2,200, 1 year, 5½%.....$2,000

BRAUN, Mary A., to Hudson Mortgage Co.; 150th St, 105 West, 20x99.11, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,000

BRODIL, Mary R., to Barbara Brodil; Ash Av, e s, Lots 96 to 99, map of Laconia Park, 25x100 each, due, &c., as per bond....$2,000

BUCHANAN, Nathan, to Ferdinand Funk and another; Lewis St, s w corner of Rivington St, 60x220, prior mtg $21,000, 5 years, 6%.....$5,000

CLARK, Russa A., to Marion W. Voss; 250th St, s s, 375 ft e of Willard Av, 25x100, 3 years, 6%.....$500

DIAS, Charles, to Noble & Gauss Construction Co.; Eagle Av, w s, 337.6 ft s of 156th St, 87.6x99.1, due, &c, as per bond..$3,800

FERRETTI, John C., to Andrew Ferretti and others; Mott St, 24, e s, 24x98.6, 1 year.$2,000

FOLEY, Frederick W., jr., to Frank K. Sturgis; 53d St, 146 East, 25x100.5, due, &c., as per bond.....$14,000

FISHER, John H., to Edward C. Underhill and others; 8th Av, s e s, 31.9 ft n e of Greenwich Lane, 31.9x irregular, 3 years, 4½%..$20,000

FREUDENMACHER, Philip, to Herman L. Krieger; Kelly St, 717, n w corner of Leggett Av, 110x40, prior mtg $81,000, 2 years, 6%.....$5,000

FULTON-CHAMBERS CO. to City Real Estate Co.; Fulton St, 102, s s, 25x31.1; Fulton St, 104, s s, 24.4x80.1, prior mtg $100,000, installments, 5½%.....$36,000

GUGGENBUHL, Fritz, to Lottie Saussel; Madison Av, 1,475, e s, 25.2x90.1, 5 years..$19,000

HOECKH, Annie, to Joseph A. Snyder; 40th St, 440 West, 25x98.9, 3 years, 6%.....$3,500

LANGMAN, Joseph, to Charles Rubinger; 4th St, 124, s s, 25x96.2, prior mtg $32,000, 5 years, 6%.....$4,000

LANGMAN, Joseph, to Charles Rubinger; 6th St, 340, s s, 25x97, prior mtg $30,000, due July 1, 1910, 6%.....$8,000

LAZARUS, Woolf, to Lina M. Struckhauser; 88th St, 229 East, 25x100.8, 4 years....$16,000

LAZARUS, Woolf, to Lina M. Struckhauser; 88th St, 229 East, 25x100.8, prior mtg $16,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,000

MAURER, Ludwig, to Leopold E. Georgi; Lot 53, map of part of Hunt estate, due July 3, 1911; 6%.....$1,500

MAYER, Emma M., to Lena Bruckner; Matilda St, s s s, Lots 128 to 133, map of Washingtonville, 200x100, 3 years.....$6,000

McLEAN, Frank B., to Brooklyn Free Kindergarten Society; 54th St, 263 West, 18.9x62, 3 years.....$20,000

McMAHON, Christopher F., to Katharina Bruckner; Belmont Av, e s, 246 ft n of Tremont Av, 18.10x100, 3 years.....$4,000

OCHS, Charles, to George F. Brown; Amsterdam Av, 558, w s, 27x100, prior mtg $25,000, 2 years, due, &c., as per bond.....$2,500

O'HARA, Catharine, to Cabot Real Estate Co.; Columbus Av, e s, 75.5 ft n of 70th St, 25x100, prior mtg $32,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$7,000

ROCKTON CONSTRUCTION CO. to David Lippmann; 27th St, s s, 281.3 ft w of 6th Av, 18.9x98.9, prior mtg $25,000, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

ROCKTON CONSTRUCTION CO. to David Lippmann; 27th St, 126 and 130 West, 80x98.9, prior mtg $100,000, 3 years, 6%..$45,000

ROGERS, Frank, to St. Luke's Realty Co.; Amsterdam Av, w s, 100.11 ft s of 114th St, 50x100, prior mtg $72,000, 5 years, 6%.....$16,000

ROGERS, Frank, to St. Luke's Realty Co.; Amsterdam Av, w s, 50.11 ft s of 114th St, 50x100, prior mtg $72,000, 5 years, 6%.....$16,000

STEWART, William, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Amsterdam Av, 90, w s, 25x100, 5 years, 4½%.....$19,000

STORK, Marie R., and others to Arthur A. Fowler; 80th St, 136 West, 19x102.2, 5 years.....$22,000

STORK, Marie R., and others to Harry C. Calahan; 80th St, 136 West, 19x102.2, prior mtg $22,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$9,000

TURNER, Violet M., to Elisha M. Fulton; Pine St, 81, s s, 40x30.9; Water St, 128, n w s, 23.2x68.8, 1 year, 6%.....$7,500

The following mortgages were recorded Jan. 3:

BRENNAN, Thomas, to German Savings Bank; 140th St, n s, West, 28x99.11, 1 year....$4,000

FARGIS, Joseph H., to Frances A. Clarke; 83d St, n s, 175 ft e of Madison Av, 125x102.2, 5 years, 8%.....$200,000

FROMA REALTY CO. to Morris H. Hayman; Robbins Av, s e s, 41.10 ft s w of 152d St, 50x104, 3 years, 6%.....$40,000

GINGLIANO REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Morton Trust Co. and others; Crotona Av, w s, 23.10 ft s of 182d St, 30x irregular, 5 years.....$21,000

GREEN, Ida M., to George W. Sturges; 35th St, 311 West, 19.6x98.9, due, &c., as per bond.....$800

HESSEN, Maggie E., to Bowery Savings Bank; Amsterdam Av, 1,804, w s, 25x100, 5 years, 4½%.....$16,000

KAISER, Josephine, to Felix Lorch; 2d Av, 778, e s, 24.7x70, 5 years.....$20,000

KOTTEK, Jacob, to Harris D. Colt; 10th St, 204 and 206, s s, 39.11x95, 1 year.....$14,000

LAWRENCE, Gustavus L., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; St. Nicholas Av, w s, 50 ft s of 176th St, 25x100, 1 year.$10,000

LEVIN, Rosie, and others to Aaron Hirsch and others; Intervale Av, e s, 144.3 ft n of 165th St, 50x100, 5 years, 6%.....$5,500

LEVIN, Rosie, and others to Harry G. Hecht; Intervale Av, e s, 144.3 ft n of 165th St, 50x100, installments, 6%.....$500

LEWIS, Morris, to Wilhelmine Grevel; Lot 411, map of Van Nest Park, 25x95.11, 5 years..$7,500

LUDIN REALTY CO. to Union Trust Co. of New York; 41st St, 234 to 256 West, 225x98.9, 5 years, 4½%.....$235,000

LYONS, Florine A., to Bernardine M. Kracht; 83d St, 38 West, 19x102.2, 5 years, 4½%...$20,000

McLAUGHLIN, Mary A., to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.; 59th St, 111 and 113 East, 40x100.5, rate as per bond.....$40,000

MEAD, Katharine C., and others to Frederick A. Clark; Fulton St, s w s, 70.7 ft n of South St, 341.5x irregular, due, &c., as per bond..$32,000

MEENAN, Daniel, to George Ehret; West End Av, n w corner of 67th St, 25.5x80, prior mtg $18,000, 1 year.....$10,000

MILLS, Ellsworth L., to Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association; Lot 37, map of land of William O. Giles, prior mtg $4,000, installments, 6%.....$1,500

PFEIFFSCHNEIDER, Ida J., and others to Bowery Savings Bank; 125th St, s s, 200 ft w of 5th Av, 87.6x100.11, 3 years, 4½%....$25,000

SCHRODER, Michael, to Dollar Savings Bank; Southern Boulevard, n s, 100 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x100, due June 1, 1913.....$12,000

SCHRODER, Michael, to August Doering; Southern Boulevard, n s, 100 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x100, prior mtg $2,000, 3 years, 6%.....$3,000

WERNER, Charles J., to New York Savings Bank; 17th St, 347½ West, 16.8x92, due, &c., as per bond.....$7,500

ZALKA, Mayer, and others to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 2d Av, w s, 49.4 ft s of 80th St, 24.8x100, 5 years.....$14,000

Mechanics' Liens.

45TH ST, 21 West; Hercules Construction Co. against Albert F. Jammes, owner; Mandel Building Co., contractor, $306.

179TH PL, n s, whole front between Bathgate and Washington Avs, 175x60; Wilhelm Oettgen against Oppenheimer & Feldman, owners; Jacob Keller, agent, contractor, $53.

46TH ST, 145 West; Edwin I. Epstein against Gunke, Long & Schmidt, owners and contractors, $1,150.

48TH ST, 240 West; Bernard Drucker against Beatrice Lawrence, owner and contractor, $40.

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 167th St, 65x127; Jacob M. Seidenberg against Carmine Altieri, owner, (renewal,) $1,746.

105TH ST, 105 West; Hyman Gabbe et al. against Froma Realty Co., owner; Max Rayden, contractor, $385.

EDGECOMBE AV, s w corner of 150th St, 99.11x100; Jamestown Mantel Co. against Emanuel Doctor, owner and contractor; Codac Realty Co., owner, $2,138.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 248.4 ft n of 155th St, 125x125; Harry Care against St. Nicholas Construction Co., owner and contractor, $850.

240TH ST, s s, 83.8 ft e of Martha Av, 102.3x100; Thomas F. Cushing Co. against Edgar H. Hammond, owner; Dominick J. Cogan, contractor, $635.

ST. PAUL'S PLACE, n w corner of Crotona Av, 51.2x100; Leonardo Torrlis against St. Paul Construction Co., owner and contractor, $90.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

UNION AV, 1,298; Charles Schneider against Joseph Hollorith et al., Dec. 31, 1909, $220.

STANTON ST, 164; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against John Doe et al., Oct. 13, 1909, $19.

PROSPECT AV, 2,330 to 2,353; Ike Schlussberg against Allen Construction Co. et al., Dec. 30, 1909, $406.

44TH ST, 67 and 69 West; Phillips & Juillen against Sarah Rafel et al., June 22, 1909, $1,345.

ESSEX ST, 147; Harlem Supply Co. against Edgerton L. Winthrop et al., July 8, 1909, $854.

Lis Pendens.

BETHUNE ST, n s, between Washington and Greenwich Sts, 22.5x80; 27th St, s s, 98 ft e of 9th Av, 22x98.9; Frederick A. Culbert against Sarah L. Culbert et al., (partition;) attorney, J. B. Southard.

MONTGOMERY ST, e s, 89.9 ft s of Madison St, 40x78.2x irregular; John J. McBride against Hannah Cohen et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. F. Kimber.

122D ST, 203 East; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Michael Freedman et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins.

11TH ST, n s, 233 ft w of Avenue C, 75x108.3, two actions; Joseph L. Buttenwieser against Abraham Goldschlag et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, M. S. & L. S. Isaacs.

HOE AV, 1,163; Nevelson Goldberg Realty Co. against Philip Cohen et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. A. Brown.

PARK AV, 3,043; Frank D. Lambie against Thomas N. Doutney, (notice of attachment;) attorney, H. W. Booth.

123D ST, n s, 125 ft w of Park Av, 20x99.11; Amedeo D. Morse et al. against Alice C. McLaughlin et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Brennan & Brennan.

81ST ST, 225 East; [illegible] Strism Against

Samuel H. Drellich et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus.

3D ST, n w corner of Wooster St, 42x74.10; Vahan Z. M. Boyajian against Margaret Brown et al., (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, S. M. Roeder.

156TH ST, 491 East; Bella Schulein against Morris Kite et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Mayer.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auc'r
will sell at auction
WEDNESDAY, JAN. 12, 1910
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St,
Excutor's and Trustee's Sale
Estate AMELIA A. YARD, Dec'd,
By order John Yard, Executor &

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West Side.

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Broadway, West Side, 85th and 86th Sts.

9 Rooms, 2 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.

RENTS, $2,400 A YEAR

Buckingham Court, 312 West 99th St.

All-night elevator service. Eight large, light rooms and two baths.

RENTS, $1,200 to $1,800 A YEAR

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APARTMENTS.

St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park. ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE. TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT, LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.

4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms AND 2 BATHS.

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Finest Location on Washington Heights.

St. Nicholas Court, 746 St. Nicholas Ave.

Elevator service and steam heat. 4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

Earls Court, 108-116 W. 141st St. 5 and 6 Rooms

ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE. $32.50 to $50.00 per Month.

APPLY MANHATTAN LEASING CO., 149 Church St., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

A superb 3-room Suite, Parlor, 18 ft. square; Bedroom, 12x 16; Maid and Valet service. The Suborel, 156 West 65th Street.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 444.

A desirable single apartment, seven large rooms and bath; all improvements; $720. ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

43d St., near Subway Station, 270 West; 6 rooms, bath; steam heat; hot water; concessions; only one. $45. Janitor.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.

2-3-4-5-6 Rooms and Bath.

Rents $25 to $55.

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Renting agent on premises, or

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Only Two 6-Room Suites and Four 7-Room Suites still to lease in this finely constructed building. Just completed.

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61 East 121st.—7 extra large rooms, bath, single flat; steam heat, hot water; good location near park; rent $45; inducement.

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American Real Estate Co., Owner. MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!

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4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.

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4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33. Large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.

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6 and 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors; gas and electricity, steam heat and hot water; 10 minutes of Atlantic Av. station, Subway; $40 to $48. Janitor on premises, or Room 1,016, 32 Union Square, New York.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

To be sublet until Sept. 1, 1910, the second eastern apartment, 471 Central Park West, corner 107th St.; 8 rooms and bath; partly furnished; particulars by mail. 'Phone 5057 Riverside. Fine home for refined family. Many books and paintings.

Beautiful, four-room housekeeping apartment, completely furnished; every modern convenience; a little gem; $60. Knowlton Court, 3,810 Broadway, corner 159th St. Lincoln.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; elegantly kept; $50 monthly; Subway, elevated, restaurant, Park.

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High Class American Basement House, 20 feet wide, handsomely furnished; best location on the West Side, 69th Street near the Park. Would rent for winter months or longer. Apply

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Attractive five-story, American basement, centrally located in seventies near Central Park West; electric light, four baths, elegantly furnished. Particulars from Alfred B. Toussaint, 400 Columbus Av.

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BROADWAY AND 29TH ST.

SINGLE ROOMS, $1; DOUBLE ROOMS, $2. Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $3 per day up. SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES FOR TRANSIENT GUESTS AND FAMILIES.

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IN BRACING SALT BREEZES AND WARM SUNSHINE

Are of a diversity that appease the strenuous or easy going. The Piers, amusements, Theatres, social centers and resort life at the leading houses all contribute enjoyment to many visitors at the

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The Winter homes of a refined, discriminating class of people from all sections of the country. Any of the following will furnish information, quote rates, etc.:

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Seaside House, F. P. Cook's Sons.
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Hotel Traymore, Traymore Hotel Co.
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The House holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and a la Carte dining rooms. Exquisite music, Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres, Splendid Motoring Roads. Ownership Management. JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

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Hotels, boarding houses and accommodations at prices to suit the purse of every class: One dollar a day and up.

Surf bathing at Palm Beach daily. Golfing at all the resorts on the finest courses in the South. Tennis on clay courts in pink of perfection. Fishing at all points, but best at LONG KEY CAMP. Yachting and boating on ocean and inland waters. Wheel-chair riding on lake and ocean side promenades and through tropical jungle trails.

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Special de luxe electric-lighted Pullman trains between New York and principal East Coast resorts. Leave terminals daily except Sunday, connecting at Miami with steamships for Nassau, and at Knights Key with steamships for Key West and Havana. Only 51 hours, New York to Havana. DAILY SERVICE; nine (9) daylight hours on the beautiful Southern Sea after a most unique trip over the SEA-GOING RAILROAD.

For full information, booklet, etc., apply to Local Ticket Agent, or to the Florida East Coast offices, at

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Most Moderate Rates of any First Class Hotel in or near New York.

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Dr. Disbrow Home Rest Sanitarium, Tarrytown, N. Y.—All cases; (nervous, liquor, drug specialty;) testimonials.

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CAPACITY 600.

Enlarged and Improved.

Stone and Concrete Construction Throughout.

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Newest and Most Modern Hotel

Situated in the finest and healthiest part of the Town; view over the Pyramids

Cairo EGYPT

Branch Houses: Palace Hotel, Lucerne, and Quirinal in Rome.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed estimates for reconstructing and extending Pier 42, North River, (Contract 1,190,) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, Monday, January 10, 1910. (For particulars see City Record.)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES. Sealed bids for repairing the Municipal ferryboats or other floating ferry property of the Department (Contract No. 1,210) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, North River, until 12 o'clock noon, Friday, January 7, 1910. (For particulars see City Record.)

AGWI Winter Tours

embrace an all water or combination rail and water trip from and back to your home city via the palatial ships of the

Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines

CLYDE LINE

Florida, the Carolinas, Georgia and San Domingo

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Texas, California and Pacific Coast points; Florida—West Coast, Mobile and New Orleans

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Porto Rico, cruises to Ponce, San Juan and around the Island

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Nassau-Cuba-Mexico-Yucatan, with rail connections for all important interior cities

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Tell us how many are in your party, and the length of time and amount of money you contemplate spending. We will gladly propose a few trips for your consideration by both rail and water, giving you complete itineraries, including cost of tickets, meals and berths, what you can see, and length of trips. Address, Tour Bureau, All Lines

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Clyde.....Jan. 22 | Nile.....Feb. 19

Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up

SANDERSON & SON, G. P. A. F. A., 22 State St., N.Y.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 23d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK. Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.

NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40

Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE. From Franklin St., daily 5 P. M.; Sundays, 9 A. M.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ANNA M. SCHMITT-BAIER, Plaintiff, against GERTRUDE R. WALDO, Defendant.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 19th day of May, 1909, and an order amending said judgment duly entered and bearing date the 7th day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment and order named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land situate in the City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

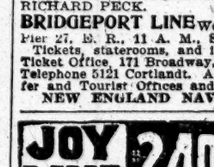
Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 72nd Street with the easterly side of Madison Avenue; running thence southerly along Madison Avenue one hundred and two feet two inches to the centre line of the block between 72nd and 71st Streets; thence easterly along said centre line of the block and parallel with 72nd Street, fifty-eight feet three inches; thence northerly, parallel with Madison Avenue, twenty-two feet two inches; thence westerly again parallel with 72nd Street, eighteen feet three inches; thence northerly again parallel with Madison Avenue, and through a party wall, eighty feet to the southerly side of 72nd Street; thence westerly along said 72nd Street forty feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, December 13, 1909.

J. HAMPDEN DOUGHERTY, Referee.

FORSTER, HOTALING & KLENKE, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 59 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 26 East 72nd Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is ten thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the 3rd day of December, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is nine thousand two hundred and twenty-one 5-100 ($9,221.05) dollars, and interest. Said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage for $160,000, which has been reduced by payment to $150,000, and interest, from May 15, 1909, at 5½ per cent. per annum.

Dated New York, December 13, 1909.

J. HAMPDEN DOUGHERTY, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BELmont Brass Bed Co., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of the Bronx, of the City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at the Court House in said county on the 19th day of January, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to Union Brass Bed Manufacturing Company.

Dated New York, December 23d, 1909.

BELMONT BRASS BED CO., By Wolf Burland, President.

If you want a Business Opportunity see Page 13.

Cruises de Luxe TO THE West Indies

Including PANAMA CANAL, CUBA, NASSAU, BERMUDA, Etc.

By New Twin Screw **"AVON"** 11,500 Tons

From NEW YORK

First Cruise January 15th Second Cruise February 19th (31 Days Each) $150 UP.

Easter Cruise March 25th (18 Days) $85 UP.

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ORIENT FROM NEW YORK JAN. 29, 1910

By S. S. CINCINNATI 17,000 TONS.

80 DAYS $325 UP

WEST INDIES

By S. S. MOLTKE 12,500 TONS.

16 and 28 Days $85 and $150 Up

FROM NEW YORK JAN. 22, FEB. 22, MAR. 24, 1910.

South America

By S. S. BLUECHER 12,500 TONS.

From N. Y. Jan. 22, 1910.

81 DAYS COST $350 UP

REGULAR SERVICES

All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

S. S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. 25,000 TONS.

Leaving New York Jan. 5, 1 P. M.

†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.

†Kais'n Aug. Vic. Jan. 5, 1 P.M. | *Pres. Grant....Feb. 5
‡Pennsylvania.....Jan. 8 | †Amerika ....Feb. 12
Graf Waldersee.....Jan. 15 | ‡Pennsylvania..Feb. 19
*Pres. Lincoln.....Jan. 29 | ‡G. Waldersee..Feb. 26
‡Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.

Italy AND THE Nile CONVENIENTLY REACHED BY OUR MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE

The splendid large steamships HAMBURG, Jan. 6, 2 P. M., Feb. 15, March 29; CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples and Genoa (with occasional calls at the Azores and Madeira Islands). Excellent connection with steamers of Hamburg & Anglo-American Nile Co.'s services up the Nile through EGYPT.

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED. Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

New York....Jan. 8 | St. Louis....Jan. 15
*Adriatic ....Jan. 12 | Philadelphia..Jan. 22
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N.R.

Atlantic Transport Line

New York—London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.

NEW S. S. MINNEWASKA

Completely and Luxuriously Equipped

JAN. 8, 8 A. M., LONDON DIRECT

Mm'haha, Jan. 15, 9:30 AM | Minnetonka, Feb. 5
Minneap's, Jan. 29, 9:30 AM | Minn'waska, Feb. 12

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.

New York—Antwerp—Paris

Vaderland..Jan. 5 | Lapland..(new).Jan. 22, 11 AM
Kroonland..Jan. 12 | Finland .....Feb. 2

White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.

Baltic, Jan. 22, 2 PM | Laurentic, Feb. 5, 2 PM.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

†New York, Jan. 8, 10 AM | †St. Louis.....Jan. 15
Adriatic, Jan. 12, 1 AM | †Philadelphia..Jan. 22
†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.

NEW YORK & BOSTON TO **ITALY & EGYPT** Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar. First Winter Sailing to Alexandria.

JAN. 5, 2 P. M. S. S. CEDRIC Tons.

Largest Steamer to the Mediterranean.

Cedric, (21,035 Tons)..Jan. 5, 2 P.M., Feb. 16
Arabic, Jan. 20, Special Alexandria Sailing.
Romanic.....Jan. 15 | Cretic.....Jan. 29
Celtic (20,904 Tons).....Feb. 2, March 16
Canopic.....Feb. 12 | Romanic.....Feb. 26

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Go To Bermuda

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Largest and Fastest Steamers

S. S. Oceana, 8000 Tons

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Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels

Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York in the season.

WEST INDIES

New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. COMPANY, LTD., QUEBEC.

North German Lloyd

Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN

Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.

P. Friedr'k. Wm. Jan. 18 | K. Wm. der Gr., Feb. 9
Kronprinz Wm. Jan. 25 | K. Wm. der Gr., Mar. 8

BREMEN DIRECT

Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.

Roon.....Jan. 6 | Roon.....Feb. 10
Zieten.....Jan. 27 | *G. Washington. Feb. 24

*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.

GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS

Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.

Barbarossa....Jan. 8 | †Gr. Kurfuerst...Feb. 5
*Berlin (new). Jan. 29 | K. Albert.....Feb. 12

*Omits Algiers. †Orient Cruise.

Independent Around the World Tours.

Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.

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GLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.

To Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla. From Pier 45, N. R., (Christopher St.,) at 1 P. M.

Iroquois.....Jan. 6 | Huron .....Jan. 8
Arapahoe .....Jan. 7 | Mohawk .....Jan. 11

Pier 45, N. R., and 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CUNARD LINES

From Piers 51-53-56, North River, 9 A. M.

Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.

Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.

Wednesday from New York

Monday in London

MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA, Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat. Sail Wednesdays.

Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.

Umbria.....Jan. 5 | Umbria.....Feb. 2
Lusitania.....Jan. 19 | Mauretania....Feb. 9
Campania.....Jan. 26 | Campania.....Feb. 16

To Italy & Egypt FOUR SPECIAL CRUISES. CARMANIA & CARONIA Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs. Jan. 8—Jan. 22—Feb. 19—Mch. 5, Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.

ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES SAXONIA TO ITALY, Feb. 5—Mch. 19.

HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME, VIA GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.

Caronia..Jan. 8, noon | Saxonia.....Feb. 5
Carmania..Jan. 22, noon | Pannonia ....Feb. 13

Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., 21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

Some Excellent Rooms still on Sale for CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "CLEVELAND" 18,000 tons, brand new, and superbly fitted.

ROUND THE WORLD FROM SAN FRANCISCO FEB. 5, 1910

One Steamer for the Entire Cruise of nearly four months; costing only $650 and up, including all necessary expenses.

ROUTE: Japan, China, Philippines, Borneo, Java, Burma, India, Ceylon, Egypt, Italy, etc. An unusual chance to visit unusually attractive places.

TWELFTH ANNUAL ORIENT CRUISE

February 5, 1910, by S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst," 73 days, including 24 days Egypt and Palestine. $400 up, including hotels, shore excursions, etc.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg, New York.

TOURS TO THE ORIENT

Cook's 43d Annual series of Tours de Luxe to Egypt, the Nile, Holy Land, Levant, etc., leave Jan. 8, Feb. 2, 19, March 5. Leisurely travel, small select parties, travelling through the most interesting lands of the Orient.

EUROPE and the PASSION PLAY.

70 Tours to Europe, Tours de Luxe and Vacation Tours, $150 to $1,195. Thos. Cook & Son have been Officially Appointed Agents for the Passion Play Committee. Tours to BERMUDA, FLORIDA, CALIFORNIA, etc. Tickets and Tours for Independent Travellers Everywhere.

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AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE

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To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR, (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).

TWIN SCREW S.S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.

Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

ANCHOR LINE

GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY

Caledonia, Jan. 8, 3 P. M. | Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M.
California, Jan. 22, 3 P. M. | Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A. M.

FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.

Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.

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What's lost to-day may be found to-morrow by advertising the loss promptly in The New York Times. The Times offers the best way for the recovery of lost articles. All Advertising Agents accept Times Lost Advertisements at regular rates, or telephone 1000 Bryant.

Shipping and Mails

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises...7:20 | Sun sets...4:48 | Moon rises...1:42

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:45	3:04	9:09	9:33
Governors Island	3:08	3:50	10:10	10:04
Hell Gate	4:53	5:40	11:45	11:39

Arrived—Tuesday, Jan. 4.

SS Themistocles, Algiers, Dec. 12.
SS Suruga, Algiers, Dec. 4.
SS Excelsior, Hamburg, Dec. 17.
SS Marowijne, Trinidad, Dec. 28.
SS Clement, Para, Dec. 23.
SS Havana, Havana, Jan. 1.
SS Verdi, Barbados, Dec. 29.
SS Zulia, La Guayra, Dec. 27.
SS Tatanzas, New Orleans, Dec. 29.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Umbria, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Hamburg	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cedric, Azores	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Madonna, Naples	———	———
Byron, South Brazil	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tudor Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Denver, Nassau	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bayamo, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	———	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Bretagne, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Roon, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Frutera, Bocas del Toro	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Hamburg, Naples	———	———
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Pr. Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Crispin, Para	5:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Clenfuegos, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

New York, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caronia, Azores	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sibiria, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cherokee, Santo Domingo	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hyanthes, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Napo, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Thames, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	———	8:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Barbarossa, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Pola	Huelva	Dec. 18
Inca	Huelva	Dec. 15
Kroonland	Antwerp	Dec. 25
Patris	Patras	Dec. 23
Florizel	Newfoundland	Dec. 29
Narragansett	London	Dec. 22
Hawaiian	Puerto Mexico	Dec. 29
Hamilton	Norfolk	Jan. 4
Thames	Kingston	Jan. 1
Alice	Palermo	Dec. 29

DUE TO-MORROW.

Adriatic	Southampton	Dec. 29
Zyldik	Rotterdam	Dec. 24
Hudson	Dunkirk	Dec. 19
Comus	New Orleans	Jan. 1
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	———

DUE FRIDAY.

Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	Dec. 25
Hesperus	Hamburg	Dec. 24
Buffalo	Hull	Dec. 23
Mexico	Havana	Jan. 4
San Jacinto	Galveston	Jan. 1
City of Savannah	Savannah	Jan. 4
El Siglo	Galveston	Jan. 1
Mills	New Orleans	Jan. 1

Reported by Wireless.

SS Teutonic, outgoing for Southampton, was reported by Marconi wireless 316 miles west of the Lizard at 6:10 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Adriatic, incoming from Southampton, was reported by Marconi wireless east of Sable Island at 6:20 P. M. yesterday; no distance given.

Foreign Ports.

TAFT CHOOSES MEN FOR CUSTOMS COURT

Judge Coxe and Marion De Vries of New York on List for Places.

DE VRIES WILL BE OPPOSED

Insurgents Object to His Appointment —Confirmation to be Held Up Until Salaries Are Provided For.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The five Justices for the new Customs Court have been selected by the President, and their names will be sent to the Senate within the next few days for confirmation. It is understood that the President is satisfied with his selections and will make no change. The list, however, regardless of the names that make it up, will be held up until the appropriation bill carrying money for their salaries has been passed.

The five men are Judge A. C. Coxe of New York, Marion De Vries of New York, Chairman of the Board of General Appraisers; Judge William H. Hunt of Montana, James Smith of California, and O. N. Barber, a Vermont lawyer.

Aside from the general inclination to hold up the nominations until the money to support the court has been voted, there is on the part of many Senators a strong opposition to the nomination of Marion De Vries. That opposition was manifested many times in the tariff fight last year, and the probability of his appointment to the post for which he is now slated was frequently commented on in these dispatches when the Customs Court was under consideration.

Among the insurgent Senators there was a feeling that after Mr. De Vries had spent many months in Washington aiding Mr. Aldrich and the Finance Committee in drafting its high protection tariff act his appointment to a position, which would give him a large share in the construction of the law for which he was largely responsible as author, would be but another victory for the regulars at the expense of the progressive Republicans.

The insurgents have not yet got together on the matter, as the nominations have not yet reached the Senate. But already they are declaring that these nominations will not be rushed through as were the mass of judicial and diplomatic nominations before the holidays at the President's request. No one predicts that Mr. De Vries's nomination will ultimately be rejected by the Senate, but a lively fight seems to be promised in executive session when his name is taken up for consideration.

Of the five men selected for nomination as Judges of the new Customs Court by President Taft, Marion De Vries is probably the best known to New Yorkers. Mr. De Vries has been connected with the Custom House in this city for the last nine years. He is a native of California, having been born in San Joaquin County on Aug. 15, 1865. After being graduated from the law department of the University of Michigan in 1888, he was admitted to the bar in that State. He returned to California to take up the practice of law, and after being so engaged for four years was elected to Congress. He served as a member of that body until appointed Appraiser by President Roosevelt.

Judge Coxe has served on the bench of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals since 1902. He is a nephew of the late Senator Roscoe Conkling and is a native of this State. He was admitted to the bar in 1868 and served as United States Attorney for the Northern District of New York for twenty years previous to his appointment to the Federal bench. He received the degree of LL. D. from Columbia University in 1904.

Judge William H. Hunt of Helena, Mon., is one of the best-known lawyers in the West. He is a native of New Orleans and is 52 years old. He attended at Yale College, but did not complete his course because of ill-health. He went to Montana, where he became interested in politics, and he served as Collector of Customs for Montana and Idaho from 1881 to 1885. He resigned in the latter year to become Attorney General of the State. He later served as a member of the State Supreme Court, and in 1900 was appointed Secretary of the Territory of Porto Rico by President McKinley. He was made Governor in the following year, and served in that capacity for four years, when he returned to Montana to become United States Judge for that district.

Gen. James Smith is a native of San Francisco, who went to the Philippines during the Spanish war as Colonel of the First California Volunteers, and served there as a Brigadier General in command of several regiments. He remained there after the war and was made Collector of Customs at Manila. Later he became a Justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippines, and then served as a member of the Philippines Commission. He returned to this country after serving as Civil Governor of the Islands for three years.

SHIP SUBSIDY BILL IN.

Compromise Measure Is Understood to Have the President's Backing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The Ship Subsidy bill, which is understood to be the Administration's measure, and which will receive the support of Chairman William S. Greene of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, was introduced to-day by Representative William E. Humphrey of Washington. In important respects it differs from other ship subsidy bills. It is a compromise between the views of disputing factions in favor of legislation along such lines, and is understood to have the President's backing.

Mr. Humphrey provides for an increased allowance under the Ocean Mail act of 1891 to vessels engaged in the ocean mail service outward bound on routes 4,000 miles or more in length going to South America, the Philippines, China, and Australasia. This increase consists of paying the $4 a mile rate provided for vessels of the first class to vessels of the second class, and of paying the $2 a mile rate provided for vessels of the second class to vessels of the third class. The total expenditure, however, is not to exceed the estimated revenue for the year.

It is provided in the Humphrey bill that the Postmaster General shall not enter into any contract for the carrying of foreign mails by any steamship owned or controlled by or receiving special favors from any railroad company. The tonnage duty on transoceanic trade is increased to 12 cents a ton at each entry of vessels from foreign countries exclusive of North and Central America, the West Indies, the Bahama Islands, the Bermuda Islands, Newfoundland, and the coast of South America bordering on the Caribbean Sea. The provisions of the Tariff bill conflicting with this section of the Humphrey bill are repealed.

MAY RETIRE NAVY ATHLETE.

Lieut. Com. Reeves, Former Football Player, Develops Heart Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Lieut. Commander Joseph M. Reeves, ordnance officer of the Atlantic Fleet, was to-day ordered before a retiring board by the Navy Department. During a recent physical test he developed heart trouble after a walk of about forty miles.

Lieut. Commander Reeves was a star football player at the Naval Academy in 1902. During the Spanish-American war he was on the Oregon, and he was advanced on account of extraordinary service on that ship.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

420—John H. Nelson, appellant, vs. The City of Murfreesboro et al.—Dismissed, with costs.

316—The United States, appellant, vs. The American Tobacco Company et al., and 317—The American Tobacco Company et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Argument continued.

Day call for Wednesday: 316, 317, 366, 367, 385, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—Motions. 118—Bonsall v. Peddle. 121—Maldonado v. U. S. 122—Gimbel Bros v. Gloversville Silk Mills. 123—Hendricks Brick Co v. Barge Guinan. 38—In re Schulman. 54—Ransome Concrete Mach Co v. United Co. 183—Crown Co v. Brookly Co. 187—Nat Cash Reg Co v. American Co. 224—In re Kohl-Hepp Brick Co. 227—In re Barge Tommy. 124—MacDonald Eng Co v. Manus.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Jury calendar. 82—Lehtoner v. N Y, N H & H R R. 260—Bierthold v. Burton. 97—McCaffrey v. N Y, N H & H R R. 70—Ferguson v. Cons Rub Co. 86—Same v. same. 92—Sparrow v. Hurlig. 93—Same v. Weber. 94—Same v. Rush. 31—Watkins v. Oceanic S Nav Co. 10—Frost v. Barber. 76—O'Hara v. C R R of N J. 79—Castronuovo v. Joline. 103—Sparrow v. Hill. 201—Ward v. Cornell. 104—Osthelmer v. Valley Duplex Magnet. 106—Doyle v. C, N O & T P R R. 106—Haring v. Woman's Hotel Co. 108—Duryee v. Western Ice Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 22—In re Mills. 24—Derrick v. Kelly. 13—Pfister v. Helms. 23—Durante v. Halmon. 25—Whipple v. Farrelly. 26—Clough v. Gatto-McQuade Co. 27—Walter v. Joline. 29—Racine v. Morris. 30—Griffiths v. Baese. 31—City of N Y v. Alhambra Theatre Co. 32—Mandel v. Gottfried. 33—United Elec Light and Power Co v. Board of Education. 34—McMahon v. Joline. 35—Kelly v. Delaney. 36—Martin v. Cornell.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—Seabury, Lehman, and Bijur, JJ.—For hearings of appeals from City and Municipal Courts.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I., Hendrick, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Rubenstein Club. 2—Morgan v. City of N Y. 3—Cook Co v. Schwarz. 4—O'Rourke Const Co v. Goodwin Car Co. 5—In re Am Agricultural Co. 6—Nora v. Norz. 7—Griffin v. Estate Dev Co. 8, 9—Schury v. Straus. 10—In re Scully. 11—Day v. Empire State Garage. 12—Datter v. Bloch. 18—In re Clark. 14—Nat Park Bk v. Koehler. 15—City of N Y v. Chase. 16—In re Baptist Young People's Union. 17—Rosenson v. Korn. 18—Mercantile Finance Co v. Kingston. 19—Hatch v. Warren. 20—Freit v. Belmont. 21—Reed v. Burr Bros. 22—Fink v. Gallagher. 23—Thomson v. Batchellor. 24—Levy v. Murray. 25—Norton v. Norton. 26—In re Stern. 27—Church of Transfiguration v. St. Stephen's Church. 28—Levy v. Murray. 29—City of N Y v. Belmont Co. 30—In re Schroeder. 31—Haberman Hermann Lumber Co. 32—Bidtel v. Bruck. 33—Locasio v. Thomas Co. 34—O'Byrne v. Hanson. 35—Stamford Foundry Co v. Abendroth. 36—Seely v. Fletcher. 37—Welch Motor Car Co v. Brady & Son. 38—Rooff v. Rooff. 39—Posnick v. Levine. 40—Scheer v. Markowitz. 41—Galtman v. Galtman. 42—In re Haynes & Co. 43—Cameron v. Cleary. 44—Miller v. Albany Ins Co. 45—Same v. Buffalo German Ins Co. 46—Same v. Rochester German Ins Co. 47—Rosenbaum v. Stewart. 48—In re Clarke. 49—Curley v. Burke. 50—Schwartzreich v. Andrews. 51—Bostwick v. Bostwick. 52—Supplementary Spiral Spring Co v. St. Louis Spiral Spring Co. 53—Leach v. Leach. 54—Richmond Co v. Wilensky. 55—Rau v. Rau. 56—Wolf v. Wolf. 57—Racich Asbestos Mfg Co v. Wolf. 58—Nathan v. Dowling. 59—Richards v. Richards. 60—Boskowitz v. Sulzbacher. 61—Collins v. Ahearn. 62—Hochberger v. Lehrer. 63—Snydecker v. Freidel. 64—Riker v. Clinton. 65—Mayer v. Goldstein. 66—Sheppard v. Inlet Hotel, &c, Co. 67—Supplementary Spiral Spring Co v. St. Louis Supprementary Spiral Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—Motions. Demurrers, 2388—Goldsmith v. Tolk. 2396—University Alliance v. Herrmann. 2400—Gardiner v. N Y C & H R R R. General calendar. 3105—Post v. Met Trust Co. 3619—Met Exp Co v. Fargo. 3637—De Benedetto v. C Realty Co. 3229—Clausen v. Herman Realty Co. 3232—Federal Title Co. v. Apartment Const Co. 3715—Larsen v. Green Court Building Co. 3621—Ludwig & Co. v. Claviola Co. 3628—Rossman Co. v. Freedman. 3635—Welcke v. Trageser. 3067—Haff v. Haff. 1583—Reading Hardware Co. v. Morton & Co. 3915—Merz v. Merz. 3647—Fletcher v. Fletcher. 3658—Schmitt v. Simon. 3674—Mabin v. Mabin. 3675—Levine v. Diamond. 3686—Eisler v. Kunkel. Undefended divorces. 4566—Hugele v. Hugele. 4567—Karnal v. Karnal. 4563—Dix v. Dix. 4571—Crofut v. Crofut. 4573—Spiess v. Spiess. 4577—Aatlo v. Aatlo. 4580—Rothberger v. Rothberger. 4581—Richter v. Richter. 4582—Silver v. Silver. 4583—Swartwout v. Swartwout. 4584—Greene v. Greene. 4588—Pasco v. Pasco. 4589—Sparks v. Sparks. 4590—Probat v. Probat. 4591—Gleason v. Gleason. 4593—Levy v. Levy. 4579—Ellsworth v. Ellsworth. 3781—Lieberthal v. Lieberthal. 3008—Davidson v. Davidson. 4550—Dammann v. Dammann. 4594—Witkowski v. Witkowski. 4595—Hatch v. Hatch. 4596—Canario v. Canario. 4597—Schoonmaker v. Schoonmaker. 4598—Marcopoulos v. Marcopoulos.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Criminal Term—Goff, J.—Trial calendar. 1—Lau Tang, Lau Shong. Pleading. 1—Peter Regan.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—4783—Brandley v. U S Fid & Cas Co. 5443—Schwartzkopf v. Reihle. 5998—A M Hershfield Co v. Altieri. 6295—Finger v. Bergoffen. 5620—Ehrenreich v. Moses. 6040—Held v. Hyde. 5756—Brown v. Mieville. 5927—Swasey v. Tilton. 6058—Gronwald v. Grunwald. 5575—Gartner v. Livingston. 5385—Schaus v. Young. 5698—State Bank v. Aschen & Munich Co. 5618—Le Compte Mfg Co v. Aschenbach's Sons Co. 5611—Levi v. Davis.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—6403—Kapink v. Met Leather Parting Co. 2658—McGovern v. Cohen. 2801—Caladangelo v. United Eng and Const Co. 2814—Di Maria v. Crosby. 2817—Carelli v. N Y Con Co. 2839—S Schornstein v. City of N Y. 2840—D Schornstein v. same. 1033½—Reynolds v. Ireland. 656—Armstrong v. Chambers. 724—Senft v. Goetz. 1704—Gross v. S Pearsons & Son. 5180—Silverman v. Binder & Baum. 2038—Lima v. N Y Transp Co. 2502—Pfiffer v. Smith. 2191—Cameron v. Press Pub Co. 2898—Card v. F T Welligan & Co. 2450—Coyle v. Wallace. 2451—Rapley v. same. 2747—Carlsberg v. Heidenreich. 2796—Appleyard v. Lehmeyer. 6198—Liccione v. Collier. 2407—Hefferan v. Pitney. 14284½—Lawson v. Fargo. 2364—Steckler v. Am Ice Co. 4153—Brady v. Penn Steel Co. 853—Martin v. McNaught. 2618—Distler v. Hupfel Brew Co. 2215—Troiano v. Cohen. 962—Pearlstein v. Togobenick. 2072—Cohen v. Roth. 63—Ward v. Terry & Tench Co. 788—Stokes v. Barber's Asphalt Pav Co. 1260—Spuhler v. McNamara. 2291—Danziger v. U S Printing Co. 2578—Gold v. Marcus. 2673—Biddle Sale Co. v. Sutphen. 2721—Bayonne v. N Y Taxicab Co. 2791—Armstrong v. Hoffman. 2799—Steffater v. Bonwit. 2619—Neudorfer v. same. 1272—MacLean v. Vogh. 2324—Bowie v. F Cischman Realty and Const Co. 2621—Church v. Press Pub Co. 2275—Church v. The Tribune Assn. 2483—English v. Kavint. 2527—Bieler v. Walsh. 2471—Grant v. Sibbald. 2048—La Torre v. Wilson. 987—Waller v. Degnon Cont Co. 6215—Scott v. Nauss Bros Co. 4505—Muscarello v. Haines.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—2899—Bernstein v. City of New York. 2952—Jennings v. McAdoo. 2963—Michael v. Freudenthal. 2980—Levinson v. Beattie. 6092—City of New York v. Finley. 6100—Clement v. Anselmi. 3140—Morse v. Stockinson. 2776—Berger v. Fifty-fifth St Co. 6116—Clement v. Enright. 6120—Clement v. Seward. 2341—Clark v. Chanler. 6098—Clement v. Bernhard. 1994—Millard Const Co v. Aetna Ind Co. 2595—Knickerbocker Trust Co v. Faill. 2688—Mail v. Bernstein. 2635—Miller v. Waclark Realty Co. 3723—Carpenter v. Howes. 3374—Brower v. Levirson. 2075—Irvine v. N Y Edison Co. 326½—Herklotz v. Loeb. 1894—Zeltner Brew Co v. Hoffman. 3442—Duryea v. Ernestus Gulick Co. 3219—Kadushin v. Jacobs. 2608—Majud v. Well. 662—Plaut v. Garland. 598—Patten v. Lynch. 3269—Stein v. Davies. 3504—Jas Reilly & Son v. Hamblen. 3673—Salter v. Hammerstein. 3508—De Forest v. Eknayan. 3510—Goldsmith v. Ward. 3512—Levy v. Gaus. 3529—Scarsdale Pub Co v. Collier. 3530—Kelly v. Murphy. 3583—Garretson v. Standard Milk Flour Co. 3535—A. J. Robinson Co v. Arts Realty Co. 3386—Bryon v. Meyer. 3554—Lyons v. Petry. 3560—Bunte v. Bunte. 3563—Gerli v. Hill Silk Mfg Co. 3568—Baldwin Co v. Perry. 3569—Dolan v. Beaken. 3571—Schreiber v. Rosenthal. 3575—Cockey v. Atlantic Gulf & Pacific Co. 3580—Smith v. Lineweaver Co. v. Skeele Coal Co. 3581—Brusie v. Woodruff. 3595—Winter v. Yerfitz.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Estates: Rebecca Ladew, Elisha B. Gregory, James Nisbet. Wills for probate: Lawrence Fitzpatrick, Helena M. C. Carpenter, Emma L. Jacobs, Noel Davis, Mary M. Myers, Elizabeth N. Thompson, Justine Pricke, Kate N. Motley, Emily A. Lawrence.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Donnelly, J.; Part II., Smith, J.; Part III., Lynch, J.; Part IV., Green, J.; Part V., Schmuck, J.; Part VI., McAvoy, J.; Part VII., Finelite, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J.—Court opens at 9:45 A. M. 5399—Fitzgerald v. N Y Livery and Auto Co. 1962—Leven v. Trilling. 5825—Mullz v. Linderman. 4485—Herbert L. Brown Co v. Olsen. 5370—Ireland v. Hanf. 5611—Havman v. Joline. 5884—Friswell v. Green. 5919—Standard Ice Cream Co v. Mattinsky. 6061, 6062—Reilly v. Majestic Sight Seeing Co. 4253—Freedman v. Bierenbaum. 4899¼—Blumberg v. Sterling Bronze Co. 4781—Economy Plumbing Co. v. Harris. 2942—Segal v. Aschelm. 1761—Latliner v. Luckerman. 2524—F A Ringler & Co v. Kraus. 3708—Morse v. Stanley & Paterson. 3545—Wolfsheimer v. Frankel. 2581—Hart v. Met Surety Co. 4703—McDermott v. Hebron. 1338—Codman v. Wharton. 5372—Gerstein v. Joline. 3289—Deganer v. Mulhall. 4628—Brainard v. Empire State Garage. 3959—Fleischer v. Steinfeld. 5112—Corcoran v. Miller. 1875¼—Hess v. Haines. 2371—Gumbiner v. Lewis. 1144—Mankousky v. Brand market. 5479¼—Marcelline v. Taxler. 1878—Steinman v. v. Goldberg. 2798—Kahan v. Epstein. 2806—McDermott v. Well. 3003—Ilisley v. Heinze. 3031—Kuntz v. Price. 3092—Isman v. Rosenstein. 3100—Rowe v. Perlman. Highest number reached on regular call, 5962.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Green, J.—1069—Citron v. Gholson Steele Co. 1676—Drayton v. Lacto Bacilline Co. 1486—Stolzenberg v. Stricker. 1604—Nelson v. Hulma. 1611—Glatzer v. Zimetbaum. 1657—Adams v. Altieri. 1663—Ferber v. Kahn. 1664—Friedman v. Koppel. 1665—Towbin v. U. S. Grand Lodge, &c. 1666—Wiederman v. Michalson. 1670—Jacqueline v. Phipps. 1674—Endel v. Maier. 1680—Barbash v. Poras. 1681—Clark v. T. Cunningham Co. 1620—Snee v. Prindle. 1624—Pollock v. Sussman. 1633—Leavitt v. Hessel. 1673—Kaba v. Harod. 1675—Clark v. Cohen. 1682—Brookman v. Bloom. 1685—De Lucia v. Cellilo. 992—Norton v. Sayles. 1627—McManamy v. Welch. 1628—Same v. same. 1678—Ballard v. United Tungsten Lamp Co. 1688—Foster v. Ronayne. 1567—Mortimer v. Blackwood. 1708—United Mchts Realty, &c, Co. v. Victor. 1714—Hellner v. Pillone. 1716—Bendick v. Dennis. 1718—Mechanics' Nat Bank v. Makfonz. 1719—McKown v. Realty Supervision Co. 1720—Becker v. Erlanger. 1723—Hansman v. Zeldin. 1725—Belflore v. Illinois Surety Co. 1726—Arminio v. same. 1730—Cooper v. Suratt. 1615—Sarben v. Greenfield.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Nagel vs. Taggart—Herman Joseph. Gordon vs. Levenson—Richard H. Clarke. Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank vs. Gill—George F. Roesch. In re Wilms—Richard M. Martin.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Estates Settlement Company vs. Habvarsen Bannon Con. Co.—J. S. Bernstein. Nenelson Goldberg Realty Company vs. Averill—William Allen.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—Farmers' Loan and Trust Company vs. Wagner—Denis A. Spellissy.

CITY COURT—Donnell, J.—Baltimore & Ohio Railroad vs. Marshall—James Kearney.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Louis Simon vs. Isidor L. Daniels—Nathan D. Perlman.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—C. E. Hubbell Co. vs. William N. Ingran—Edward J. Pierce.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Hirschberg, P. J.; Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Carr, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 14—Schueler v. Dooley. 16—Baker v. Citizens' Trust Co. 17—Mitchell v. O'Gorman. 18—Uvalde Co v. Nat Trading Co. 19—Luckow v. B H R R. 20—Stewart v. Gen Accident Co. 21, M A—Violette v. Crawford. 22, M A—Rabinowitz v. Zraick. 23, M A—Mock v. Brandis. 24, M A—Richey v. Pakas. 25, M A—Berg v. Kaiser. 26, M A—Schepperle v. Monahan. 27, M A—Speaight v. Geering. 28, M A—Manning v. Nassau R R. 31—Holm v. Empire Co. 32—Muller v. B H R R. 33—Horan v. Mason. 34—Russell v. Rhinehart.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marean, J. 3288—Helffarth v. Helffarth. 4308—Zahn v. Wilson. 4205—Shatsky v. Robbinowita. 4379—Henigen v. Cohen. 4396—Merwin v. Romanelli. 4411—Rosen v. Kremer. 4412—Adams v. Adams. 4425—Campo v. Campo. 4426—Hughes v. Hughes. 4431—Santianni v. Santianni. 4432—Colberg v. Tomaselli. 4433—Gantzon v. Gantzon. 4435—Swinney v. Lovell. 4436—Douglass v. Carlin Const Co. 4437—Edelman v. Lemberg. 4442—Patrevito v. Patrevito. 4446—Ettlinger v. Blutstein. 4447—Hester v. O'Neill. 2527—Gallagher v. Hirsch. 2312—Willner v. Willner. 3091—Fetchler v. Petchler.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Sutherland, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Kapper, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J.; Part VII., Garretson, J.—6089—Dunlea v. B H R R. 6023—Olsen v. Newark Meadows Co. 7378—Batzar v. Mulligan. 6934—Blanke v. Consolidated Tel Co. 7032—Federated Realty Co v. Cummings. 6903—Empire State Surety Co v. Lockwood. 6297—Peterson v. Ballantine & Sons. 7220—Van Dorn v. Rath. 7392—Schneider v. Warmers, Jr. 7568—Van Norden v. Nassau R R. 7335—Kirton v. Bridge Operating Co. 7452—O'Donnell v. Hoye. 6978, 6979—Moriarty v. B H R R. 7479—Kane v. Havemeyer. 6083—Calausso v. B H R R. 6934—Mosson Co. v. 4848—Lafayette Trust Co v. Lacher et al. 1818—Middleton v. Gold. 6395—Doyle v. Maillie. 1499—Kirwan v. Eldlitz. 2789—Lipschitz v. Koeppel. 5292—Quimby v. Griffin-White Shoe Co. 7215—Jewell v. Shapiro. 7244—Teunz v. Tymecki et al. 6999—Carlin Const Co v. Hauser. 5315—Same v. Same. 1402—Same v. N Y & Brooklyn Brewery. 7437—Sarecky v. Board of Education. 7481—Linstedt, Jr, v. Coombs. 4308—Jacobsohn v. Schaffer-Flaum Co. 4811—Ryan v. Johnson. 1542—Desmond v. Foundation Co. 1916—Napoli v. Nassau R R. 6190—Deebach v. Gair Co. 6549—Brady v. N Y & H R R R. 6174—Sinnott v. Expanding Thread Co. 2114—Lowman v. Penn Steel Co. 7102—Jacobson v. Jenks Co. 5032—Entwisle v. Kosower.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 7354—Forshay v. Capellino. 6175—Krapp v. Lee & Sub R R. 2185—Kaceuw v. Dunkleman. 3228—Schor v. B H R R. 1897, 1952—Hochman v. Fluegel. 7620—Hirschberg v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 5830—Losky v. Schram et al. 2156—Perine v. Clark. 1243—Spear v. Aetna Indemnity Co. 2201—Stewart v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2203—Schwartz v. Nathan. 2205—Impellizzeri v. Cranford. 2206—Devlin v. N Y & Q Co R R. 4414—Webb v. Hedge Co. 7556—Laurent v. Kopp. 273—Kalkstein v. Bowes et al. 821—Kanheil v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1418—Scudder v. B H R R. 1371, 1372—Fox v. Brennan. 2209—McLaughlin v. City of N Y. 2211—Fingerhut v. B H R R. 2213—Carison v. City of N Y et al. 2214—McInerney v. Dry Dock & Bat R R. 2215—Kneeland v. Union Milk Co. 2216—Lease v. Nassau R R. 2218—Glasberg v. Bklyn, Q Co & Sub R R. 2219—Bierach v. same. 2220—Lynch v. Nassau R R. 222—Ellman v. same. 2223—Flaherty v. B H R R. 2224—Erickson v. same. 2225—Galasso v. City of N Y. 2226—Goldstein v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2227—Leary v. same. 2228—Libby v. B H R R. 2230—Zwinge v. Dunn. 2233—Renkauf v. Nassau R R. 2234—Powers v. Lawring & Garrigues Co. 2235—Laimbeer v. Carlin. 2236—Dunphy v. B H R R. 2237—Britt v. same. Highest number reached on regular call, 2238.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Dike, J.—281—Holmes v. B H R R. 294—Samuelson v. same. 295—Howard v. same. 296—Namm v. Nassau Elec R R. 300—Lutz v. B H R R. 301—Panopulos v. same. 303—Carr v. same. 304—Friess v. same. 305—Duggan v. same. 306—Sauer v. same.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 307—Mannary v. C I & B R R. 310—Damiano v. Nassau Elec R R. 311—Law v. B H R R. 299—McKenzie v. same. 312—Conklin v. B H R R. 313—Foster v. Fogg. 261—Goldstein v. Werbelowsky. 187—Carter v. Randall. 314—Junyschleiger v. B H R R. 315—Spiller v. same.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J. 23—Gulon v. McLoughlin. 24—Chelton Park Realty Co v. McAlpin. 25—Fitzpatrick v. Fitzpatrick. 27—Warren v. Bailey. 28—Wakefield Park Realty Co v. Cramer. 29—Smith v. Mt Vernon Heights Realty Co. 30—Heidrich v. Tolosi and another. 31—Dinkel v. R C Church of St Teresa of N Tarrytown. 32—Runyon et al v. Josiah Giffee Mem Methodist Epis Church. 33—Troy Public Works Co v. City of Yonkers.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J. Part II., Keogh, J. 219—De Witt v. American-La France Fire Engine Co. 124—O'Connor v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 87—Carvano v. Brook. 200—Underhill v. National Exhibition Co. 254—Signorelli v. Bonnard Bronze Co. 235—Bailey v. Whitney-Steen Co. 239—Peterson v. N Y C & H R R R Co. ...—Duryea v. Zimmermann. 2—Jenne v. Otis Elevator Co. 128—Kennedy v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 152—Grogan v. Scott. 153—Mathews v. Scott. 160—Tompkins v. MacDonald. 162—Raffel v. Village of Tamaroneck. 91—Borsick v. N Y C & H R R R Co. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 227—Towle v. Everard. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 7—Pritz v. Walls. 29—Kavanagh v. N Y C & H R R Co. 44—Romer v. Duffy. 65—Lumsden v. Furniss. 168—Allen Junior v. Billington. 186—Taylor v. African M E Church of N Y. 187—Cleveland v. B H R R Co. 194—Mandy v. Schleicher Co. 199—Segschneider v. Waring Hat Mfg Co. 205—Buckley v. N Y Contracting Co, &c. 209—Alexander v. Armstrong. 211—Smith v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 212—Vosburg v. same. 213—White v. same. 215—Broderick v. Sutherland. 220—Demscak v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 221—Molloy v. Village of Briarcliff Manor. 223—Purnell v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 225—Platt et al v. N Y, N H & H R R. 226—People ex rel McCluskey v. Brown et al as Commissioners, &c. Highest number reached, 240.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, C. J.—People v. Harrison Wassing. 1711—Wilkins v. Village of White Plains. 1684—Williams v. Westchester Lighting Co. 1684—Decker v. Borden's Condensed Mil kCompany. 1690—Hagel v. Savin. 1704—Nethercott v. Stack. 1707—Kleist v. Nora. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 1713—Duffy v. Mack Paving and Cons Co. 1714—Studwell v. Beetson. 1716—Prince v. Tompkins. 1717—Tompkins v. Barnes. 1718—Taylor v. Fletcher. 1719—Ensinger et al v. City of New Rochelle. 1720—Hubbell Hardwood Door Co v. Eganberger. 1721—Graham v. Brooks. 1722—Colbert v. Sutton. 1780—Todd v. Klein. 1723—Vicari v. Tierney. 1724—Hunter v. Anderson. 1725—Newell v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 1726—Case v. Receiver of West Elec R R Co. 1727—Horstmann v. Dowle. 1728—Seebold v. Brusie. 1729—Hudson Metal Bed Co v. Subitzky.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Police Building, Long Island City.—Humphrey, J.—2528—People v. John T. Nygard. 2458—Same v. Frank Q. Tomlinson. 2445—Same v. Michael Lamote. 2546—Same v. Francis Lewcarsi. 2548—Same v. Joseph Stalf. 2556—Same v. Gustav Heiarich. 2560—Same v. Benjamin Hirsh. 2562—Same v. Giuseppe Carlo.

SUPREME COURT—Scudder, J.—620—Jones v. Weigand. 567—Rogers v. L I R R Co. 13—Burgess et al v. same. 138—Hyman v. South Coast Hotel Co. 502—Danton, an infant, v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 694—Price v. L I R R Co. 457—Wood v. B H R R Co. 796—Gross v. Baldwin. 866—McGlynn v. Penn Steel Co. 870—Jyre v. same. Balance of calendar passed until Thursday, Jan. 6. Highest number reached on calendar is 748.

Richmond County.

SUPREME COURT—Clark, J.—Preferred calendar: 6—Masucco v. Lynch. 4—Krieger v. Richmond Light & R R Co. General calendar: 3—Krieger v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 16—Heaphy v. Kearns. 11—Behren v. Fasciala. 23—Meyerowich v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 25—Acker v. Zeller. 26—Blanchet v. Suren.

FREED IN CONTEMPT CASE.

Three Chattanooga Men Complete Terms—Shipp Is Still in Jail.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Having served the terms imposed by the Supreme Court of the United States, Jeremiah Gibson, Henry Padgett, and William Mayse of Chattanooga, Tenn., were released from the United States jail here this morning. For contempt of court in failing to prevent the lynching at Chattanooga of Ed Johnson, a negro, under sentence of death, whose execution had been stayed by the United States Supreme Court, that court on Nov. 15 sentenced the men to sixty days in prison. This time was shortened by ten days for good behavior.

When the three prisoners were informed this morning that they were at liberty they bade farewell to ex-Sheriff John F. Shipp. Luther Williams, and Nick Nolan, the other three Chattanoogans, who were sentenced to ninety days for the same offense. Later in the day they departed for their homes in Tennessee. Ex-Sheriff Shipp and the other prisoners will be released on Jan. 28.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Carnegie Steel Co. Fails to Identify American Scrap and Pays Duty.

Failure on the part of the Carnegie Steel Company to properly identify scrap steel said to be of American origin, exported, presumably to Canada and then returned, has resulted in the Board of United States General Appraisers affirming the action of the customs officials at Cleveland in assessing the merchandise at the rate of $4 per ton.

The tariff law provides that American goods exported and later returned without having been advanced in value or condition, shall be accorded free entry. According to the Carnegie Company, the scrap in question falls within the provision for exemption of duty. In overruling the claim for free entry, General Appraiser Fischer points out that Paragraph 488 provides free entry of American goods upon "proof of the identity of such articles under general regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury." The decision says in part:

"Article 572 of the regulations of the Treasury Department provides for the proof of evidence of exportation. Article 573 provides in such cases where certificate of exportation may be waived, that a waiver of evidence of outward shipment does not waive evidence for drawback on merchandise subject thereto. The record in the case does not show to our satisfaction that the general Treasury regulations as to proof of identity have been substantially complied with. The protest is overruled and the decision of the Collector affirmed."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

HUGO MEYER.—Schedules in the assignment of Hugo Meyer, millinery, 3,038 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $7,456, nominal assets of $5,000, and actual assets of $900.

MORRIS TANNENBAUM.—Morris Tannenbaum, salesman, 57 West 140th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $834, contracted in this city and Minneapolis, and no assets.

LEW & LEVINE.—Judge Hand has appointed Charles Burlingham receiver in bankruptcy for Lew & Levine, manufacturers of waists and dresses, 117 Spring Street. The assets are estimated at $4,000 in stock and fixtures.

T. J. KEVENEY & CO.—A meeting of creditors of T. J. Keveney & Co., importers of linoleum, rugs, &c., of 907 Broadway, was held yesterday at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, at 50 Church Street. Many claims were filed, and J. Waring Parke was elected trustee, with a bond of $15,000. The liabilities are $201,165.

NEW YORK SHOP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Mary Peters, dealer in millinery at 1040 Broadway, under the style of the New York Shop, by Henry Friedman, a creditor for $750, on an assigned claim of Dreyer & Turkel. It was alleged that she is insolvent, made preferential payments, removed some of her stock, and consented to an adjudication in bankruptcy.

ROSENTHAL & WOLFF.—Ralph Rosenthal and Siegfried Wolff, who compose the firm of Rosenthal & Wolff, manufacturers' agents for clothing at 725 Broadway, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,822, and assets of $45 in a mimeographing machine. Among the creditors are J. Samuels & Brother, $300; S. Stelner & Co., $328, and Herman Weil & Co., Buffalo, $560. Mr. Rosenthal has individual debts of $2,490, and Mr. Wolff has individual debts of $6,754, of which $4,000 is to Louis Grutsch of Bath Beach on a lease.

MARKS & GROCH.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Marks & Groch, manufacturers of suits at 15 and 17 West Fifteenth Street, show liabilities of $11,835, and assets of $6,885, consisting of stock, $3,131; machines, $1,700; accounts, $1,400; claim in litigation, $804, and cash in bank, $50. Mr. Marks has individual debts of $116, and assets of $18 cash in bank. Mr. Groch has individual debts of $664, and nominal assets of $9,654, consisting of real estate, $9,

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.
TWO LADIES' DIAMOND RINGS SATURDAY NIGHT, KNICKERBOCKER HOTEL OR VICINITY; LIBERAL CASH REWARD AND OTHER COMPENSATION FOR RETURN TO SAM. H. HARRIS, In care of COHAN AND HARRIS, NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE BUILDING.

LOST—Tuesday morning, Jan. 4, Oriental silver necklace in shape of collar of tiny silver flowers, from which hung pendant of small silver balls; clasp closed on silver pin running through sockets; lost between Waldorf and 43d St., or in Altman's, McCreery's, Maynard's, or Colonial Tea Room. Reward for return at office of Waldorf.

LOST—Perhaps on 6th Av., elevated, Monday, about 6 P. M., black sample case containing a number of photographs by Underwood & Underwood, also a delivery book. Return to Underwood & Underwood, 5 West 19th St. and receive reward.

LOST—Old cameo pin, Dec. 23, on Subway train or lower Broadway surface car or on Spring St., between Broadway and Butterick Building; reward. M. W. Watkins, 636 West 138th St., or telephone 4372 Stuyvesant.

LOST—Gold link bracelet on evening Jan. 3, between Bank St., New York, and Glanda Place, Brooklyn, on 8th Av., 14th St., Subway, or Brooklyn elevated road; a keepsake; reward. 55 Bank St., New York.

LOST—Exchanged a dress suit by mistake, in Cohen's, the tailor, 70 Morningside Av., corner 117th St., on Friday eveging about 6 o'clock; kindly return exchanged suit as soon as possible to above address.

LOST—Between 203 Park Place and Hancock St. and Nostrand Av., a diamond crescent. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to the owner, H. E. McCoy, 203 Park Place.

LOST.—From a taxicab, between 30th and 59th Sts., one sable muff, lined sable, on Jan. 1, between 7:30 and 11 P. M. Liberal reward for its return to Room 1,310, 2 Rector St., N. Y.

LOST—A diamond pendant, Brighton Beach "L," Prospect Park station, 12:15 noon Sunday, to New York. Suitable reward on return to C. B. Ritley, 173 Hawthorne St., Flatbush.

LOST—Between Hotel Langham and Grand Central Station, on Dec. 23, between 6:30 P. M. and 7 P. M., one six-skin mink muff; liberal reward; no questions. Hotel Langham.

LOST—On Jan. 4, between 84th and 91st Sts., Amsterdam and Columbus Avs., gold bead necklace, "K. to F." on clasp. Reward if returned to R. Moses, 103 West 88th St.

LOST.—At Martin's, New Year's Eve, bracelet, tiger head, ruby eyes, diamond in mouth, and five small stones set in bracelet. J. Nussbaum, 579 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Sunday evening, Jan. 2, between Carnegie Hall and 140th St., green enamel brooch, 9 pearls and small diamond. K. Levene, 230 West 139th St.

LOST—On 8th Av. and 125th St. or thereabouts uptown, Saturday night, watch and fob; letters on fob W. R. M. Reward. W. R. Marsden, 50 Church St.

LOST—A baby lamb muff, on the street, between 50th and 59th Sts. on Madison Av.; suitable reward to finder. Mrs. E. Kaufman, 1,245 Madison Av.

LOST—A gold lorgnon on Sunday evening, between 32d and 57th Sts.; a liberal reward if returned to office of the Hotel Warrington, 161 Madison Av.

LOST.—Bankbook No. 2,999, on Brevoort Savings Bank, corner Macon St. and Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; payment stopped. Please return to bank.

LOST.—Diamond bow knot pendant, tooth-shaped pearl, platinum chain; lost Jan. 1. Reward. C. Rosin, 67 Hillside Place, Newark, N. J.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, on Broadway, between 99th and 102d Sts., after midnight, Dec. 29; liberal reward. Mrs. Lehman, 230 West 99th St.

LOST—Bank book No. 14,557, Yorkville Bank, special deposit department, issued to Ellen Anderson; payment stopped; return to bank.

LOST—Sunday, ring with two diamonds and one ruby, on 129th St.; reward given. Address A. J., 149 Times, Downtown.

LOST—Pearl earring, Dec. 29, at 23d St. station or ferry, Jersey Central R. R. Liberal reward if returned 17 West 56th St.

LOST—On New Year's Eve, at Shanley's or in taxicab, gold bracelet; reward. Return to Mrs. Borden, 267 West 79th.

LOST—Sunday evening, Jan. 2, at or near 110th St., 8th Av. "L" station, mink scarf. Hillquit, 246 West 139th St.

LOST—Sable fur muff on 34th St. car at Park Av., Dec. 29, 1909; $25 reward if returned to owner, 24-26 East 46th St.

LOST—Liberal reward for return chiffon-lined fox neckpiece, lost early Saturday morning. Stiner, 430 Columbus Av.

LOST—Sable neck piece at Metropolitan Opera House Monday night. Return to 844 6th Av. and receive reward.

LOST—Black bag, gold cross; 110th St., Morningside Av.; reward. Return store, 2,847 Broadway.

LOST—Mink scarf, Reisenweber's, Columbus Circle; liberal reward. B. C. Hendrickson, 505 West 142d St.

LOST—Amber beads, in Morningside or upper Central Park; reward. S. B., 1,578 Lexington Av.

LOST—Gold chain bracelet; unique, woven with small diamond; reward. J 145 Times Downtown.

LOST—Between 88th and 91st, black lamb's wool muff; reward. Return 1,219 Madison Av.

LOST—Waltham watch, open face, dial bearing name of undersigned; also gold seal fob, set with diamond; seal has monogram "W. M. H."; $25 reward and no questions asked. W. M. Haradon, 1661 Broadway, telephone 3577 Columbus.

LOST.—Lady's cameo ring, with diamond, 23d St., between 9th Av. and Subway, late New Year's Eve. Liberal reward. E. I. Morley, Room 2,001, Empire Building. 'Phone 2145—Rector.

LOST.—Monday, Jan. 3, between Grand Central Station and B. Altman's store, lady's gold watch with monogram H. L. G. Reward if returned to C. C. Gardiner, 100 William St., city.

$50 REWARD will be paid for return of brooch containing pear shaped Mexican fire opal and 36 diamonds, lost Dec. 4, to Black Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

$10 REWARD for return of one Solar automobile headlight lamp lost Dec. 29. Jos. Jonassen, 19 West 21st St.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Jan. 3.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Bags, umbrella, sample books, calendar, underwear, shirt, muff, mallet, pipe cutter, cement. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Seven umbrellas, 3 bags, purse, money, cigars, photo, calendars, cards, letters, mail matter, glove, keys, magazines, samples, shirt, tobacco, saw. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Five umbrellas, case, book, calendars, pair gloves, odd glove, shopping bag, shirt bosom, coat and apron, pillow case, comb. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Five umbrellas, 3 bags, purse, money, shirt, suspenders, package mail, gas fixtures. SUBWAY—Seven umbrellas, glasses, breastpin, candy, pair gloves, magazines, roll paper, books, envelope sealed, muff, gingham, flowers, underwear, souvenir, photos, odd rubber, belt, spirit level.

FOUND, Jan. 4.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package.

FOUND, Jan. 4.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Satchel, 9 umbrellas, book, pocketbook, comb, 2 pair rubbers, cane, overcoat, package containing ledger, key, pair gloves, dress suitcase, muff, package, Bible, package underwear, lady's handbag, belt.

FOUND, Jan. 4.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: 4 umbrellas, 2 packages, suitcase, muff.

FOUND, Jan. 4.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Cap, cigar case, book, hairbrush, overcoat, cuffs, 2 suits pajamas, cape, scissors, handbag, eyeglasses, key, hairpin, razor, umbrella, soap dish, 2 nightshirts, toothbrush, cardcase, umbrella, 2 books, bundle, photograph, pair gloves, muff. JERSEY CITY STATION: 2 muffs.

FOUND, Jan. 3.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE—Rubbers, purse, key, washrag, bag, card, cap, rubbers, nightshirt, pocketbook, scarfpin, cap, gold watch and chain, gloves, scarf, rubbers, rubbers, purse, gloves, 7 pieces wire, suit pajamas, ring.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Little French poodle named Lillie; finder will be rewarded handsomely. Please return Dorchester Apartments, 131 Riverside Drive, corner 85th St.

LOST—Brindle bull, fore paws and breast white, white stripe on head; liberal reward. Return to Hoff, 640 West 143d St.; 3313—Audubon.

LOST—A Dalmatian coach dog; suitable reward; Jersey license, Tenafly, No. 17. Reinold, 20 East 39th St.

LOST—White English bull terrier, name Buster. Reward. Mrs. S., 405 West 115th.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOCOLATE and bonbon dippers wanted; experienced. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

GIRLS wanted, 14 years old, to learn jewelry polishing. Apply Wm. Scheer, 542 5th Av., New York City.

NECKWEAR—Experienced operators on men's neckwear, guarantee steady position; light, airy workrooms; only Christian girls apply. 130 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.

OPERATORS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require learners; must understand power machines. Apply at office of General Manager.

R. H. MACY & CO.
Require experienced saleswomen for their Embroidery Department. Apply at office of General Manager.

SEAMSTRESS wanted for stocking darning machine for institution. Apply 150th St. and Broadway.

SILK LAMP SHADES.
R. H. Macy & Co. require a thoroughly experienced sample hand on silk lamp shades. Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED.—Stenographer, with good education and at least one year's experience; must be accurate, neat, and hard working; salary, $12 or $14, according to references and capacity; position permanent, chance to rise. Apply 10 to 12. P. R. Reynolds, 70 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is to be open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOIR BOYS.—St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Classon and Willoughby Avs., Brooklyn; good salaries. Apply to N. Lindsay Worden, organist and choirmaster.

GENTLEMEN having acquaintance can easily make money recommending Electrical Institute for gentlemen; Parisian novelty; references. T 88 Times, Times Square.

IF YOU ARE A LIVE SALESMAN, well acquainted with large buyers of popular priced shirts for retail trade in New York, Pennsylvania, and also the New England States, we can offer you a first-class proposition. R 118 Times Downtown.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—For automobile rim; on commission basis only; big money to the right man; business established; large territory; only men with good records and familiar with the business need apply. Address Sales Manager, Box 345 Times, Wall St.

SALESMEN wanted for house-to-house canvass on a $5 vacuum cleaner that does the work of a more expensive machine; salary and commission. Apply mornings P. & W. Vaoum Cleaner Co., 523 West 45th St.

SALESMAN wanted for cloaks and suits. Shapiro & Forman, 63 East 11th St.

SWITCHMEN WANTED—EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK, WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world.

WANTED—Thoroughly competent teacher of Isaac Pitman shorthand for evening work; good salary for an experienced man. Address full particulars to Isaac Pitman & Sons, 31 Union Square.

WANTED in wholesale jewelry house, boy, 16-18 years, residing with parents; well educated and good penman. Address in own handwriting, with reference, P. O. Box 881, New York City.

WANTED—First-class automobile body builders, who can draft and construct bodies. Apply C. P. Ketterer Co., 211-215 West 19th St.

General.

TRAVELING SALESMEN WANTED.—Hundreds of good positions now open; no former experience needed to get one of them; salesmen earn from $1,000 to $10,000 a year and expenses; over 700,000 employed in the United States, and the demand always exceeds the supply; hundreds of our graduates who formerly earned from $25 to $75 a month have since earned from $100 to $500 a month and expenses; many of them have earned as high as $100 a day; if you want to secure one of these positions our free book, "A Knight of Grip," will show you how. Write (or call) for it today. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 310 D Flat Iron Bldg., New York. Branches: Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

CUSTOM CLERKS WANTED.—Custom frauds mean many appointments; examinations in New York coming; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. CU. 58, Rochester, N. Y.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS.—Commencement salary, $800; Spring examinations everywhere; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 265 J, Rochester, N. Y.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS who are acquainted with property owners to sell our leader and roof protector; big money maker. F. W. Sander & Co., 123 East 116th St.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 Fifth Av., 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

DOMESTIC HELP.—Competent; investigated references; satisfaction assured; bonded. Kemper, 615 Columbus Av. 9348 Riverside.

HOUSEWORKER.—By competent young woman; good fancy cook; no washing; excellent references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 67 Nassau St. Cort. 4221.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel. 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 68 West 134th. Bond, $1,000; guarantees A1 help. 'Phone 1119—Harlem.

TRAINED and PRACTICAL NURSES, well recommended. Powell Bureau, 1,235 Lexington Av. Telephone 1210 Lenox.

If You Want Work

There is no better medium in which to advertise your Want than The New York Times.

In advertising for a Situation it is important your advertisement be read by the right class of people.

It is generally recognized that The Times with its daily circulation exceeding 175,000 copies, has the largest high class circulation of any New York newspaper.

If the rate of advertising Situations Wanted in The Times is slightly higher than in some other New York newspapers, it is only because it is worth more.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print"

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—UNIVERSAL EXCHANGE, 110 West 34th, wants bookkeepers, any reliable office help, male and female.

MANDOLIN TEACHER.—Lady's residence or visiting; good salary. Pillsbury Employment Bureau, 507 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7085—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

THE WALDORF BUREAU,
12 West 33d St.,
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria Hotel,
Requires immediately for waiting situations cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, Swedish, German, and every other nationality; also housekeepers, houseworkers, nurses, lady's maids, parlormaids, kitchenmaids, couples, butlers, &c.; no fee till engaged.

CHEFS, butlers, second men, servants in all capacities, with investigated references. Astor Court Employment Bureau, 24 West 33d St.

COOKS, housekeepers, governesses, ladies' maids, servants in all capacities, with investigated references. Astor Court Employment Bureau, 24 West 33d St.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d St. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent working housekeeper; willing to go anywhere; wages $50. Mrs. Brinkley's Employment Office, 4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484—Murray Hill.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants; all nationalities; references investigated; 'phone 4096—Plaza.

MISS WILD'S
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1,011-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2503 Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

YORKVILLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,235 Lexington Av.—Wanted, trained chambermaids, cooks, houseworkers. 1210—Lenox.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A CLEVER WOMAN of education and brains, exceptional executive and selling ability, is open for position. "A. C.," 202 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID. — Experienced; good reference. 211 East 57th St. O'Brien's bell.

COMPANION, &c.—Capable young gentlewoman wishes to act as companion or secretary in exchange for room and board. Box T 24 Times, Times Square.

HAIRDRESSER, experienced, wants more customers; goes to ladies' residences. Miss Manny, 10 East 114th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Canadian woman, 30 years of age, as housekeeper from Jan. 10, preferably in the country; has daughter 4 years old, so would like position near school; can wash, iron, bake, and churn. Box T 67 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Widow with child wishes position as housekeeper; excellent references. Answer by letter only. Padden, 158 East 176th St.

NURSE.—A trained nurse desires permanent position with invalid adult, or child; would travel; reasonable terms; best references. T 86 Times, Times Square.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Refined young woman; experienced; can typewrite; references. J. J., 263 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; excellent education; transcribes rapidly, accurately, intelligently; understands office work thoroughly; unquestionable references; $15. J 141 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, accurate, reliable; thoroughly experienced; operate any standard machine; understands office work; best references furnished. Capable, 139 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; Remington, Underwood, aged 22, wants opportunity for general usefulness; handle small switchboard. Address C. F., 400 Columbus Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable; hours immaterial; $7-$8. Miss Maybelle, 140 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business college graduate; will work hard to get a good start. Miss Evans, 605 Madison Av.; 'phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' business experience; understands switchboard and all office details. J 118 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER desires permanent position; 2 years' experience. Miss Besner, 68 Avenue C.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, up to date; does well anything she attempts. Competent, 189 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, FILING CLERK, stencil cutter, office assistant, experienced, desires position. Weiss, 34 West 116th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT—Bookkeeper, experienced all lines, desires temporary or part day; $5 per month upward; books written up, opened, closed, balanced, adjusted; corporation tax reports prepared; references. Accountant, room 1,204, 320 Broadway. Telephone, 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books writen up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 880 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert bookkeeper, writes up, balances books; regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT estimates for monthly audits, trial balances, year 1910. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

BALTIMORE YOUNG MAN, aged 30, with wide acquaintance, wishes position as representative of some responsible house in Baltimore and vicinity, other on salary or commission. Address E. Roberts, Hotel Belvedere, Baltimore, Md.

BOOKKEEPER and BANK CLERK.—31; German; $12; A1 credentials. T. 78 Times, Times Square.

BOY, 16, desires position where advancement is assured to an earnest worker; good penman; best of references. I. Silverstein, 1 Willett St.

BOY with knowledge of drawing wishes position in architect's office. Bender, 329 East 83d St.

BRIGHT American young man, in office; chance for advancement. Box 75 Times, Times Square.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT, &c.—Experienced confidential clerk, stenographer, and general all around assistant (office and outside) desires progressive position in any capacity. W. H. H., 1,364 Broadway.

COACHMAN, &c.—By coachman or second man on private place; can run car. R 116 Times, Times Square.

JANITOR.—Wanted by a colored man and wife position as a janitor in first-class office building or apartment house, or porter; best personal references; age, 30. Write 431 West 18th St., or 'phone Cortlandt 3895. Carter.

PAINTER, &c.—By painter, paperhanger, kalsominer; (German Christian;) city or country; day or contract; first-class references. Hatties, 400 East 82d St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced brush salesman wants hair and cloth line for retail trade South; commission basis; established trade. George Lipsher, Board of Trade Building, New Orleans, La.

SUPERINTENDENT OF CONSTRUCTION.—Young man, energetic and reliable, with practical experience in building construction, (interior,) desires position as Outside Superintendent or assistant at moderate wages. T 82 Times, Times Square.

VALET.—Care gentlemen's chambers; good cook and caterer; very experienced; highest references. L. B., 871 Park Av.

YOUNG MAN, 22, experienced office man, knowledge of bookkeeping, willing, and energetic, desires position with future. J 148 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as stock clerk; willing to work hard; best of reference furnished. T Box 87 Times, Times Square.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidential. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1—WEST END AV., 378, Corner of 78th St.—First-class table board.

5TH AV., 46, (11th St.)—Desirable large rooms; front parlor; excellent table; Southerners accommodated; telephone.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well heated; excellent board; telephone.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms with board; references exchanged.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; electric light, steam heat.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Second-floor room, southern exposure; table guests.

86TH, 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food cooked in best manner.

83D ST., 80 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive double and single rooms; exclusive and refined; references.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Large, small room; newly furnished and decorated; table a specialty; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; good table; desirable neighborhood; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large room, with board; home cooking; convenient "L." Telephone 7442—Riverside.

128D ST., 168 WEST.—Desirable sunny rooms; well furnished; first-class board; references; moderate.

127TH ST., 213 WEST.—Handsome rooms, private house; excellent home table.

149TH ST., 540-546 WEST, Near Broadway, "The Audubon," Main Exchange 542.—First-class rooms and board, very reasonable; first-class parties; every comfort; a real home; booklet on request. Telephone 1144—Audubon.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every home comfort; excellent table; gentlemen only; one block Subway express; private house.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square N. W.)—Suite two large rooms, also single; private baths; steam heat; excellent table; telephone.

WEST END AV., 879, corner 103d.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautiful furnished rooms; private baths; telephones; superior table.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

1.—MADISON AV., 17, The Thompson.—Single, double rooms; private baths; table guests.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable rooms, with board; exceptionally good table; table board; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

YOUNG MAN desires comfortable room and substantial board in Catholic family; near Grand Central Station. T 80 Times, Times Sq.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, well heated rooms; running water; telephone.

85TH ST., 150 WEST.—Sitting and bedroom suite; very comfortable; steam heat, bath; reasonable. Hales.

98TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large room, one or two men; next bath; breakfast optional; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

50TH ST., 156 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; private bath; suitable for two; $1 and $2 per day; private. Telephone 488—Columbus.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; connecting bath; gentleman; references.

55TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms.

60TH ST., 201 EAST.—Large, sunny room, suitable for one or two men, with bath adjoining; first floor.

60TH ST., 33 WEST.—Elegantly kept parlor bedroom, bath, $25-$60 monthly; restaurant; Subway, elevated.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

64TH ST., 125 WEST.—Large and small sunny rooms; well heated; running water; rent moderate.

68TH ST., 147 WEST.—Front parlor; steam, hot water; near Subway, "L" stations; $5. Hall, Apartment 3.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; private baths; excellent service; breakfast; telephone; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Hall room; hot and cold running water; closet; board optional; references.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Sunny room; private bath; also smaller room; steam heat, electric light.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Elegant, large, sunny rooms, bath; all conveniences; hot water; $8 upward.

74TH ST., 122 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with private bath; near "L" and Subway stations.

76TH ST., 128 WEST.—Handsomely furnished warm rooms, refined house and neighborhood; breakfast, telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Second floor room, south; bath adjoining; also physician's office; extension; gentlemen.

West End.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Suite of two large rooms, bath; medium room; all conveniences; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST, (bachelors.)—Superior accommodations, handsome rooms; high-class house; quiet, refined; references.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Medium-sized, comfortable room; running hot, cold water; table board; references.

80TH ST., 13 WEST.—Private house; furniture and decorations entirely new; one large front room; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; private house; L and Subway.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms with board; everything new; office and reception room for physician; board optional; references.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated square rooms; private bath; second floor; telephone, 7556—Schuyler; private family.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable, sunny, well heated; running water, (plenty hot;) telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

85TH ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable rooms: gentlemen; references. Bachman.

85TH ST., 70 WEST.—Beautiful parlor alcove; separate entrance; piano; gentleman; price moderate; telephone. Johnstone.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, comfortable, light room; running water; quiet, refined surroundings; private family.

89TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large, light rooms to rent; call evenings. Ludtke.

90TH ST., 59 WEST.—Elegant large room; running water; suitable for two; three gentlemen; reasonable; references.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Lovely, warm, newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; select; convenient locality; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, $6; room suitable two, $4.50; telephone; "L."

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelors' attractive rooms; high-class apartment; breakfast; Telephone 4093—Riverside. Peters.

97TH ST., 168 WEST.—First-floor, large front room; elegantly furnished; private bath; hot and cold running water; large closets; private telephone; rent, $35 monthly; no other roomers; references required. For full particulars phone 2774 River.

103D, 12 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private entrance; apartment. Stern.

121ST ST., 203 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; convenient to "L," Subway.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; elevator, electric light, steam heat. Inquire Kenyon.

132D ST., 236 WEST.—Sunny southern room, with refined, homelike people.

144TH ST., 562 WEST.—Front room; suitable two; elevator, electricity; gentlemen; $6, $7; Apartment 61.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless, residential neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; homelike. J 130 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, 2,460. — Comfortable, light, steam heated room; bath, elevator; $3.50 week.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 475—Attractive room; independent entrance; high class apartment; 6831 Riverside. Williams.

COLUMBUS AV., 304, (74th St.)—Newly furnished parlor and bedroom; all conveniences; private; gentleman.

DOCTOR, dentist; elegant large back parlor; running water; all service; extension; moderate. 59 West 90th.

HANDSOMELY furnished suite, man and wife or gentleman; Central Park West. Telephone 2975 River.

ONE suite, with distinctive and refined appointments, for rent in exclusive home. Telephone 729 Riverside.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 695, (145th.)—Attractive outside room; pleasant, permanent home; adult family; accessible. Apartment 56.

East Side.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Elegant heated room, parlor, suitable for studio, doctor's office; board optional.

32D ST., 19 EAST.
Large, handsome rooms; private bath; restaurant attached; hotel service.

55TH ST., 207 EAST—Large, elegantly furnished, well-heated front parlor; reasonable; private house.

62D ST., 100 EAST, (Corner Park Av.)—Front parlor, large room; bath, running water, steam heat; telephone.

68TH, 253 EAST—Furnished room to let with private family; all conveniences. Chas. Atter.

158TH ST., 80 EAST.—Large, elegant front room; select house; strictly private family; comforts; references.

A.—CLOSE VICINITY GRAMERCY PARK, 6 Lexington Av.—Large, handsome, sunny room, dressing room, bath; suitable for couple or gentleman; $80 monthly; strictly first-class; also single room, $15 monthly; convenient Subway, surface lines; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 695, Near 56th St.—Quiet, comfortable, scrupulously clean accommodations; exceptional house and rooms; reasonable rates permanents; references; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 72d.—Attractive rooms, kitchenette; steam heat, electricity, telephone; $5-$15.

Brooklyn.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge. 3 Montague Terrace.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMFORTABLE heated room, running water, use of bath and telephone; near to Grand Central and Lenox Subway stations at 125th St.; not over $4 per week; references given. Address R 117 Times, Times Square.

GENTLEMAN desires furnished room, with table board; private family preferred; location must be within ten blocks of 59th St., west side; willing to pay $12-$14 per week. T 94 Times, Times Square.

TWO GENTLEMEN desire rooms, connecting, south of 23d St.; expect to pay about $15 a week. J 142 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

$5,000 per year income on cash investment of $2,080 in orange and grapefruit irchards; we plant and cultivate; send for information. Buena Vista Fruit Co., 160 Broadway.

Well-established machine shop, equipped with light machinery; must be sold AT ONCE; will sacrifice for half value of machinery. T. N. Simmons, 12 East 42d St.

Bills discounted, businesses financed; money against security; companies organized; partners procured. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Fac-simile typewritten letters at $2 first thousand, $1 each additional; high-class work, prompt service. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748 Cort.

Have invented certain new articles, (useful toys and noveities;) will sell. R. Feidra, Professional Inventor, 1 Palisade Av., West Hoboken, N. J.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 142 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

MOTION PICTURE THEATRE, established 5 years; seats 200; full running order; big profits; after 5 P. M. Manager, 77 West 125th.

Fast-growing grocery; did $800 more business November, December than previous years; investigate; reasonable. Room 108, 96 Warren.

OFFICE AND RECEPTION ROOM, suitable for doctor; newly furnished; all conveniences; references. 74 West 82d St.

For quick sale; small, paying job printing business; will sell at less than half insurance on plant. 32 East 23d St.

Laundry with machines; $178 work weekly; excellent opportunity; $1,500 cash. T 76 Times, Times Square.

Will buy contents houses, apartments, hotels, books, pianos. 560 Stuyvesant. Barnes, 88 University Place.

Home, easy income; little capital required; rooming house, fully occupied. Ludlow, 10 East 42d St.

MONEY LOANED TO INVENTORS TO PATENT GOOD ideas. John Wedderburn, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

AN OLD, well-known factory of crayon colors, sending salesmen regularly over the entire Austrian Empire, and well acquainted among the stationery, novelty, paint, and

STRIKE FUNDS LOW; ARBITRATION FAILS

Shirtwaist Makers in Need as Employers Reject State Board's Settlement Plan.

MISS MORGAN CRITICISED

Not Qualified to Judge the Issues, Says Morris Hillquit, Resenting Her Attack on Socialists.

The belief of the Committee of the State Board of Arbitration on Monday night that the Associated Waist Dress Manufacturers would be willing to send a committee to confer with a committee of the striking waistmakers and the board to define exactly what the open and closed shop meant proved to be unfounded. While neither the employers nor the members of the board would let the letter of the employers in reply to the offer be seen, it was stated on behalf of the association that the offer had been respectfully declined.

Chairman Simon of the Executive Committee of the employers said last evening that it was utterly useless to make any more attempts at arbitration. The association had decided absolutely to have no more conferences with the strikers.

Notwithstanding this a conference between John Lundrigan and Michael J. Reagan of the State board and a committee representing the striking waistmakers was arranged, to take place this afternoon at 114 East Twenty-eighth Street to get the views of the strikers as to the meaning of the closed and open shop. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont and Miss Anne Morgan will attend the conference.

In a statement given out yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Eva McDonald Valesh on behalf of the strikers, she said that at the office of Solomon Schindler, the strike leader, in Clinton Hall, he had shown her agreements made by members of Associated Waist and Dress Manufacturers. These manufacturers, she said, professed in public to be employing the waistmakers on the open-shop plan, and were still members of the association, yet they had practically recognized the union.

Strikers' Funds at Low Ebb.

She also said that the treasury of the union was empty, and that $2,500 a day was required for the strikers who were in need. About $1,500 a day had been subscribed.

Samuel Fleischman, attorney for the Associated Waist and Dress Manufacturers, said last night that he did not believe any member made an agreement with the union and afterward kept up membership in the association. This maker will be investigated.

It was announced that performances will be given for about a week in the New Amsterdam Theatre beginning on Friday, the strikers to get one-half of the proceeds of the tickets they sell for the performances. A mass meeting in aid of the strikers is also to be held at this theatre on Friday.

Miles M. Dawson and other lawyers for the strikers began preparations yesterday for instituting a suit in behalf of the first picket who, it is alleged, was injured while doing picket duty by a representative of a shirtwaist firm. It was admitted that this was after she had called a strikebreaker a scab.

Hillquit Answers Miss Morgan.

Morris Hillquit, the lawyer, who was one of the speakers at the strikers' mass meeting at Carnegie Hall on Sunday, issued a reply yesterday to Miss Anne Morgan's criticism on the address which he delivered there.

"In connection with the recent protest meeting of the striking shirtwaist makers," he said, "Miss Morgan has seen fit to issue a statement to the press in which she charges that I had taken advantage of the occasion to preach the 'fanatical doctrines of Socialism.'

"Miss Morgan is entirely in error about the tenor of my address and apparently ill-informed on the doctrines of Socialism. While I have no reason and no desire to conceal my Socialistic views, I did not speak at the Carnegie Hall meeting as a Socialist, and did not once mention the subject of Socialism, directly or inferentially.

"Miss Leonora O'Reilly, who is jointly indicted with me, and I described the conditions of the girls on strike, without bitterness or exaggeration, and if this description shocked some kind-hearted ladies of the more fortunate spheres of life, they must blame the conditions described, and not Socialism.

Not Qualified to Judge.

"Altogether I am inclined to think that Miss Morgan's active connection with the labor movement is as yet of too recent date to qualify her as a judge of the manner and methods in which its struggles should be conducted, and I, on my part, deplore her untimely and uncalled-for stricture.

"In this strike all supporters and sympathizers of the struggling shirtwaist makers, Socialists, trades unionists, settlement workers, suffragettes, and good people generally, have been working together harmoniously with the sole aim in view—to help the striking girls to victory. The movement has been entirely free from partisan politics or controversies, and the attempt to introduce such controversies while the struggle is still in progress is, to say the least, rather injudicious."

Magistrate House's Attitude.

In yesterday's reports of the proceedings against the shirtwaist strikers in the Night Court Magistrate House was made to say that he differed with the higher courts, including Judge Rosalsky of General Sessions, regarding the legal right of strikers to have pickets.

This was a misrepresentation of Magistrate House's position. In discussing the question of disorderly conduct the Magistrate referred to two cases quoted in The Law Journal, one an opinion by Judge Rosalsky and the other an opinion from the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Both of these opinions held that any conduct tending to create a breach of the peace was disorderly conduct. Magistrate House said that was the law as he understood it, and added that in his opinion the whole difficulty with the strike cases was that the higher courts had held that the strikers had the right to employ pickets, so long as those pickers caused no disorder, for the reason that his observation had convinced him that the employment of pickets almost always resulted in disorder.

Mrs Morton's Sable Lost at the Opera.

Mrs. Paul Morton is trying, through THE TIMES Lost and Found column today, to recover her sable neck piece, lost on Monday night at the Metropolitan Opera House. She offers a reward for its return to her home, 844 Fifth Avenue.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:20	202 E. 109th St.; F. Vinzozza	$300
7:45	541-545 W. 34th St.; Gledhill Wall Paper Co.	None
3:00	302 E. 101st St.; Jos. Rossman	None
4:30	882 Columbus Av.; Victor Dagoris	$70
7:45	2,504 Webster Av.; W. Smith	Slight
10:15	256 W. 84th St.; E. R. Lee	Trifling
10:15	179 E. 101st St.; L. Dierenbaum	$50
11:30	87 Jackson St.; owner unknown	Slight
P. M.		
12:01	156 W. 07th St.; Mrs. Fisher	$25
12:50	83 Allen St.; David Valosse	$200
1:00	252d St. and Independence Av.; Geo. Eldredge	$50
1:15	236th St., w. of Albany Road; C. B. Hebble	$5,000
1:55	412 E. 74th St.; unknown	Trifling
2:15	31 Grove St.; Annie Miller	$25
2:25	424 Broadway; Mixley & Co.	$15
2:40	24 Rose St.; John Shea	$5
3:28	488 E. 74th St.; Elsie Tomke	$20
3:30	12 W. 99th St.; Miss Bartlett	Trifling
3:50	540 W. 53d St.; Lizzie Smith	$25
7:40	79 W. 94th St.; Emma Lobberger	Trifling
7:55	530 Broadway; Steinhill Bros.	None
8:—-	17 Rector St.; unknown	$10
8:—-	222 East 150th St.; Rudolph Holz	$100
8:15	238 East 121st St.; J. Greenbaum	$10
10:05	161 William St.; Harry Bambridge	Unknown
10:05	297 Pearl St.; New York Consolidated Drug Company	Trifling
10:35	576 Broadway; Krouse & Tyberg	None

If you want a select Boarding House see Page 12.

GOV. FORT'S LUNCHEON.

Denial That the Entertainment of Legislators Was Anything but His.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 4.—Gov. Fort was incensed this morning by a statement in The Newark Star and one or two New York papers, printed as a dispatch from Lakewood, coupling the Governor's visit to that resort with the Preventorium matter, and alleging that the Governor was to be a guest of the Laurel House, and that his luncheon to members of the Legislature was given by the Laurel House with the Governor as the chief guest.

"Every line in that was false and malicious," said the Governor. He added that, so far as he knew, not a soul at Lakewood nor anywhere else had suggested entertaining him in any way; that the luncheon he was giving was in accordance with his usual custom, and that no one else had anything to do with it.

BOY OF SIX HIS OWN RESCUER.

Safe While His Friends Search for His Body Under the Ice.

Special to The New York Times.

GLEN GARDNER, N. J., Jan. 4.—While fifty people assembled on the town skating pond to-day to get the dead body of 6-year-old Jimmie Todd out from under the ice, into which he had slid while sliding with three companions, Jimmie, alive but shivering, was huddled over the stove at the Glen Gardner sawmill, where his father works. Several holes had been dug in the ice before the agitated searchers learned that their efforts were not needed.

Jimmie crashed through suddenly in the height of the fun, and the other lads were so scared that they ran for help at once, without stopping to see what they could do for the unfortunate youngster. While they were spreading the alarm Jimmie decided he couldn't wait for them and saved himself. He had reached the mill before his would-be rescuers hove in sight.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus Among the Passengers Sailing To-day on Cedric.

Some of the passengers sailing to-day for European ports are:

CEDRIC (Naples)—Prof. and Mrs. Alexander Agassiz, Mrs. C. L. Addison, the Rev. Dr. Joseph T. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. William Babcock, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Barclay, Jr., George P. Bassett, Mrs. L. H. Biglow, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, Mrs. John Crawford Burns, F. C. Calverly, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Chapman, Dr. T. H. Crotty, J. W. Daniels, Mrs. C. A. R. Durant, Mrs. Emler Ebling, Mr. and Mrs. George L. Fish, Countess de Frankenstein, Mrs. Frank Gordon, Miss Margaret Hastings, Mrs. Arthur Hill, J. S. Keynard, Richard L. Lovell, Mr. and Mrs. Mynant Vanderpool, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Tyler, Samuel Morrill, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Mulqueen, Mr. and Mrs. David Williams, Charles E. Miller, Capt. H. T. Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, A. H. Straus, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Roberts, Mrs. C. M. Raymond, James M. Ripley, Dr. G. R. Radmore, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Scovill, Miss M. W. Sloane, Miss Margaret Stebbings, Mrs. Clarence Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Swain, J. Marshall Stuart, Jr., Harold C. Stuart, Henry N. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Morgan P. Taylor, Miss Josephine Suarez, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Suarez, Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant, and Mr. and Mrs. George H. Snowden.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA (Hamburg)—George Allen, Miss Catherine Grace Allen, H. B. Asbury, Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Blum, R. H. Collis, James F. Egan, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Hanna, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Henry, Mrs. Frances Nellis, Dr. L. H. Newburgh, Mrs. J. C. Osgood, Miss Dora Pope, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Plunkett, Mr. and Mrs. Al. Hayman, Frank C. Hoyt, Capt. S. F. Siler, Mrs. C. West, Miss Teresa Thompson, Mrs. Frances Taft, Mrs. O. E. Taft, Miss Florence Taft, Mrs. George Law Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Russell, Georges Robinet, Benjamin Robbins, Herman P. Tapre, Miss Carmen Lindo, L. R. Moore, P. Perry Mills, Abraham Erlanger, Milton S. Erlanger, Mrs. Leopold Cahn, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Burstall, Miss Nellie Baker, Dr. Richard H. Harte, Mr. and Mrs. Julian S. Myrick, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Maman, and Alfred G. Vanderbilt.

UMBRIA (Liverpool)—A. Ross Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Gibbs, Charles H. Leach, H. H. S. Nortacote, J. D. Simpson, Robert E. Speer, John Hoover, Hubert Gillespie, R. L. Farden, H. Demerals, W. K. Burnett, and G. W. Kitchring.

VADERLAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. J. A. Dole, Dr. Louis Schwartz, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Breeman, Mrs. Lucy Catlin, Mr. and Mrs. M. Watteew, Paul Schaff, the Rev. Amedee Louis Buytaert, L. W. Urban, Walter Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Laurent, and Mrs. Rosa Burkhard.

Among those who arrived yesterday were:

CALEDONIA (Glasgow)—William Anderson, Archibald Campbell, William Brand, Miss Jeanie Brown, William S. Findlay, Miss Agnes Connolly, Miss Mary J. Benison, Miss Christina Nicoll, John Hunter, William D. Kay, Miss Catherine Kellie, Miss Isa Hamilton, and the Rev. W. L. Porter.

Mgr. Joseph M. Flynn Stricken.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Jan. 4.—Mgr. Joseph M. Flynn of the Church of the Assumption was stricken with paralysis this noon at the parish house. Father Flynn had just finished a talk to the students in the Bayley Grammar School, and on returning to the house sank into a chair. Dr. Clifford Mills was called and at first feared the Monsignor was dying. He rallied and is said to-night to be resting comfortably. The Monsignor is about 65 years old and well known in New Jersey. He is the author of several books.

Dramatists Club's Social Afternoon.

The first of the social afternoons of the American Dramatists and Composers Club was held at the new club rooms, 1,451 Broadway, last Monday. Among those present were Mrs. Bronson Howard, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Martha Morton Conheim, Mrs. Margaret Mayo Selwyn, Mrs. Rida Johnson Young, Rachel Crothers, Mrs. Charles E. Doremus, Mrs. Marion Fairfax Marshall, Kate Jordan, Mrs. Parker, Miss Kaplan, Mrs. Charles Klein, Victor Herbert, Charles Klein, Joseph I. C. Clarke, Winchell Smith, Lee Dodd, Paul Harris, Doré Davidson, Harry P. Mawson, and John J. McCloskey. The Bronson Howard Library, bequeathed to the club, is now installed and is much used by the members of the club.

Women's Trade Union League Meeting

A mass meeting of the Women's Trade Union League will be held at the New Amsterdam Theatre next Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, in connection with the strike of the shirtwaist makers. The use of the theatre has been tendered by Klaw & Erlanger for this purpose. At the meeting means for disposing of tickets to performances of "The Barrier" at this theatre will be discussed. The managers of the play have agreed to give 50 per cent. of the proceeds of all tickets sold by members of the union, for all of the performances of the play during its three weeks' run at the New Amsterdam.

SHERIFF QUINN OUT TO SAVE FITZGERALD

Plan to Retire the Congressman for Aiding Speaker Cannon Blocked in Kings.

CLARK AND BRYAN DEFIED

Democratic National Leaders Who Count Brooklyn Representative Out of Fold May Have to Keep Him.

A local political deal which Brooklyn politicians seem to regard as having something of a National bearing, as affecting the Democracy in Congress, is that by which Representative John J. Fitzgerald appears to be assured of a renomination this Fall. By many of the men of politics in the borough the affair is viewed as amounting to defiance of William Jennings Bryan and Champ Clark, Democratic leader of the House, and other Southern and Western leaders of the party who do not look upon Mr. Fitzgerald as being a real, Simon-pure Democrat any more, because he sided with Speaker Cannon in the fight over the House rules.

It is Patrick H. Quinn, the new Sheriff of Kings County, who has apparently made certain a renomination to Mr. Fitzgerald, and it is generally understood that his action has not been repudiated by the county organization. At least the county leader, John H. McCooey, has not openly expressed any disapproval of the deal. With the organization and Mr. McCooey it seems to be a case of "Hobson's choice." Because of the strength of his political position as Sheriff, and with the county organization in a bad way as to patronage, no one familiar with the situation can see how Quinn could have been restrained from making the return of Fitzgerald to Congress practically certain.

Mr. Quinn is said to have used the patronage of his office to intrench his friends against any move to reject him this Fall. Ever since Mr. Fitzgerald broke with Champ Clark, deserted the Republican insurgents, and went over to the Cannon side of the House, certain Democratic leaders in Brooklyn have felt that it would be an unwise affront to the majority of the Democrats in Congress to return Fitzgerald to the House. While he has not expressed himself in the open on the subject, it has been common report that the new leader, Mr. McCooey, has not been so devoted to Congressman Fitzgerald as his predecessor, Senator McCarren, was.

If Mr. McCooey and other leaders aimed to put Fitzgerald on the political shelf, they seem to have been checkmated by Quinn. Sheriff Quinn is the leader of the First Assembly District, in which Fitzgerald lives. Roughly, the Seventh Congress District, which Fitzgerald represents, is made up of the First, Second, Third, and Eighth Assembly Districts. Quinn is leader of the First, John J. Bridges the second, James Kane the Third, and J. Morrissey Gray the Eighth. With McCarren gone, Quinn realized that he alone could not insure a renomination of Fitzgerald. There are still many thousands of Bryan men in Brooklyn, and many of them live in the Seventh Congress District. The course of Congressman Fitzgerald in the fight on rules was criticised by several of the strongest Democratic associations in the district.

Mr. Quinn is said to have had reason to fear that Leaders Bridges and Gray would be against the renomination of Fitzgerald. As soon as he was elected Sheriff he set about satisfying this feared opposition. What is looked upon as evidence of the fact that he has succeeded is that both Bridges and Gray have accepted important places in the Sheriff's office. Gray has been made Under Sheriff at $6,000 a year and Bridges Warden of the jail at $3,000 a year. With a decidedly lean outlook for patronage, they accepted the appointments eagerly, and their acceptance is taken to mean that they will act with Quinn in the Congress district.

BIG PLAN FOR LONG BRANCH.

New Concern Would Spend $1,000,000 on Amusement Buildings.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Jan. 4.—Among the proposals before the City Council for 1910 is the plan to lease the City Park as a playground to a body of capitalists, who have planned to expend $1,000,000 in a double-deck pier, extending 850 feet to sea; a convention hall, seating 10,000 persons; a theatre and swimming pool, besides a 400-room hotel.

All but the hotel are to be built on the city property. The hotel will be erected on the United States Hotel land, which has been purchased. The principal stockholders of the new company are James C. Ewing and W. S. Mason of Pittsburg, Penn., and Francis C. Baird of Spring Lake. The company offers the city $3,000 annually for two years, with 5 per cent. of the gross receipts the next eight years and 10 per cent. of the gross receipts for the other ten years. It agrees to purchase the park for $200,000 any time within the life of the franchise.

SAILORS BEATEN, THEY SAY.

Lascars Complain Against the Skipper and Mate of a German Ship.

Three penniless, ill-clad Lascar sailors appealed to the British Consul yesterday for protection against the Captain and first mate of the German steamship Cottontown, on which they sailed fifty days ago from Salona in the East Indian Islands. The vessel had just arrived here.

The men said they had been kicked and cuffed about in the most inhuman manner during the whole voyage, and could not get any pay or clothing. On account of its being a German ship the British Consul referred the matter to the German Consul, who has ordered Charles Maselius, the master of the vessel, to appear before him to-day.

MAURETANIA'S NEW SKIPPER.

Capt. Turner Transferred from the Lusitania—Other Cunard Changes.

According to news received yesterday from Liverpool the Cunard Line Directors have decided to give the command of the Mauretania to Capt. Turner and put Capt. Charles on the Lusitania. The reason given is that Capt. Turner has done so well with the Lusitania and is senior to Capt. Charles and therefore entitled to have the fastest ship.

Capt. Turner will bring the Lusitania out on her next voyage from Liverpool on Saturday, and on her return he will take out the Mauretania, sailing on Jan. 29, while the Lusitania will lay up three weeks to be overhauled.

Capt. Warr, who, with his officers and crew, had to make a quick change from the Campania to the Umbria in Liverpool on his last voyage, will have to do the same again on his arrival at the home port. If the weather is very bad the Umbria may not arrive until Friday, and the Captain and his crew will have to change again into the Campania, which sails at 5 P. M. on Saturday.

Capt. Warr, who is now the Commodore of the Cunard Line, has never had an accident in his long career, and it is only on account of the new age limit of 60 governing Captains on the two express ships that he does not go to the Mauretania.

BLAMES US FOR REBELLION.

Nicaraguan Minister Attacks Americans—Zelaya's Orders for Executions Shown.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Jan. 4.—Minister General Baca, speaking to-night at a banquet given in honor of Gen. Irias, at which President Madriz was present, said:

Everything against which the revolutionists rose up the Government of President Madriz has corrected. They have no pretext left for continuing the war, yet they have not put down their arms. I regret that their course is receiving encouragement in some quarters. Only yesterday the inhabitants of Granada groveled at the feet of minor officers of the United States, kissing the boots of mere coal passers.

President Madriz, in an interview today, admitted the possibility of his being compelled to use force, in the event of the conciliatory methods now employed by the Government failing to restore peace.

Gen. Medina of the Government forces to-day made public letters and telegrams in substantiation of the claim that Gen. Toledo and he did all in their power to prevent the execution of Groce and Cannon, the Americans, decreed by President Zelaya.

He produced the original copy of two telegrams received from Zelaya the day before the execution, in which he was ordered to enforce the death penalty. Another telegram received by him from Zelaya on the day after Groce and Cannon had been shot reads:

I acknowledge your notification of the execution, and rejoice that the requirements of the law have been complied with.

Gen. Medina also made public a telegram received by him from the Director of Telegraphs, which indicated that Zelaya had attempted to prevent Groce and Cannon communicating with the United States Consul.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 4.—José Santos Zelaya to-day strongly denied that Groce and Cannon were forbidden to communicate with the American Consul, as asserted by Gen. Medina. He said:

Contrary to the law and the custom in such cases, Groce and Cannon were allowed to communicate with the American Consul, Mr. Caldera, in Managua. Consul Caldera will bear me out in this.

It is true that Gen. Medina appealed to me to save them on the ground that they were brother Masons, and Gen. Toledo objected to the executions on the grounds of policy; but inasmuch as the men were convicted in accordance with the Nicaraguan laws and by a competent tribunal I did not deem it wise to set aside the verdict.

NORD ALEXIS MAY RETURN.

President Simon of Haiti Willing to Welcome the Deposed Ruler.

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Jan. 4.—President Simon, to whom the Government officials and people paid their respects to-day on the occasion of the anniversary of the independence of Haiti, announced that he would authorize the return to Haiti of Gen. Nord Alexis, the former President.

In making this announcement, Gen. Simon said that as Nord Alexis had been chief of the State, he merited the respect of all his fellow-citizens. This generosity on the part of President Simon is unique in the history of Haiti.

Gen. Nord Alexis, who was deposed from the Presidency on Dec. 21, 1901, is at present living at Kingston, Jamaica. Recent reports indicate that his health is failing.

DUST EXPLODES, KILLS THREE

Nine Others Badly Burned, and a Part of Buffalo Cereal Plant Destroyed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 4.—Three workmen were killed and nine were badly burned in an explosion and fire which destroyed a part of the plant of the Buffalo Cereal Company to-night. The explosion occurred in the yellow corn mill. A concrete and brick elevator 140 feet high adjoining it was shattered by the explosion, and fell through the roof of the mill. Of the twelve men employed in the elevator not one escaped injury.

The explosion is believed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion in the grain dust. The rapid spread of the flames made the work of rescuing the unconscious and injured men perilous for the other employes and the firemen. At the hospital it was said that eight of the injured men have but slight chances for recovery. The elevator and yellow corn mill were entirely destroyed. Fire walls saved the remainder of the plant. The loss is $75,000.

ACCUSES BROTHERS OF FRAUD.

Dawson Hoopes Declares His Brothers Try to Freeze Him Out of Company.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 4.—Alleging that his two brothers, Clement R. Hoopes and Barton Hoopes, Jr., have conspired for some years to deprive him of valuable stock in the concern of Hoopes & Townsend, Dawson Hoopes of Philadelphia has begun suit in the Court of Chancery here to have accumulated surpluses of the concern distributed in the form of dividends.

He says that the concern has made $200,000 dividends during the past six years, and that only $4 a share has been distributed. This he asserts is part of a plot to exhaust his resources so that he will be glad to sell his stock.

Hoopes further charges that his wife is in collusion with his brothers, and that the three wrung from him an agreement to let the brothers, as trustees, pay $2,500 annually out of his stock earnings to his wife. It was also agreed that in case the stock did not yield that amount the trustees would be authorized to sell as much of his stock to the company as would produce the remaining part of the $2,500 annually. This he wants abrogated.

Through manipulation of the stock, the erection of costly plants, and extravagant management of the whole business, Hoopes alleges, his brothers have kept the stock earnings low till he is forced to make this move or be frozen out of the company.

Spiller to Appeal to Knox.

William Spiller, the American who was expelled from Panama by the Panamanian Government for running laborers from Colon to Brazil, will arrive in New York to-day by the Royal Mail Steam Packet Thames. He intends to go at once to Washington to request the Secretary of State to take up his case.

In order to facilitate the settlement of the estate of the late Mr. J. P. Howard

Howard & Co

offer for a limited time, their magnificent stock of

Diamond Jewelry, Pearl Necklaces
Antique and Modern Silver
Gold Jewelry

at a uniform reduction of 20%

Fifth Avenue and Forty-Seventh St.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED

how much money you can save if you take advantage of our Remnant Sale. Suits to measure, $18. Winter Overcoats, $20. Fancy silk Vestings and Trouserings, $5. When we sacrifice, we do not consider former prices.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

SELLING OUT
LAST DAYS!! LAST DAYS!!
Old Established High-Grade Men's
CLOTHING and FURNISHING SHOP
38 NEW ST., One Block Below Wall.
Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At ½ Former Prices
$20 Suit or Overcoat, $10
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $12.50.
$30 SUIT or OVERCOAT (Silk Lined) $15
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $50.
Fur lined Overcoats, English Slip-ons, Trousers, Vests, and complete lines of Furnishings, ALL AT ½ FORMER PRICES.
YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST.,
Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Tannhauser, Mmes. Osborn-Hannah (debut), Fremstad; MM. Jorn, Whitehill, Hinckley, Hall, Muhlmann. Cond., Herts.
Thurs. Eve., Otello. Mmes. Alda, Wickham; MM. Slezak, Amato, de Segurola, Audisio, Bada, Reschiglian. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Eve., La Gioconda. Sat. Aft'n at 1:30, Die Walkuere. Sat. Eve., Madama Butterfly.
Sunday Eve., RACHMANINOFF
50c. to $2.50.
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Eve., La Boheme. Thurs. Eve., Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci; Mmes. Destinn, Noria, Maubourg; MM. Caruso, Martin, Amato, Gilly, Bada. Cond., Podesti.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Thurs. Mat., Pagliacci. Mme. Noria; MM. Martin, Forsell, Reiss, Gilly. Cond., Podesti. Histoire d'un Pierrot (Pantomime). Fri. Eve., Don Pasquale. Mme. de Pasquali; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Tango, and Histoire d'un Pierrot.
NEXT WEEK: Tues. Eve., Fra Diavolo.
WEBER PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 8.
MME. **LIZA LEHMANN**
The CELEBRATED COMPOSER
(First Appearance in America)
and the following quartet of eminent soloists:
Mme. Jomelli
PALGRAVE TURNER (first appearance in America); DAN BEDDOE, FREDERICK HASTINGS,
"In a Persian Garden"
and a miscellaneous program with Master ALBERT HOLE, the inimitable Boy Soprano, in Mme. LEHMANN'S CHILDREN SONGS.
Seats 50c to $2. Box Office, Mgt. R. E. Johnston

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Mat. To-day 50c. to $1.50.
THIRD MONTH. **SEVEN DAYS**

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50.
"Society is corrupt and useless—Just like a pampered lap-dog."
A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE RICH.

THE BELASCO STUYVESANT DAVID BELASCO presents **THE LILY** 44 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.

BELASCO THEATRE. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. LAST 4 WEEKS
IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Evs. 8:15. Good Res'v'd Seats 50c. David Belasco presents—Last Week
Frances Starr in THE EASIEST WAY
Play by Eugene Walter. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2.
N'xt W'k **May Robson** The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary

ICE HOCKEY Princeton vs. Cornell | To-night at 8:15
St. Nicholas Rink, 66th St. & Columbus Av.

GRAND Mat. To-day 25c.-50c. **THE LOVE CURE**

THE CRAZE OF PARIS
First Time in New York
BAL TABARIN
MASQUERADE
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Thurs. Jan. 13.
TICKETS $2
Seats and Boxes on Sale at Tyson's, McBride's, and N. Y. Theatre Ticket Library, 212 W. 42d St. ('Phone 474 Bryant), also 25 Broad St.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Xmas Dream Prof. Struck-Herrman Novelty Co.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8900 Col.
To-day at 2:30, Sheldon's.....The Nigger
To-night at 8:30, Sheldon's.....The Nigger
Thurs. Mat., 2, (opera) Pagliacci and Pantomime.....Histoire d'un Pierrot
Thurs. Eve., 8:30, Besler's.....Don
Fri. Eve., (opera).....Don Pasquale and Pantomime.....Histoire d'un Pierrot
Sat. Mat., 2:30, Besler's.....Don
Sat. Eve., 8:30, Sheldon's.....The Nigger
NEXT WEEK:
Mon. Eve., 8:15.....The School for Scandal
Tues. Eve., 8, (opera).....Fra Diavolo
Wed. Mat., 2.....Opera
Wed. Eve., 8:30, Besler's.....Don
Thurs. Mat., 2:30, Sheldon's.....The Nigger
Thurs. Eve., 8:30, Besler's.....Don
Fri. Eve., 8:30, Sheldon's.....The Nigger
Sat. Mat., 2:15.....The School for Scandal
Sat. Eve., 8:15.....The School for Scandal
Seats for two weeks in advance reserved by mail, telephone or telegraph for ANY performance. Drama, $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits
HIPPODROME
Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8, 25c to $1.50
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:30.
LAURENCE IRVING and MABEL HACKNEY
in THE AFFINITY (The Incubus.)
A Paris—London—New York Laugh.
HERALD—"Gives warm reception to 'The Affinity.' New York receives Mr. Irving and Miss Hackney favorably in their new play."
Hamer, AMERICAN—"A success. Delighted an ultra-fashionable audience."
WORLD—"Brings only laughs. Irving-Hackney score success."
BROADWAY Thurs. B'way & 41st St. TO-MORROW NIGHT
The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
HACKETT Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow.
Last 6 Times Thurs. Jan. 13, Andrew Mack Dustin Farnum-Cameo Kirby in The Prince of Sobemia. Seats To-morrow.
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30.
FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Last week. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY
MON., JAN. 10 MARGUERITE CLARK with WILLIAM NORRIS in THE KING OF CADONIA. Seats on sale Tom'w
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
THE MIDNIGHT SONS

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
GRAND OPERA SEASON, 1909-10.
To-night at 8, LUCIA; Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc. Fri., FAUST, (instead of "Griselidis," postponed.) Miss Mary Garden, Mlles. Taty-Lange, Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Villa, Scott; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Aft., THAIS; Miss Garden, M. Renaud. Sat. Night (Pop. Pr.,) TROVATORE; Mme. Grippon, Mlle. D'Alvarez, MM. Zerola, Sammarco.
—NEXT WEEK—
SUNDAY, 8:35, GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT.
Mon., AIDA, Mmes. Mazarin, Doria, MM. Zerola, Sammarco, Vallier; Cond., M. Anselmi. Wed., CARMEN, Mmes. Mazarin, Walter-Villa, Trentini, Duchene, MM. Lucas, Laskin, Nicolay, Daddi; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Fri., BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, MM. Duffault, Polese, Huberdeau, Daddi, Fossetta; Cond., M. Anselmi. Sat. Aft., TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, Duchene; MM. Dalmores, Renaud, Gilibert, Daddi; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Eve., (pop. prices,) Double bill, CAVALLERIA, Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Gentle, Severina, MM. Lucas, Crabbe; PAGLIACCI, Mme. Walter-Villa, MM. Zerola, Sammarco, Crabbe, Venturini; Cond., M. Anselmi.
Next Week's Sale opens Thurs., 9 A. M.
SPECIAL—ELEKTRA, Tues., Jan. 25. Prices for Elektra, $10 to $2.50. Seats Selling.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCITY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER
Conductor.
To-m'w Evg. at 8:15 and Friday Aft. at 2:30
Fourth Concerts of the First Series.
Soloist **BUSONI** Piano
His First Appearance This Season.
Berlioz, Symphony Fantastique; Schubert-Liszt, Fantasy, "Der Wanderer"; Wagner, Prelude, "Die Meistersinger."
Seats 25 cents to $3. Boxes $12, $15 and $18.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.
First 1910 Derby
With low crown and flattish brim, 2.00
In beautiful new browns. Soft Hats were never prettier.
"Furry" Alpines, 1.00 to 4.50
Velour Alpines, 5.00, elsewhere 6.00
The "Rodel" Auto Cap, 1.50
Four caps in one (Imported)

JERICHO AUTO-HORN
FOR EFFICIENCY, BEAUTY OF TONE AND PRICE IT BEATS THE WORLD

Safety Razor Blades 2½ Cents Each.
All kinds resharpened better than new. Mail them to us to-night. Work guaranteed. RE-SHARPENING CO., 39 LIBERTY ST.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings).
1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
Sale of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits Continued
LARGE Sales last week, of course, for the extra values offered by this sale are most unusual.
Despite the fact, last week's business has left us with wonderful selections for you to choose from.

Suits formerly $45 and $50, now	$35.
Suits formerly $40, now	$30.
Suits formerly $35 and $38, now	$25.
Suits formerly $25, $28 and $30, now	$19.50.
Suits formerly $18, $20 and $22.50, now	$16.50.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. LA